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November 13, 2017

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Novi, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Novi, Michigan (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit, which is divided into the following sections:

Section I - Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit

Section II - Required Communications with Those Charged with Governance

Section III - Other Recommendations and Related Information

Section IV - Legislative and Informational Items

Section I includes any deficiencies we observed in the City's accounting principles or internal control that we believe are significant. Current auditing standards require us to formally communicate annually matters we note about the City's accounting policies and internal control.

Section II includes information that current auditing standards require independent auditors to communicate to those individuals charged with governance. We will report this information annually to the mayor and members of the City Council.

Section III presents recommendations related to internal control, procedures, and other matters noted during our current year audit. These comments are offered in the interest of helping the City in its efforts toward continuous improvement, not just in the areas of internal control and accounting procedures, but also in operational or administrative efficiency and effectiveness.

Section IV contains updated legislative and informational items that we believe will be of interest to you.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank the City's staff for the cooperation and courtesy extended to us during our audit. Their assistance and professionalism are invaluable.

This report is intended solely for the use by the mayor, members of the City Council, and management of the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Novi, Michigan

We welcome any questions you may have regarding the following communications and we would be willing to discuss any of these or other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

Plante & Moran, PLLC

Martin J. Olejnik, CPA

Alisha M. Watkins, CPA

alisha M Watkins

Section I - Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

We consider the following deficiency in the City's internal control to be a material weakness:

The City did not have an appropriate process in place to identify, accumulate, record, and review certain accounting entries related to the full accrual (government-wide) entries prior to their posting. This resulted in an audit adjustment related to capital assets and the pension liability. We recommend that the City implement a process to ensure the underlying accounting activity is properly reviewed for accuracy.

Section II - Required Communications with Those Charged with Governance

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated August 7, 2017, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities. Our responsibility is to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the City. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures specifically to identify such matters.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our letter regarding planning matters dated August 7, 2017.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended June 30, 2017.

We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements include the liability and expense associated with pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB), as well as the Oakland County chargeback liability for uncollectible property taxes.

Section II - Required Communications with Those Charged with Governance (Continued)

Management's estimates of the pension liability and related expense and long-term cost of retiree healthcare benefits are based on discount rates, rate of return, and other assumptions, which are used by an actuary to calculate the total pension and retiree healthcare liabilities. While the actuary uses the assumptions to calculate the total pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities, it is management's responsibility to assess whether the assumptions made are reasonable. We evaluated the key assumptions used to calculate the liabilities in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The City estimates that 75 percent of the real taxes turned over to Oakland County for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2017 will be collected by the county and the other 25 percent will be charged back to the City. We obtained support from the Oakland County Treasurer's Office and evaluated the amount of delinquent taxes still outstanding in determining that the estimate is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Disagreements with Management

For the purpose of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. We identified correcting entries related to capital assets and the net pension liability on the government-wide statements. Management has corrected all such misstatements relating to the capitalization of capital assets and GASB 68 journal entries.

Significant Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, business conditions affecting the City, and business plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement with management each year prior to our retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition of our retention.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 13, 2017.

Section II - Required Communications with Those Charged with Governance (Continued)

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

Our responsibility for other information in documents containing the entity's financial statements and report does not extend beyond the financial statements. We do not have an obligation to determine whether or not such other information is properly stated. However, we read the introductory and statistical sections of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that such information, or its manner of presentation, is materially inconsistent with the information or manner of its presentation appearing in the financial statements.

Section III - Other Recommendations and Related Information

Wire Transfers

As discussed in the prior year, the City did not require a dual approval process for wire transfers of cash for the year under audit. While there were mitigating controls in place to detect misappropriation of cash such as the controls surrounding the bank reconciliation process and the journal entry posting process, preventive controls in which the same individual could not initiate and approve a wire transfer were not in place.

We are pleased to report that subsequent to year end, dual approval controls were implemented which serve as a preventive control and prohibit the same individual from both initiating and approving a wire transfer.

Agency Fund Accounts

As noted in prior year, the City utilizes an Agency Fund to account for escrow deposits received from developers that are required as part of construction projects. The City has completed the first phase of this project, which included the reconciliation and closeout of numerous individual escrow accounts that dated back many years. The City is now into the final phase of this project which involves reconciling the BSA Building.Net reports to the general ledger. The City has been working with BSA since this module was implemented in 2010 to develop reports that reconcile to all balances on a monthly basis. It is our understanding that the City has only 11 agency accounts remaining as of June 30, 2017 that are not completely reconciled to the BSA Building.Net reports. We recommend that the City continue to work in this area in order to reconcile these accounts fully by June 30, 2018.

Section IV - Legislative and Informational Items

F65 Online Filing Now Required

Effective August 1, local units are required to submit the F65 using the electronic online format on the State of Michigan website. The State is no longer accepting Excel or hard copy submissions. This is in compliance with Section 141.424, Section 4 (3) of Public Act 2 of 1968: The state treasurer shall prescribe the forms to be used by the local units for preparation of the financial reports. This effort is an attempt to reduce errors in submission as well has house all the data in one place. Upon submission, you may receive error messages that will need to be addressed. Local units will now file the F65, audit reports, and the Qualifying Statements in the same location using only one login (user ID and password). The form can be filed at the following link: https://treas-secure.state.mi.us/LAFDeform/TL41W71.aspx

Updated Uniform Chart of Accounts

In April 2017, the State released an updated Uniform Chart of Accounts and requires local units of government to comply with the changes beginning with June 30, 2018 year ends. Local units should begin evaluating this new chart of accounts to determine what changes will be necessary and set up a plan to achieve compliance. Some accounting software vendors have already been working with some local units on an automated remapping solution to the extent needed, this could be a possible solution for some. The changes in the chart of accounts are not voluminous, but will require some review. The new chart of accounts can be found at the following link: http://www.michigan.gov/documents/uniformchart 24524 7.pdf

Legacy Costs

Legacy costs and the challenge of funding them continues to be a topic of discussion. GASB pronouncements of late have placed even more focus on the net long-term liability arising from these benefit promises. The pension system is approximately 61 percent funded as of June 30, 2017. To the extent that you have been able to make some gains in terms of your funded status, some changes to assumptions may result in the funding level decreasing which may result in higher contributions going forward.

New Other Postemployment Benefits Standards (Retiree Healthcare Obligations)

In June 2015, the GASB issued two new standards addressing accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB, which refers to retiree health care). GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans other than Pension Plans*, addresses reporting by OPEB plans whereas GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, addresses accounting and reporting by employer governments that provide OPEB benefits to their employees.

Along with the currently required statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position, OPEB plans will now be required to include in the financial statement more extensive footnote disclosures and required supplementary information related to the measurement of the OPEB liabilities for which assets have been accumulated. In addition, the City will, after adoption of GASB No. 75, recognize on the face of the financial statements its net OPEB liability (if any). The City is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted. GASB No. 74 was adopted in the current year, with GASB No. 75 following for the year ending June 30, 2018.

Section IV - Legislative and Informational Items (Continued)

New Rules Governing Management of Federal Programs

As discussed in prior years, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has issued significant reforms to the compliance requirements that must be followed by nonfederal entities receiving federal funding. All entities receiving federal dollars will need to understand the changes made as a result of these reforms and may be required to make changes to internal procedures, processes, and controls. If you have any questions pertaining to the items previously communicated to you (in prior year post audit letters), please do not hesitate to reach out to us.

New Legislation

Trunkline Cost Sharing (Public Act 459 of 2016) - This legislation was signed into law on January 4, 2017. The effective date is April 5, 2017. The act amends PA 51 of 1951. The main provision is the elimination or reduction of local cost sharing with MDOT for cities and villages of various sizes. The following sets forth the sharing provisions:

Population	Local Share	MDOT Share
50,000+	12.50%	87.50%
40,000 - 49,999	11.25%	88.75%
25,000 - 39,999	8.75%	91.25%
Less than 25,000	none	100%

The act further states that the state transportation commission and the county road commission boards may enter into agreements with townships or private persons for the improvement or widening of trunklines or county roads. The state transportation commission and road commission boards may require full or partial participation in the cost of the improvement by the requesting party, as considered appropriate.

Public Act 530 of 2016 - Additional Legacy Cost Reporting

On December 31, 2016, the governor signed Public Act 530 of 2016 which amends Public Act 314 of 1965, also known as Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act (PERSIA). This act is effective on March 29, 2017.

Under the existing act, communities were required to publish a summary annual report setting forth key information related to pension and retiree healthcare plans. The amendment requires that this summary annual report also be submitted to the Michigan Department of Treasury within 30 days of publication.

In addition, for any system (either pension or retiree health care) that is not funded at a level of at least 60 percent, the community must now post a report to its website indicating steps that are being undertaken to address the liability. In addition, this report must be submitted to the Department of Treasury within a reasonable timeframe.

The legislation calls for the Department of Treasury to accumulate all of the reports and publish a summary of funding levels throughout the state.

Section IV - Legislative and Informational Items (Continued)

Proposed Legislation

Dark Stores Update (HB 4397) - This bill was recently introduced in the House and referred to the Committee on Tax Policy. This legislation would require Tax Tribunal members to make their own independent determination and apply standard appraisal procedures when reaching their findings of facts and conclusions of law in larger property tax cases. In recent years, the MTT has used the "dark store" assessing theory even for fully functional big box retail stores. The result is much lower assessments since the property is compared to the sales of vacant structures that oftentimes have deed restrictions severely limiting their use.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Contents
Introductory Section	
Letter of Transmittal	i-iv
	oies
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	V
Organizational Charts	vi-vii
List of Principal Officials	viii
Fund Organization Chart	ix
Financial Section	
Report Letter	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-14
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	Notes (1994)
Statement of Net Position	15-16
Statement of Activities	17-18
Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	19
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	20
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures,	21
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Activities	22
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	23
Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	24 25
	23
Fiduciary Funds: Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	26
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Postemployment	20
Benefits - Retiree Health Care Benefits Trust Fund	27
Notes to Financial Statements	29.47

Contents (Continued)

Required Supplemental Information	68
Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund	69-72
Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	73
Schedule of City Contributions	74
Retiree Health Care System Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions	75
Note to Required Supplemental Information	76-77
OPEB Plan: Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of City Contributions Schedule of Investment Years	78 79 80
Other Supplemental Information	81
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Fund Descriptions Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Comparison Schedules	82-84 85-88 89-92 93-115
Agency Funds - Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	116
Component Unit - Economic Development Corporation: Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet Statement of Activities and Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	117 118
Data ices	110

Contents (Continued)

atistical Section	119-120
Financial Trend Information:	
Net Position by Component	121-122
Changes in Governmental Net Position	123-124
Changes in Business-type Net Position	125-126
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	127-128
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	129-130
Revenue Capacity Information:	
Taxable Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	131-132
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	133-13
Principal Property Taxpayers	136
Property Tax Levies and Collections	137
Debt Capacity Information:	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt	138-13
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	140
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	141
Legal Debt Margin	142-143
Pledged-revenue Coverage	144-14
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	146
Principal Employers	147
Operating Information:	
Full-time Equivalent Government Employees	148-149
Operating Indicators	150-15
Capital Asset Statistics	152-153



November 13, 2017

Honorable Mayor Robert Gatt Members of the City Council Citizens of the City of Novi, Michigan

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Novi, Michigan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This report is prepared for the purpose of disclosing the City's financial condition to its residents, elected officials, and other interested parties. The financial statements contain all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

All local units of government within the State of Michigan must comply with the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, PA 2 of 1968, as amended, which requires an annual audit of the financial records and transactions of the City by independent certified public accountants. The primary purpose of the auditing requirements of this act is to maintain the confidence of all interested parties in the integrity of the recordkeeping and financial reporting of local units of government.

Profile of the Government

The City of Novi, incorporated in 1969, is strategically located in the southwestern portion of vibrant Oakland County. Located just 30 miles northwest of downtown Detroit, the suburban City government serves approximately 60,000 residents (per the Southeast Michigan Council of Governments' December 2016 estimates, an 8.6% increase from the 2010 national census) and encompasses an area of approximately 32 square miles. Novi is considered a choice community to live and work. A dynamic, growing community, Novi offers an abundance of rolling, wooded acreage, which provides a unique natural backdrop for residential, commercial, and industrial land development. Novi is well connected to highway, rail, and air transportation routes offering outstanding accessibility to the rest of the world.

Businesses can also count on an abundance of county and regional resources or help with creating new business opportunities, securing financing, improving technological business expertise, and learning to do

CITY COUNCIL

Mayor Bob Gatt

Mayor Pro Tem Dave Staudt

Andrew Mutch

Wayne Wrobel

Laura Marie Casey

Gwen Markham

Brian Burke

City Manager Pete Auger

City Clerk Cortney Hanson

City of Novi 45175 W. Ten Mile Road Novi, Michigan 48375 248.347.0460 248.347.0577 fax

cityofnovi.org

business abroad. Novi's quality of life stems from its successful balance of residential and commercial tax base. The City's commitment to economic development has evolved to include a website (InvestNovi.org), devoted entirely to attracting new and retaining existing businesses. This site informs potential business investors and celebrates existing businesses' successes. In its effort to maintain open relationships with businesses and residents, Novi maintains a comprehensive website at cityofnovl.org.

The City of Novi operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in City Council which is presided over by the Mayor, who is elected for a two-year term. The six other Council members are elected for four-year overlapping terms. The City Manager is appointed by City Council. This official heads the administrative branch of city government and directs all city operations, projects, and programs.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including police and fire/medical protection; public services, parks, recreational and cultural activities; library; building inspection; code enforcement and planning and development. In addition to general government activities, the activities of the Economic Development Corporation are reported as a separate component unit of the City. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The City of Novi prepares budgets in accordance with the Michigan Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, PA 2 of 1968, as amended. Under the direction of the City Manager, the Finance Director prepares an initial projection of revenue for the next fiscal year. Spending priorities are then established based upon the City's financial policies and mandated requirements. Activities of the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot exceed the appropriated amount) is established by function. It takes a five-vote majority to adopt and amend the budget.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Local Economy – Standard & Poor's, which provides credit ratings and other financial analysis, affirmed the City of Novi's high quality rating on general obligation bonds as AAA in November 2015. Standard & Poor's defines an AAA rating as "being the highest possible rating and reflects the opinion that the issuer has extremely strong capacity to meet its financial commitments." This rating places Novi in an elite group of communities throughout the country. Standard & Poor's notes that "Novi has a very strong economy with a projected per capita effective buying income of 147% of the national level and per capital market value of \$124,081. A very strong management with strong financial policies and practices and a very strong budgetary flexibility with an available fund balance of \$12.0 million"

Novi is also proud of its strong economic climate and offers a diverse mix of business opportunities spanning from the automotive market like Harmon and Magna to an innovative health tech developer Delphinus and highest rated provider of on-site wellness programs Summit Health. Within the City of Novi, there are many good stories that aid in the overall quality of economic development. Some of these milestones include:

- Novi has become a hotspot for self-driving car technology. In the Haggerty Corridor Corporate Park alone, there are four businesses – Intel, Harmon, Magna, and NXP – which are spending a great deal of resources on connected car technologies. Four other Novi businesses – Google, Danlaw, Yanfeng, and Stoneridge – are heavily involved on the innovation side of technology as well.
- Daifuku, the leading provider of material handling solutions, opened its North American headquarters in Novi. The new nearly 77,000 square-foot facility boasts more than 300 employees including engineers, project managers and sales and customer service staff.
- Novi was celebrated as a "five star", top performing community for fostering entrepreneurial growth and economic development in an annual eCities program by researchers at the iLabs, University of Michigan-Dearborn's Center for Innovation Research.
- The Edward Rose and Sons 182 unit senior living facility will open this fall on the Providence-Providence Park Campus.
- Mitutoyo America opened the newest of its M3 Solution Centers in Novi in early 2017. The new 8,500 square-foot facility showcases automated measurement cell technology.

Novi remains strong with a diverse tax mix of residential, manufacturing, office, service and technology, and retail-recreational centers and continues to provide a stable environment to attract new investment within Novi. Novi remains on sound financial footing despite the prevailing tough economic conditions because of continued focus on core strategies and investments within our community that have produced sound financial results and satisfied citizen perceptions (National Citizen Survey).

Fund Balance Policy - The City follows the City Council's adopted, by resolution, fund balance/reserve policy. The policy establishes a reserve to pay for expenditures, states the City will attempt to obtain additional revenue sources to insure a balanced budget and aggressively collect revenue, establishes user charges and fees at a level to take into account the cost of providing the service, maintain a level of reserves to comply with terms and conditions of debt instruments, and review fund balance/reserves annually during the budget process. In addition, in the event the level of expenditures exceeds the estimated appropriations, the City will create a plan to replenish fund balance/reserves within three years by controlling operating expenditures, adjusting operations, and/or dedicating excess or specific revenue sources. The policy establishes a minimum reserve as a percentage of budgeted expenditures of 22-25% in the General Fund, 10-20% individually and collectively amongst the three road funds, 12-22% for Parks and Recreation, and varying reserves for the remaining special revenue funds dependent on the funds' yearly activity and capital needs.

Long-term Financial Planning – The 2010 Census reported Novi's population at 55,224, a 16.5% increase from the 2000 Census population of 47,386. The 2010 Census data is required to be used for the Constitutional portion of State Shared Revenue distributions beginning mid-2011. A constitutional

portion is distributed to cities, villages and townships based on a community's population and cannot be eliminated without a vote of the people. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, Novi's reliance on revenue sharing payments represents 14.4% of total General Fund revenues or \$4,615,570. Novi's revenue sharing distribution increased by 6.7% or \$289,249 from the prior fiscal year.

The City of Novi has made great strides over the past 20 years in both managing and reducing debt while recognizing savings from refunded/called debt activities. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, debt obligations were reduced by \$3,835,000 from the prior fiscal year. Total direct debt at June 30, 2017 was \$23,400,000.

Awards – The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Novi for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the 19th year that the City of Novi has received this prestigious award.

Acknowledgements – The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the efficient and dedicated service of many individuals. We wish to express our sincere appreciation to each of them. Special thanks to the Mayor and City Council members as well as City Manager Peter Auger and the Assistant City Manager Victor Cardenas for their leadership and support in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Carl Johnson, CPA

Finance Director/Treasurer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Novi Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Mayor and City Council

Office of the City Manager

Citizens

Volunteer Boards & Commissions

Parks, Recreation & Cultural Services - Programs

- * Meadowbrook Commons/los Arena
- Now Ice Arena
- Arts & Community Firstly als

Civic **Organizations**

Schools

nurture

Library

novilibrary org

Public Services

- Engineering City Construction Project Design & Inspection
- * Capital Improvement Program
 * Private Development Site Plan Review Infrastructure
- Right of Way permits
- * Infrastructure Asset Management

- Pield Operations
 * Road & Drain Maintenance Ice & Snow Removal
- Recycling Center

Fleet Maintenance

Water & Sewer

- antary Sewer Operations & Maintenance
- Vater System Operations & Maintenance
- * Watershed Stewardship
- Rouge River Liaison

Federal, State. County Government



Organizational

Chart

State of Michigan Department of **Environmental** Quality

> Road Commission for Oakland County

Michigan Department of Transportation

City Clerk

Human Resources

Assessing Finance/Treasury Purchasing

Information Technology Geographic Information **Facility Operations**

Park Maintenance Park Development

State of Michigan Department of Natural Resources

Federal Bureau of Investigation

> Michigan State Police

Private Sector Investments

Detroit Regional Chamber of Commerce

Automation Alley

Neighborhood & **Business Relations**

- InvestNovi on * Communications
- * Community Relations
- * Cruc Engagement Business Attraction/ Retention/Expansion
- * Novi Studio 6
- * Employee Engagement
- * Novi Youth Council

Homeowner

Community Development

- cong floring Parking Invate Levelopment Site Plan Review Environmental Planning
- Master Flan and Zoning
- Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Building Plan Review, Inspections and Permits.
- * Ordinance Enforcement

Michigan **Economic**

Development

Corp

Courts

* Emergency Medical Services Response

* Crime Prevention & Citizen Engagement

Public Safety

* Fire Prevention/Inspections

* Fire Suppression

Administration Police & Fire

* Records

* Citizen Engagement

Preventative Patrol

Criminal Investigations

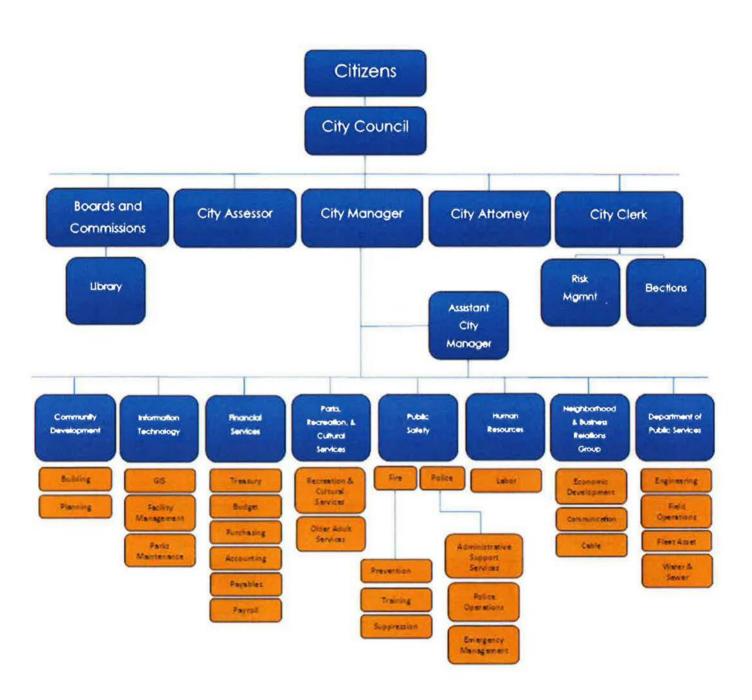
Emergency Preparedness & Management

* Ctizen Engagement

Associations

3/1/

Organizational Chart



List of Principal Officials June 30, 2017

Title	Name		
City Manager	Peter Auger		
Assistant City Manager	Victor Cardenas		
Assessor	Micheal Lohmeier		
Deputy Assessor	Kay Shafii		
City Clerk	Cortney A. Hanson		
Deputy City Clerk	Dawn Spaulding		
Director of Human Resources	Tia M. Gronlund-Fox		
Director of Communications	Sheryl L. Walsh		
Water and Sewer Asset Manager	Scott Rosselle		
Water and Sewer Senior Engineer	Benjamin Croy		
Director of Public Services/City Engineer	Victor Cardenas		
Roadway Asset Manager	Gerald P. Tremblay		
Engineering Manager	George Melistas		
Field Operation Senior Manager	Matthew T. Wiktorowski		
Director of Information Technology/Facilities Operations	Robert L. Petty		
GIS Manager	Keri Blough		
Community Development Director	Charles S. Boulard		
Community Development Deputy Director	Barbara E. McBeth		
Parks, Recreation and Cultural Services Director	Jeff Muck		
Parks, Recreation and Cultural Services Deputy Director	Tracie Ringle		
Older Adult Services Manager	Karen Kapchonick		
Director of Public Safety	David E. Molloy		
Assistant Police Chief	Jerrod S. Hart		
Assistant Police Chief	Eric Zinser		
Director of Emergency Medical Services and Fire Operations	Jeffery R. Johnson		
Analyst Planner	Patricia A. Cauchi		
Library Director	Julie E. Farkas		
Finance Director/Treasurer	Carl Johnson		
Senior Budget Analyst	Jessica Dorey		
Purchasing Manager	Susan J. Morianti		
Assistant City Treasurer	Tina Glenn		

Fund Organization Chart

Governmental Funds

General Fund

Debt Service Funds

Special Revenue Funds

2002 Street and Refunding Debt

2008 Library Construction Debt

Major Street Local Street Municipal Street

Police and Fire
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Services

Capital Projects Funds

Tree Fund Drain Revenue

PEG Cable

Special Assessment Revolving

Capital Improvement Program

Street Improvement Gun Range Facility

Forfeiture Fund

Library Walker Library

Permanent Funds

Rubbish Collection West Oak Street Lighting

Drain Perpetual Maintenance

West Lake Drive Street Lighting
Town Center Street Street Lighting

Community Development Block Grant

Proprietary Funds - Enterprise Funds

Ice Arena Water and Sewer Senior Housing

Fiduciary Funds

Pension and Other Employee Benetit

Agency

Irust Fund

Tax

Retiree Health Care Benefits

Agency

Component Unit

Economic Development Corporation



Plante & Moran, PLLC 27400 Northwestern Highway P.O. Box 307 Southfield, MI 48037-0307 Tel: 248.352.2500 Fax: 248.352.0018

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Novi, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Novi, Michigan (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2017 and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Novi, Michigan

Emphasis of Matter

As explained in Note 11, in 2017, the City adopted the new accounting guidance of GASB No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. This new standard establishes financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion & Analysis, and other required supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, and the introductory section and statistical section are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section, as identified in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Plante 1 Moran, PLLC

November 13, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City of Novi, Michigan's (the "City") management's discussion and analysis is a narrative overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The information presented here should be read in conjunction with our letter of transmittal, the financial statements, and notes to the financial statements that follow.

Financial Highlights

- Total assets related to the City's governmental activities exceeded liabilities at June 30, 2017 by \$150,047,876.
- Investment in capital assets (net of depreciation and related debt) accounts for approximately 92 percent of this amount, with a value of \$138,682,792.
- Of the remaining net position, \$31,767,695 is restricted and a negative \$20,402,611 is unrestricted. The negative unrestricted portion is a result of the prior year's implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, which required the City to establish a new net pension liability of \$28,068,872 in 2016. The current year's reduction in unrestricted is primarily due to the significant investment in capital assets of more than \$12,000,000.
- As of June 30, 2017, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$44,622,077, a decrease of \$7,512,474 over the prior year. Fund balance of the General Fund totaled \$12,905,841 at June 30, 2017, a decrease of \$839,361 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$10,986,117 is unassigned, which represents nearly 34 percent of fiscal year 2017 budgeted annual expenditures (excluding transfers).
- Total debt obligations were reduced by \$3,835,000 from the prior year. Total debt at June 30, 2017 was \$23,400,000 (excluding unamortized bond premium).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis provides an introduction and overview to the City's basic financial statements. This information will assist users in interpreting the basic statements. We will also provide other financial discussion and analysis of certain plans, projects, and trends necessary for understanding the full context of the financial condition of the City.

Basic Financial Statements - The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (I) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The financial section of this report also contains required supplemental information, in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements - Government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business, distinguishing functions of Novi that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (referred to as "governmental activities") from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (referred to as "business-type activities").

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. This statement serves a purpose similar to that of the balance sheet of a private sector business and presents a longer-term view of the City's finances. Over time, increases or decreases in net position can serve as one indicator of the financial position of the City. Other indicators include the condition of the City's infrastructure systems (roads, drainage systems, bridges, etc.), changes in property tax base, and general economic conditions within the City.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the year. This statement separates program revenue (revenue generated by specific programs through charges for services, grants, and contributions) from general revenue (revenue provided by taxes and other sources not tied to a particular program). This shows the extent to which each program relies on taxes for funding. All changes in net position are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, which requires that revenue be reported when it is earned and expenses be reported when incurred. Items such as deferred special assessments and earned but unused employee leave time will be included in the statement of activities as revenue and expense, even though the cash flows associated with these items will be recognized in future fiscal periods.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 39, the City has identified certain entities as component units in the government-wide financial statements. By virtue of its authority to exercise influence over their operations, the City has included the financial statements of the Economic Development Corporation, which is a discretely presented component unit within the government-wide financial statements. In addition, the Building Authority is included as a blended component unit.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Novi, Michigan, like other state and local governments, establishes funds for compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City fall into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Governmental funds account for most, if not all, of a government's tax-supported functions. Proprietary funds account for a government's business-type activities, where all or part of the costs of activities are supported by fees and charges that are paid by those who benefit from the activities. Fiduciary funds account for resources that are held by the government as a trustee or agent for parties outside of the government. The resources of fiduciary funds cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

Governmental Funds - The City of Novi, Michigan maintains 25 individual governmental funds. The governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances present separate columns of financial data for the General Fund. This fund is considered a major fund as of June 30, 2017. The remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements located in the other supplemental information section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year; this information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements in comparison to near-term resources available.

Because the measurement focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The government-wide statements give readers a better understanding of the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliation to the governmental activities column in the government-wide statements, facilitating this comparison.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the required supplemental information. Budgetary comparisons for other nonmajor special revenue funds are presented within the other supplemental section of the report.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer, ice arena, and senior housing activities. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail, since both apply the accrual basis of accounting. In comparing the proprietary fund statement of net position to the business-type column on the government-wide statement of net position, the total net position agrees and, therefore, they need no reconciliation.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund, the Ice Arena Fund, and the Senior Housing Fund.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided and are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains certain required supplemental information concerning budgetary comparisons of the General Fund and Municipal Street Fund. The combining statements in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplemental information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position - As noted earlier, changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets exceeded total liabilities by \$341,872,559 at June 30, 2017. The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net position as of June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Governmen	ntal Activities	vities Business-type		Total A	ctivities
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Assets		10000000	000000000			
Current assets	\$52,044,817	\$59,046,214	\$74,520,177	\$69,678,660	\$126,564,994	\$128,724,874
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets						
Capital assets	150,615,098	140,796,036	137,500,962	137,048,769	288,116,060	277,844,805
Other				- 17		
Total assets	202,659,915	199,842,250	212,021,139	206,727,429	414,681,054	406,569,679
Deferred Outflows of						
Resources	5,079,676	8,493,787	177,260	301,400	5,256,936	8,795,187
Total assets and						
deferred						
outflows of						
resources	207,739,591	208,336,037	212,198,399	207,028,829	419,937,990	415,364,866
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	6,791,828	6,132,795	6,972,228	5,870,403	13,764,056	12,003,198
Long-term liabilities	50,899,887	54,308,509	13,401,488	14,864,641	64,301,375	69,173,150
Total liabilities	57,691,715	60,441,304	20,373,716	20,735,044	78,065,431	81,176,348
Deferred Inflows of						
Resources		9,508		(m)	~	9,508
Total liabilities and						
deferred						
inflows of						
resources	57,691,715	60,450,812	20,373,716	20,735,044	78,065,431	81,185,856
Net Position						
Net investment in capital						
assets	138,682,792	126,474,197	125,665,962	123,718,769	264,348,754	250,192,966
Restricted	31,767,695	37,216,395			30,767,695	37,216,395
Unrestricted	(20,402,611)	(15,805,367)	66,158,721	62,575,016	46,756,110	46,769,649

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Over 77 percent of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City's capital assets are used to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net position related to governmental activities is the amount that may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations. In the current year, the unrestricted net position is (\$20,402,611), which was due to the net pension liability of approximately \$36 million and the significant current year investment in capital assets.

Changes in Net Position - The City's total net position increased by \$7,693,549 during the fiscal year. Governmental activities increased net position by \$2,162,651, which represents 28 percent of the total increase in net position for the City. The unrestricted portion of net position related to governmental activities decreased by \$4,597,244, while restricted net position decreased by \$5,447,646. As stated above, the negative unrestricted portion is a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, in the prior year. The City's current year increase in governmental activities is primarily due to utilizing restricted and unrestricted funds to invest in capital assets.

In keeping with the City Council's goal to improve the City's infrastructure, the Engineering Division completed 20 capital infrastructure projects during the 2016/2017 construction season. Several key projects are highlighted below.

The 2016/2017 Neighborhood Road Program followed the City's asset management approach for pavements that was established in 2009. The asset management program stresses the importance of using preventive maintenance to preserve good quality roads using low-cost rehabilitation techniques, rather than allowing the roads to deteriorate to a point that requires reconstruction involving much more effort at a higher cost. Roads in this program were addressed with rehabilitation methods such as milling, discrete base stone repairs, the addition of an interlayer membrane to increase strength, and waterproofing.

Additional projects include:

- Novi Road from 12 Mile to 13 Mile Road
- Karim Boulevard reconstruction
- Crescent Boulevard reconstruction
- Dual left turn lane Grand River at Beck Roads
- Various sidewalk segments and pathways

Business-type activities increased net position by \$5,530,898. The majority of the increase is a result of \$3,340,468 of contributed water and sewer assets in the current year in the Water and Sewer Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

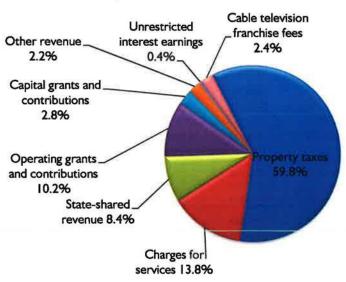
Key elements of this net position increase are shown in the following table:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type Activities		Total A	Total Activities	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Revenue							
Program revenue:							
Charges for services	\$7,638,475	\$6,900,286	\$28,354,327	\$28,889,125	\$35,992,802	\$35,789,411	
Operating grants and							
contributions	5,663,346	5,663,304	(*)	300	5,663,346	5,663,304	
Capital grants and							
contributions	1,561,439	847,547	5,718,715	5,337,278	7,280,154	6,184,825	
General revenue:							
Property taxes	33,087,219	32,932,970			33,087,219	32,932,970	
State-shared revenue	4,651,780	4,963,301			4,651,780	4,963,301	
Unrestricted interest	28 266	9 559			10 10	187 - 78	
earnings	219,207	1,828,195	318,490	1,593,678	537,697	3,421,873	
Cable television	0.000 to \$0.000	3.4		.,,-,-	,	-,,	
franchise fees	1,304,367	1,334,136	-		1,304,367	1,334,136	
Other revenue	1,017,539	627,210	0.0		1,017,539	627,210	
Transfers	240,000	(*)	22	826	240,000	-	
Total revenue	55,383,372	55,096,949	34,391,532	35,820,081	89,774,904	90,917,030	
Expenses							
General government	5,064,097	7,260,647	•	2	5,064,097	7,260,647	
Public safety	22,712,180	18,811,184			22,712,180	18,811,184	
Public works	15,781,996	12,136,916	-		15,781,996	12,136,916	
Community and economic							
development	3,565,698	3,954,669			3,565,698	3,954,669	
Recreation and culture	5,697,673	5,666,367	2	2	5,697,673	5,666,367	
Interest on long-term							
debt	399,077	777,562			399,077	777,562	
Water and sewer			25,569,364	27,282,209	25,569,364	27,282,209	
Ice arena		(** 2	1,657,727	1,735,010	1,657,727	1,735,010	
Senior housing	(**)	(*)	1,393,543	1,898,830	1,393,543	1,898,830	
Transfers		-	240,000	•	240,000	-	
Total expenses	53,220,721	48,607,345	28,860,634	30,916,049	82,081,355	79,523,394	
Change in Net Position	2,162,651	6,489,604	5,530,898	4,904,032	7,693,549	11,393,636	
Net Position - Beginning of							
year	147,885,225	141,395,621	186,293,785	181,389,753	334,179,010	322,785,374	
Net Position - End of year	\$150,047,876	\$147,885,225	\$191,824,683	\$186,293,785	\$341,872,559	\$334,179,010	

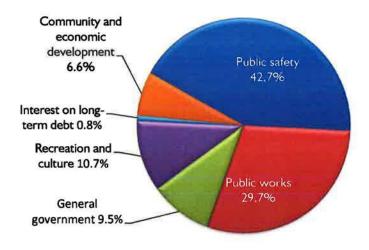
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Governmental Activities - Program revenue, which include user fees and charges and restricted operating and capital grants and contributions, represents 26.8 percent of total governmental revenue sources. Program revenue reduces the net cost of the governmental functions to be financed from the City's general revenue, which is comprised primarily of property taxes and state revenue sharing.

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



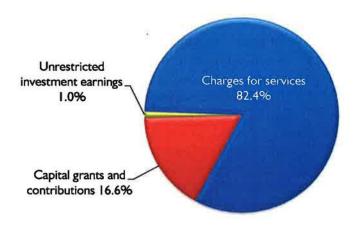
Expenses by Activity - Governmental Activities



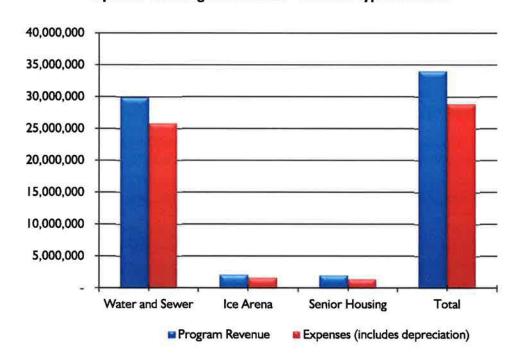
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Business-type Activities - Business-type activities increased net position by \$5,530,898. The majority of the increase is a result of \$3,340,468 of contributed water and sewer assets in the Water and Sewer Fund.

Revenue by Source - Business-type Activities



Expenses and Program Revenue - Business-type Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental Funds - The City has 25 governmental funds, categorized into four fund types. Each fund type has a unique purpose. The General Fund is the only fund classified as a major fund for the purpose of this report based on criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As of June 30, 2017, the governmental funds of the City reported a combined fund balance of \$44,622,077, a decrease of \$7,512,474 in comparison with the prior year. The majority of this total amount, or \$33,637,447, is considered nonspendable, restricted, or assigned for specific purposes, which includes road construction and maintenance, storm water systems, assessments, debt service, library operations, police and fire operations, etc. Fund balance of the General Fund totaled \$12,905,841 at June 30, 2017, a decrease of \$839,361 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$10,986,117 is unassigned, which represents nearly 34 percent of fiscal year 2017 budgeted annual expenditures. Of the \$31,720,468 restricted governmental funds fund balance, \$8,364,659, or approximately 26 percent, is restricted for roads in the Major Street, Local Street, Municipal Street, and Street Improvement funds. Another \$8,960,751 or 28 percent, is restricted for storm water systems in the Drain Revenue and Drain Perpetual Maintenance funds. Another 12 percent of fund balance is restricted or assigned for infrastructure improvements in the capital improvement funds.

Proprietary Funds - Unrestricted net position increased \$3,583,705 from the prior year or 5.7 percent.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City had favorable budget results for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. In total, revenue was greater than amended budget estimates for the year by approximately \$151,000 or .5 percent, primarily a result of the following:

- Property Tax Revenue Revenue is approximately \$79,000 higher than budgeted through the end of the fiscal year. Real property tax chargebacks billed by the county were less than anticipated and less than prior years. The liability for potential tax tribunal refunds was also reduced due to the decrease in the number of outstanding cases.
- Licenses, Permits, and Charges for Services Revenue is approximately \$163,000 higher than
 anticipated primarily due to a strong fourth quarter of developer activity. This revenue is also
 where some of the construction escrow close-out funds are recognized.
- Interest Income (including investment gain/loss) This revenue is approximately \$200,000 below budget. While the increase in interest rates during the year resulted in actual interest income greater than budget, the increase in rates also resulted in the write down to market value some of the longer-term investments. While this write down shows as a reduction to revenue, it is unrealized and will not result in any actual losses as the investment will be held to maturity

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Actual expenditures as of June 30, 2017 were under budget by approximately \$1,635,000 or 4.7 percent. The favorable variance is made up of two specific pieces: capital rollover and favorable department budgets. Capital expenditure rollovers total approximately \$1,400,000 of the favorable variance and represent contracts/commitments the City has entered into that were not completed as of June 30, 2017 and will require a budget rollover amendment for the FY 2017/2018 fiscal year. The remaining variance represents individual departments under budget. Every department, in total (and within each budget category), is under its expenditure budget for the second straight year. Implementation of tighter budget controls and all departments adhering to their adopted and amended budgets ensures a favorable variance on an annual basis. The majority of the savings is from position vacancies which result in salary and fringe benefit savings. While the favorable variance may seem like a large number, it actually is not very large based on an annual budget of more than \$32.8 million. The culture within the City also plays a significant role in the favorable expenditure variances. Departments spend their budgets for items needed for their operations and do not spend their budgets just because they are there or because they lapse at year end.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - The City's investment in capital assets, including construction in progress, for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017 totals \$288,116,060 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress.

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Activities		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Land	\$30,748,798	\$27,877,767	\$2,272,256	\$2,272,256	\$33,021,054	\$30,150,023	
Buildings and							
improvements	28,570,575	29,168,356	17,813,609	18,377,905	46,384,184	47,546,261	
Machinery and equipment and library							
books	6,942,238	5,319,263	869,040	583,151	7,811,278	5,902,414	
Infrastructure	74,823,154	71,655,872	115,030,491	115,346,176	189,853,645	187,002,048	
Land							
improvements	975,891	125,574	198,743	208,207	1,174,634	333,781	
Construction in							
progress	8,554,442	6,649,204	1,316,823	261,074	9,871,265	6,910,278	
Total	\$150,615,098	\$140,796,036	\$137,500,962	\$137,048,769	\$288,116,060	\$277,844,805	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Long-term Debt - The following table is a comparison of the summary information for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Activities	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
General obligation bonds Special assessment debt with government	\$11,565,000	\$13,905,000	\$3,465,000	\$3,955,000	\$15,030,000	\$17,860,000
commitment	9.00		150,000	300,000	150,000	300,000
Building authority bonds			8,220,000	9,075,000	8,220,000	9,075,000
Total	\$11,565,000	\$13,905,000	\$11,835,000	\$13,330,000	\$23,400,000	\$27,235,000

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The budget plan, as originally approved in the fiscal year 2017-2018 budget, has General Fund expenditures exceeding annual revenue by \$250,000.

City of Novi General Fund

Description	Estimated 2016-2017	Budget 2017-2018
Annual revenue	\$ 33,411,617	\$ 33,234,730
Annual expenditures (excluding transfers out)	\$ 31,927,617	\$ 32,914,730
Transfers out to other funds	1,484,000	320,000
Total expenditures	\$ 33,411,617	\$ 33,234,730

Note: Source - 2017-2018 Annual Budget Document. Budget 2017-2018 Annual revenue does not include appropriation from fund balance.

The state-shared revenue projections for 2016-2017 are based on the State's estimate. The 2010 Census has resulted in an increase for the City as a result of the impact of an increase in population on the formula for the constitutional portion of this revenue.

The 2017 fiscal year approved tax millage rate was decreased from 10.2 mills to 9.95 mills. Novi voters approved a 10-year capital improvement 1.0 mill in August 2016 which will be levied during the 2017/2018 fiscal year. The increase in mills for the new capital improvement millage was offset in part by the elimination of some mills due to the payoff of voter-approved debt resulting in an overall mill rate of 10.5376 or an increase of .5876 mills.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Novi, Michigan's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the finance department, City of Novi, 45175 Ten Mile Road, Novi, MI 48375. You may also visit our website at www.cityofnovi.org or contact the finance department directly at 248-347-0465.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

•	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit - Economic Development Corporation
Assets	A 5744 004		4 7 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 5,746,906		\$ 7,827,072	\$ 11,901
Investments (Note 3)	41,908,003	66,134,779	108,042,782	(=)
Accounts receivable:		207.014	204.014	
Taxes		206,814	206,814	•
Water and sewer billing	450.014	5,407,449	5,407,449	<u>:=:</u>
Accrued interest receivable	450,214		450,214	
Other	767,527	17	834,540	
Due from other governmental units	1,681,672		1,681,672	177
Special assessments receivable	24,589	474,806	499,395	-
Inventory	-	64,583	64,583	(B)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	505,768	43,605	549,373	•
Other postemployment benefits asset	0/0 130	40.042	1 001 100	
(Note 10)	960,138	40,962	1,001,100	
Capital assets - Net (Note 4):	20 202 240	2 500 070	42 002 210	
Assets not subject to depreciation	39,303,240		42,892,319	(<u>*</u>
Assets subject to depreciation Other	111,311,858	133,911,883	245,223,741	- 25.000
Other	<u> </u>	. 		35,000
Total assets	202,659,915	212,021,139	414,681,054	46,901
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows related to refunding				
bonds	784,965	-	784,965	200
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,000		3,5,7,5,5,5	
(Note 8)	4,294,711	177,260	4,471,971	-
4. 보 (4)) 라 (2·스타) + 이 전 (1·스타) - (1·		-		
Total deferred outflows of				
resources	5,079,676	177,260	5,256,936	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	4,256,853	4,737,407	8,994,260	62
Refundable deposits	89,163	207,409	296,572	
Accrued and other liabilities	2,421,052	2,022,324	4,443,376	72
Unearned revenue	24,761	5,089	29,850	12
Noncurrent liabilities:		0,007	27,000	
Due within one year (Note 6):				
Compensated absences	1,410,218	72,879	1,483,097	12
Current portion of long-term debt	920,000		2,425,000	275
Due in more than one year:	, 20,000	.,505,000	_, ,,,	
Compensated absences (Note 6)	585,158	2	585,158	-
Net pension liability (Note 8)	36,187,239		37,680,847	
Long-term debt (Note 6)	11,797,271	10,330,000	22,127,271	92
75. \$ 11			THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	
Total liabilities	57,691,715	20,373,716	78,065,431	-

Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2017

	P	rimary Governme	ent	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit - Economic Development Corporation
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 138,682,792	\$ 125,665,962	\$ 264,348,754	\$ -
Restricted for:				
Roads	8,389,248	14	8,389,248	֥
Public safety	796,883	/#	796,883	-
Debt service	341,141	14	341,141	-
Infrastructure improvements	3,928,606	II W	3,928,606	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural				
services	1,278,847	-	1,278,847	-
Library	3,537,936	-	3,537,936	24
Storm water systems	8,960,751		8,960,751	:-
Tree replacement and maintenance	3,842,447	104	3,842,447	-
Street lighting improvements	46,920	-	46,920	:=:
PEG access support fees	642,634	-	642,634	
Community	2,282	-	2,282	-
Unrestricted	(20,402,611)	66,158,721	45,756,110	46,901
Total net position	\$150,047,876	\$191,824,683	\$341,872,559	\$ 46,901

			Program Revenue						
	Expenses		Charges for			Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and		
				Services	_C	ontributions	_C	ontributions	
Functions/Programs									
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	5,064,097	\$	4,853,627	\$	16,111	\$	-	
Public safety		22,712,180		986,285		433,412		-	
Public services		15,781,996		110,551		4,547,250		1,561,439	
Community and economic									
development		3,565,698		-		111,720		-	
Recreation and culture		5,697,673		1,688,012		554,853		-	
Interest on long-term debt	_	399,077	_	<u> </u>		(B)		(26)	
Total governmental									
activities		53,220,721		7,638,475		5,663,346		1,561,439	
Business-type activities:									
Water and Sewer		25,569,364		24,184,714		:=		5,718,715	
Ice arena		1,657,727		2,132,426		38		: = €	
Senior housing	_	1,393,543	_	2,037,187		(**	_		
Total business-type									
activities	-	28,620,634	_	28,354,327	_		-	5,718,715	
Total primary government	\$	81,841,355	\$	35,992,802	\$	5,663,346	\$_	7,280,154	
Component units - Economic									
Development	\$		\$		<u>\$</u>		\$_	1)	
Total component units	\$	-	\$		\$)(=	\$	N=1	

General revenue:

Property taxes

State-shared revenue

Investment income

Cable franchise fees

Other miscellaneous income

Total general revenue

Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of year

Net Position - End of year

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Primary Governme	nt	
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
\$ (194,359)		\$ (194,359)	
(21,292,483)		(21,292,483)	
(9,562,756)	-	(9,562,756)	-
(3,453,978)		(3,453,978)	
(3,454,808)		(3,454,808)	
(399,077)		(399,077)	
(38,357,461)	-	(38,357,461)	
5 = 0	4,334,065	4,334,065	
∞	474,699	474,699	
islet	643,644	643,644	
-	5,452,408	5,452,408	
(38,357,461)	5,452,408	(32,905,053)	-
	•	-	
			*
33,087,219	3 6	33,087,219) :=:
4,651,780	1041	4,651,780	-
219,207	318,490	537,697	9
1,304,367	Q ₩ (1,304,367	-
1,017,539		1,017,539	
40,280,112	318,490	40,598,602	9
240,000	(240,000)	-	
2,162,651	5,530,898	7,693,549	9
147,885,225	186,293,785	334,179,010	46,892
\$ 150,047,876	\$191,824,683	\$341,872,559	\$ 46,901

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

			(Nonmajor Governmental		
	(General Fund		Funds		Total
Assets			_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	3,345,253	\$	2,401,653	\$	5,746,906
Investments (Note 3)	Ψ	10,110,830	Ψ	31,797,173	Ψ	41,908,003
Accounts receivable:		10,110,030		31,777,173		11,700,003
Special assessments		_		24,589		24,589
Accrued interest		448,739		21,502		448,739
Other		441,863		325,664		767,527
Due from other governmental units		800,869		880,803		1,681,672
Due from other funds (Note 5)		4,950		-		4,950
Prepaids and other assets		486,817		18,951		505,768
Total assets	\$	15,639,321	\$	35,448,833	\$	51,088,154
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	-		-			
and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	1,319,579	\$	2,937,274	\$	4,256,853
Due to other funds (Note 5)		-		4,950		4,950
Refundable deposits		80,714		8,449		89,163
Accrued and other liabilities:						
Accrued salaries and wages		533,154		88,738		621,892
Payroll taxes and withholdings		216,678		28,502		245,180
Accrued other		546,407		636,408		1,182,815
Unearned revenue	_	24,761	_		_	24,761
Total liabilities		2,721,293		3,704,321		6,425,614
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Unavailable revenue						
Other		12,187		2,200		14,387
Special assessments		740		24,589		24,589
Grants	-	-	_	1,487	_	1,487
Total deferred inflows of resources		12,187		28,276		40,463
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable - Prepaids		486,817		18,951		505,768
Restricted:						
Roads		-		8,364,659		8,364,659
Public safety		21,907		774,976		796,883
Community		2,282		_		2,282
Debt service				341,141		341,141
Infrastructure improvements		-		3,928,606		3,928,606
Parks, recreation, and cultural services		-		1,274,687		1,274,687
Library		-		3,519,458		3,519,458
Storm water systems		-		8,960,751		8,960,751
Tree replacement and maintenance		-		3,842,447		3,842,447
Street lighting improvements				46,920		46,920
PEG access support fees		2		642,634		642,634
Assigned		1,408,718		2,493		1,411,211
Unassigned	-	10,986,117	_	(1,487)	_	10,984,630
Total fund balances	_	12,905,841	_	31,716,236	_	44,622,077
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	15,639,321	\$	35,448,833	\$	51,088,154

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Fund Balance Reported in Governmental Funds	\$	44,622,077
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds		150,615,098
Special assessment and other receivables are expected to be collected over several years and are not available to pay for current period expenditures (including \$1,475 of accrued interest on special assessments)		32,430
Other postemployment benefits assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds		960,138
Certain pension contributions and changes in pension plan net position are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position, but are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds		4,294,711
Deferred charges on bond refundings are amortized over the related bond terms and are not reported in the funds		784,965
Estimated general liability claims are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds		(260,964)
Bonds payable and capital lease obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds		(12,717,271)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds		(36,187,239)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds		(100,693)
Employee compensated absences are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore,		
they are not reported as fund liabilities	_	(1,995,376)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	150,047,876

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Nonmajor		
			C	Sovernmental		
	General Fund		nd Funds		_	Total
Revenue	1200	1202012-012-012-012-0			722	00011045000000000
Property taxes	\$	21,395,809	\$	11,691,410	\$	33,087,219
Licenses and permits		4,005,981		: ·		4,005,981
Federal grants		61,025		256,178		317,203
State-shared revenue and grants		4,640,673		4,912,948		9,553,621
Charges for services		548,514		1,777,346		2,325,860
Fines and forfeitures		481,697		179,852		661,549
Interest and investment income		123,165		96,780		219,945
Rental income		100		104,000		104,000
Other revenue:						
Special assessments				25,336		25,336
Local donations		1,082		8,425		9,507
Cable franchise fees				369,702		369,702
Recreational programs		10		1,421,613		1,421,613
Miscellaneous income		758,315	_	770,166	_	1,528,481
Total revenue		32,016,261		21,613,756		53,630,017
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		7,307,013		3(€)		7,307,013
Public safety		17,072,525		4,272,407		21,344,932
Public services		3,714,028		16,272,702		19,986,730
Community and economic development		3,237,642		177,175		3,414,817
Recreation and culture		51,678		6,482,301		6,533,979
Debt service:						
Principal				2,340,000		2,340,000
Interest on long-term debt		-	_	455,020	_	455,020
Total expenditures	-	31,382,886	_	29,999,605	=	61,382,491
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		633,375		(8,385,849)		(7,752,474)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				22-1		
Transfers in (Note 5)		and the record of the same		7,561,984		7,561,984
Transfers out (Note 5)	-	(1,472,736)	_	(5,849,248)	_	(7,321,984)
Total other financing (uses) sources	_	(1,472,736)	_	1,712,736	_	240,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		(839,361)		(6,673,113)		(7,512,474)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	_	13,745,202	_	38,389,349	016	52,134,551
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	12,905,841	\$	31,716,236	\$	44,622,077

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (7,512,474)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:	
Capital outlay	16,851,930
Depreciation expense	(8,572,302)
Loss on sale of assets	(8,962)
Revenue is recorded in the statement of activities when earned; it is not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end	(44,198)
Capital contributions are recorded in the statement of activities when received; they are not recorded in the governmental funds	1,548,396
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)	2,340,000
Change in accrued interest payable and other	18,619
Increases in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current resources, and therefore are not reported in the fund statements until they come due for payment	5,973
Changes in liabilities for general claims are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities	(98,474)
Increase in net retiree healthcare and pension liabilities reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current resources, and therefore is not reported in the fund statements until it comes due for payment	 (2,365,857)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,162,651

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Water and Sewer			Se	nior Housing		
	Fund	Ic	e Arena Fund		Fund	_	Total
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Investments (Note 3) Accounts receivable:	\$ 1,644,643 62,283,778	\$	318,181 1,820,769	\$	117,342 2,030,232	\$	2,080,166 66,134,779
Taxes	206,814						206,814
Special assessments	474,806		-		-		474,806
Water and sewer billing	5,407,449						5,407,449
Other	1,120		65,893		-		67,013
Inventory	62,522		2,061		-		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	14,500		7,206		21,899		64,583
rrepaid expenses and other assets	14,300	-	7,200		21,077	_	43,605
Total current assets	70,095,632		2,214,110		2,169,473		74,479,215
Noncurrent assets:							
Other postemployment benefits asset							
(Note 10)	40,962		20		2		40,962
Capital assets - Net (Note 4)	121,329,365	_	5,810,613		10,360,984	20	137,500,962
Total noncurrent assets	121,370,327	_	5,810,613	_	10,360,984		137,541,924
Total assets	191,465,959		8,024,723		12,530,457		212,021,139
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Deferred							
outflows related to pensions (Note 8)	177,260		·		-		177,260
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	4,317,996		30,911		388,500		4,737,407
Refundable deposits	952		46,319		161,090		207,409
Accrued and other liabilities	1,953,328		9,801		59,195		2,022,324
Unearned revenue					5,089		5,089
Compensated absences (Note 6)	72,879		(4)				72,879
Current portion of long-term debt							A-CARRE
(Note 6)	150,000	_	480,000		875,000	_	1,505,000
Total current liabilities	6,494,203		567,031		1,488,874		8,550,108
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Net pension liability (Note 8)	1,493,608		-				1,493,608
Long-term debt (Note 6)	.,		2,985,000		7,345,000		10,330,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,493,608	_	2,985,000	_	7,345,000	_	11,823,608
Total liabilities	7,987,811	_	3,552,031		8.833.874	_	20,373,716
i otal liabilities	- 7,707,011	_	3,332,031	_	0,000,074		20,3/3,/10
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	121,179,365		2,345,613		2,140,984		125,665,962
Unrestricted	62,476,043	_	2,127,079	_	1,555,599		66,158,721
Total net position	\$ 183,655,408	<u>\$</u>	4,472,692	\$	3,696,583	\$	191,824,683

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Wa	ter and Sewer Fund	lo	e Arena Fund	Se	nior Housing Fund		Total
Operating Revenue	_	Tunu		e / v cha r und	-	-	_	Total
Sale of water	\$	11,884,855	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,884,855
Sewage disposal charges	24.0	11,518,429		-	557			11,518,429
Concession sales				119,631		<u>~</u>		119,631
Interest and penalty charges		196,365		·		_		196,365
Installation fees		447,328						447,328
Rentals and charges for services		1		1,889,314		2,034,990		3,924,304
Miscellaneous revenue		137,737		123,481	_	2,197	_	263,415
Total operating revenue		24,184,714		2,132,426		2,037,187		28,354,327
Operating Expenses								
Cost of water		9,200,400		2		=		9,200,400
Cost of sewage treatment		8,912,621		_		-		8,912,621
Other operation and maintenance		1,509,330		618,684		420,256		2,548,270
Salaries and fringe benefits		1,427,008		80. J		- Sin		1,427,008
Contractual services		780		632,733		387,748		1,020,481
Miscellaneous expenses		478,321		800000000000000		2000 Marie 1970		478,321
Depreciation	_	4,033,527	_	312,910	_	392,405	_	4,738,842
Total operating expenses		25,561,207		1,564,327	_	1,200,409		28,325,943
Operating (Loss) Income		(1,376,493)		568,099		836,778		28,384
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)								
Investment income		296,539		11,114		10,837		318,490
Interest expense	-	(8,157)		(93,400)	-	(193,134)		(294,691)
Total nonoperating revenue			0.		20			
(expenses)	_	288,382	_	(82,286)	_	(182,297)	_	23,799
(Loss) Income - Before contributions		(11,880,1)		485,813		654,481		52,183
Capital Contributions								
Capital grants		569,179		-		3		569,179
Lines donated by developers and others		3,340,468		-		<u>-</u>		3,340,468
Customer assessments - Tap fees		1,809,068	_		_		_	1,809,068
Total capital contributions		5,718,715				3		5,718,715
Transfers Out (Note 5)	_	(240,000)	_		_	<u> </u>	_	(240,000)
Change in Net Position		4,390,604		485,813		654,481		5,530,898
Net Position - Beginning of year		179,264,804	_	3,986,879		3,042,102		186,293,785
Net Position - End of year	\$	183,655,408	\$	4,472,692	\$	3,696,583	\$	191,824,683

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Wa	ter and Sewer	lo	e Arena Fund	Se	enior Housing Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	O.							
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	24,516,213 (19,352,858) (1,268,811)	\$	2,105,222 (1,280,299)	\$	2,038,489 (453,187)	\$	28,659,924 (21,086,344) (1,268,811)
Other payments		(1,120)				:70 :*		(1,120)
74% IA SECTION 1	_	<u> </u>			_		_	
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,893,424		824,923		1,585,302		6,303,649
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities - Transfers to other funds		(240,000)				•		(240,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Customer assessments - Tap fees		2,378,247		> €		(#01		2,378,247
Special assessment collections		258,967		•		-		258,967
Purchase of capital assets		(966,848)		(281,472)		(602,247)		(1,850,567)
Principal and interest paid on capital debt	-	(159,563)	_	(584,920)	_	(1,053,028)	_	(1,797,511)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		1.510.803		(866,392)		(1,655,275)		(1,010,864)
		1,510,005		(000,572)		(1,055,275)		(1,010,001)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received on investments		267,949		11,114		11,326		290,389
Net purchases from sale and maturities of		207,747		115114		11,320		270,367
investment securities	3	(6,067,250)	_	(75,278)	_	(804,315)	_	(6,946,843)
Net used in investing activities	_	(5,799,301)	_	(64, 164)	_	(792,989)	_	(6,656,454)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(635,074)		(105,633)		(862,962)		(1,603,669)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year	142	2,279,717		423,814		980,304	70	3,683,835
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	1,644,643	\$	318,181	\$	117,342	\$	2,080,166
Statement of Net Position Classification of Cash and Cash Equivalents								
Cash and investments	\$	63,928,421	\$	2,138,950	\$	2,147,574	\$	68,214,945
Less amounts classified as investments	_	(62,283,778)	_	(1,820,769)	_	(2,030,232)	_	(66,134,779)
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,644,643	<u>\$</u>	318,181	\$	117,342	\$	2,080,166
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) Income to								
Net Cash from Operating Activities					20.00		1000	
Operating (loss) income	\$	(1,376,493)	\$	568,099	\$	836,778	\$	28,384
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss)								
income to net cash from operating								
activities:		4,033,527		312,910		392,405		4,738,842
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		4,033,327		312,910		392,403		4,730,042
Receivables		330,379		(27,204)		1,302		304,477
Inventories		15,607		(122)		1,302		15,485
Prepaid and other assets		(14,500)		(2,446)		(21,899)		(38,845)
Accounts payable		746,707		(26,314)		376,716		1,097,109
Accrued and other liabilities	_	158,197	_	-	_	-	_	158,197
Net cash provided by operating	\$	3,893,424	\$	824,923	\$	1,585,302	\$	6,303,649
activities	_	5,075,727	_	027,723	<u>-</u>	1,000,002	-	0,000,047

Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities - During the year ended June 30, 2017, developers and others constructed water and sewer lines with an estimated value of \$3,340,468 and donated them to the City's Water and Sewer Fund.

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2017

	Postemployment Benefits - Retiree Health Care Benefits Trust Fund					
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	1,071,185	\$	23,268		
Investments (Note 3):						
Investments, uncategorized				8,614,285		
U.S. government bonds		4,456,815		S.		
Asset-backed securities		555,248		:=		
Equities		17,828,993		-		
Corporate bonds		729,756		-		
Money market funds		1,053,253		-		
Other	-	1,619,915	_			
Total assets		27,315,165	<u>\$</u>	8,637,553		
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		-	\$	604,203		
Due to other governmental units				230,064		
Due to builders and developers	_	*	_	7,803,286		
Total liabilities	_	•	<u>\$</u>	8,637,553		
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits	\$	27,315,165				

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Postemployment Benefits - Retiree Health Care Benefits Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

Additions		
Net investment gain	\$	3,399,592
Contributions - Employer	_	617,207
Total additions		4,016,799
Deductions		
Healthcare insurance premiums		885,353
Administrative expenses	_	245,934
Total deductions	_	1,131,287
Net Increase in Net Position Held in Trust		2,885,512
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits - Beginning of year	_	24,429,653
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits - End of year	<u>\$</u>	27,315,165

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Novi, Michigan (the "City"):

Reporting Entity

The City is governed by an elected seven-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legally separate entities, in substance, they are part of the City's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City (see discussion below for description).

Blended Component Units - The City of Novi Building Authority is governed by a commission that is appointed by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its primary purpose is to finance the City's ice arena and senior housing projects.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - The Economic Development Corporation of the City of Novi (the "Corporation") was created to provide means and methods for the encouragement and assistance of industrial and commercial enterprises in relocating, purchasing, constructing, improving, or expanding within the City so as to provide needed services and facilities of such enterprises to the residents of the City. The Corporation's governing body is selected by the City Council. The City also has the ability to impose its will on the Corporation. The Corporation is reported within the component unit column in the government-wide financial statements. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The Corporation does not issue a separate financial report.

Jointly Governed Organization - The jointly governed organization is discussed in Note 13.

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The City follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives - the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund Accounting

The City accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how we have spent certain resources - separate funds allow us to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue was used.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The various funds are aggregated into three broad fund types:

Governmental Funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. This includes the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, and permanent funds. The City reports the following fund as a "major" governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts
for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be
accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary Funds include enterprise funds, which provide goods or services to users in exchange for charges or fees. The City reports the following funds as "major" enterprise funds:

- Water and Sewer Fund The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the water distribution system and sewage collection system.
- Ice Arena Fund The Ice Arena Fund accounts for the City's two-sheet arena.
- Senior Housing Fund The Senior Housing Fund accounts for the 175-unit senior housing project, financed using the building authority approach.

Fiduciary Funds include amounts held in a fiduciary capacity for others. These amounts will not be used to operate our government's programs. Activities that are reported as fiduciary include:

- Retiree Health Care Benefits Trust Fund The Retiree Health Care Benefits
 Trust Fund accounts for medical benefits provided to retirees.
- Agency Funds The Agency Funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or funds. They primarily hold deposits from builders and developers and tax remittances due to schools and other governmental units.

Interfund Activity: During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the government has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree healthcare-related costs, or sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenue is not recognized until it is collected, or collected soon enough after the end of the year that it is available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the City considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue, state gas and weight tax revenue, district court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period. Conversely, special assessments and federal grant reimbursements will be collected after the period of availability; receivables have been recorded for these, along with a deferred inflow of resources.

Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments - Investments are reported at fair value or estimated fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market value are reported at estimated fair value as determined by management.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Infrastructure, intangibles, buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Capital Asset Class	Lives
Roads, bridges, and sidewalks	25-30 years
Drains	25 years
Water and sewer distribution systems	50 years
Buildings and improvements	35-40 years
Machinery and equipment	4-10 years
Library books	10 years

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method; bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances as an "other financing source," as well as bond premiums and discounts. The General Fund and debt service funds are generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt and the proprietary funds (Water and Sewer, Ice Arena, and Senior Housing) are used to liquidate proprietary fund long-term debt.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred charges on refunding and the deferred outflows of resources related to the defined benefit pension plan. A deferred charge on refunding is reported in the government-wide statement of net position and results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to the defined benefit pension plan are reported in the government-wide financial statements and the Water and Sewer Fund. The deferred outflows of resources result from various transactions related to pension: employer contributions to the defined benefit pension plan subsequent to the measurement date, difference between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and the variance between the plan's actual investment earnings compared to the plan's assumed investment earnings.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The deferred inflows of resources related to unavailable revenue is only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from three sources: special assessments, grants, and certain accounts receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council has not adopted a policy transferring the authority to assign fund balance, and therefore, that responsibility remains with the City Council. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City Council adopted a Fund Balance Reserve Policy in January 2011. As part of the policy, the City Council has agreed to maintain the City's General Fund fund balance to pay for expenditures as a result of unforeseen emergencies or for shortfalls caused by revenue declines. For the General Fund, the reserve will be maintained at an amount that represents approximately 18-22 percent of the proposed budgeted expenditures for the following year. The City's minimum reserve as a percentage of budgeted expenditures is 10-20 percent individually and collectively amongst the three road funds, 12-22 percent for Parks and Recreational Services, and varying reserves for the remaining special revenue funds dependent on the funds' yearly activity and capital needs. The City of Novi, Michigan's reserve policies are based on sound fiscal principles designed to maintain adequate fund balance levels, which are an important component of the City's financial strength. The City will seek to maintain a diversified and stable revenue system to shelter itself from short-run fluctuations in any one revenue source and will establish all user charges and fees at a level consistent with the cost of providing such services.

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are levied on each July I on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. The property taxes become a lien on July I and are due on August 31 with the final collection date of February 28. Taxes are considered delinquent on March I of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The City's 2016 tax is levied and collectible on July 1, 2016 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended June 30, 2017 when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

The 2016 taxable valuation of the City totaled approximately \$3.30 billion. Note that the financial statement reported amounts are inclusive of "property tax revenue" related to interest, penalties, and administrative fees not reflected in the figures below. Taxes were levied as follows:

Purpose	Millage Rate	_	Revenue
General operating	4.9925	\$	16,579,000
Police and fire supplemental millage	1.4208		4,701,000
Parks and recreation operations	0.3836		1,271,000
Library operations	0.7678		2,544,000
Street maintenance operations	1.4923		4,945,000
Drains maintenance operations	0.2120		700,000
Debt levies for streets, library, and refunding debt	0.6810	_	2,263,000
Total	9.9500	\$	33,003,000

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Defined Benefit Pension - The City offers a defined benefit pension plan to its employees. The City records a net pension liability for the difference between the total pension liability calculated by the actuary and the pension plan's fiduciary net position. For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plan and additions to/deductions from the pension plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefit Costs - The City also offers retiree healthcare benefits to retirees. The City receives an actuarial valuation to compute the annual required contribution (ARC) necessary to fund the obligation over the remaining amortization period. In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized as contributions are made. For the government-wide statements and proprietary funds, the City reports the full accrual cost equal to the current year required contribution, adjusted for interest and "adjustment to the ARC" on the beginning of year underpaid amount, if any.

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave) - It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end. All other accrued compensated absences are reported in the government-wide financial statements; generally the funds that report each employee's compensation (the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund, primarily) are used to liquidate the obligation. The City has discontinued the accrual of sick leave days for administrative employees and Michigan Association of Public Employees (MAPE).

Proprietary Funds Operating Classification - Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Water and Sewer Fund, Ice Arena Fund, and Senior Housing Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Construction Code Fees - The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative surplus or shortfall generated since January I, 2000 is as follows:

Shortfall at July 1, 2016			\$	(1,758,486)
Current year permit revenue Related expenses:				2,095,486
Direct costs	\$	1,926,103		
Estimated indirect costs	_	228,981	_	2,155,084
Current year shortfall				(59,598)
Cumulative shortfall at June 30, 2017			\$	(1,818,084)

The Community Development Block Grant Fund has an unassigned deficit of \$1,487. This is not a true deficit according to Numbered Letter 2016-1 from the State of Michigan because the deferred inflows of resources balance is greater than or equal to the unrestricted fund balance. Unrestricted fund balance is the sum of the committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The law also allows investments outside the state of Michigan when fully insured. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Retiree Healthcare Benefits Trust Fund is authorized by Michigan Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, real estate leased to public entities, mortgages, real estate (if the trust fund's assets exceed \$250 million), debt or equity of certain small businesses, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles.

The City has designated 30 banks/advisors for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and CDs, and all other instruments allowed by the State as listed above. The City's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

The City's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the City had \$7,595,769 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The City's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity.

At year end, the City had the following investments. The Retiree Health Care Benefits Trust Fund also holds investments in a MERS retiree health funding vehicle of \$5,292,731 that are excluded from the table below.

Investment	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Primary Government		
Commercial paper	\$ 12,952,570	0.22
U.S. government agency securities	14,286,135	5.50
Municipal bonds	55,884,390	3.90
Total	\$ 83,123,095	
Retiree Health Care Benefits Trust Fund		
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 3,409,515	4.09
U.S. government agency securities	2,540,895	8.35
Corporate bonds	608,304	9.64
Total	\$ 6,558,714	

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities are as follows. The Retiree Health Care Benefits Trust Fund also holds investments in a MERS retiree health funding vehicle of \$5,292,731 that are excluded from the table below.

Investment		Fair Value	Rating	Rating Organization					
Primary Government									
Commercial paper	\$	3,969,520	Aa2	Moody's					
• •		4,989,260	A2	S&P					
		3,993,790	N/A	Not Rated					
U.S. government agency securities		14,286,135	AA+	S&P					
Municipal bonds		2,735,026	AAA	S&P					
		395,944	Aaa	Moody's					
		1,148,690	Aa	Moody's					
		3,134,062	AA+	S&P					
		10,269,240	Aal	Moody's					
		12,419,381	AA	S&P					
		992,960	Aa2	Moody's					
		15,136,895	AA-	S&P					
		1,070,233	AI+	S&P					
		686,688	A-	S&P					
		732,421	BBB+	S&P					
							5,567,146	BBB	S&P
		1,595,705	N/A	Not Rated					
Bank investment pool - Oakland County	_	27,541,781	N/A	Not Rated					
Total	\$	110,664,877							
Retiree Health Care Benefits Trust Fund									
U.S. government agency securities	\$	2,540,895	AA+	S&P					
Corporate bonds		47,540	AA-	S&P					
~		33,330	Α	S&P					
		264,880	A-	S&P					
	_	262,554	BBB+	S&P					
Total	\$	3,149,199							

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. As of year end, the City had multiple investments, which consisted mostly of U.S. government agency securities, that exceeded 5 percent of the total portfolio. The City had 8.53 percent invested in Commercial Paper, 6.01 percent invested in Federal National Mortgage Association, 6.35 invested in State of Michigan bonds, and 18.12 percent invested in the Oakland County investment pool.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level I inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The City's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

			Fair Value Measurement Using					
	Je	Balance at June 30, 2017		Puoted Prices in Active Markets for entical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Debt securities:							_	
U.S. government bonds	\$	18,213,677	\$	18,213,677	\$	(<u>-</u>)	\$: #:
Corporate bonds		13,560,593		-		13,560,593		
Municipal bonds		55,884,391				55,884,391		; - :
Asset-backed securities	_	555,248	_		_	555,248	_	
Total debt securities		88,213,909		18,213,677		70,000,232		~
Equity securities - Corporate equity		14,790,965		14,649,612		141,353		
Mutual funds	_	1,619,915	_	-	_	1,619,915	/0]	-
Total investments by fair value level	\$	104,624,789	\$	32,863,289	\$	71,761,500	\$	•

Debt and equity securities classified in Level I are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 2 are valued using other inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

There were no investments at June 30, 2017 valued based on Level 3 inputs.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The City holds shares or interests in an investment pool whereby the fair value of the investments is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient.

At June 30, 2017, the fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption rules of those investments are as follows:

		Fair Value		nfunded nmitments	Redemption Frequency, if Eligible	Redemption Notice Period
MERS RHFV Total Market						
Portfolio	\$	5,292,731	\$		N/A	N/A
Oakland County Investment Pool	_	27,504,092	_		N/A	N/A
Total investments measured at NAV	\$	32,796,823	\$	<u> </u>		

The MERS RHFV Total Market Portfolio is a fully diversified portfolio combining traditional stocks and bonds with alternative asset classes including real estate, private equity, and commodities. The objective is to provide current income and capital appreciation while minimizing the volatility of the capital markets. MERS manages the asset allocation and monitors the underlying investment managers of the MERS RHFV Total Market Portfolio.

The Oakland County Investment Pool is a portfolio combining investments in U.S. government securities, certificates of deposit, and cash equivalents. These investments are made in conformance with PA 20 of 1943 and the Oakland County Investment Policy. This investment policy demands three standards for investing: safety of principal, liquidity of investment, and return on investment.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2016	Reclassifications	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2017
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 27,877,767 6,649,204	\$ - (6,790,125)	\$ 2,871,031 8,695,363	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 30,748,798 8,554,442
Subtotal	34,526,971	(6,790,125)	11,566,394	*	39,303,240
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Roads	129,298,407	6,790,125	1,018,792		137,107,324
Nonmotorized pathway					
improvements	10,528,151	9	529,604	8	11,057,755
Bridges	2,256,131	~	~	-	2,256,131
Drains	16,832,181		871,631		17,703,812
Buildings and improvements	47,082,932	2	607,494	-	47,690,426
Machinery and equipment	14,254,726	-	2,563,222	(312,390)	16,505,558
Land improvements	130,806	-	891,197	-	1,022,003
Library books	3,782,338		351,992	(320,323)	3,814,007
Subtotal	224,165,672	6,790,125	6,833,932	(632,713)	237,157,016
Accumulated depreciation:					
Roads	72,742,981	-	4,810,438	-	77,553,419
Nonmotorized pathway					
improvements	3,288,798	-	475,693	-	3,764,491
Bridges	1,153,247	-	83,847	-	1,237,094
Drains	10,073,972	2	672,892	-	10,746,864
Buildings and improvements	17,914,576	-	1,205,275	-	19,119,851
Machinery and equipment	11,161,311	-	1,060,692	(303,428)	11,918,575
Land improvements	5,232	4	40,880	` .	46,112
Library books	1,556,490		222,585	(320,323)	1,458,752
Subtotal	117,896,607	-	8,572,302	(623,751)	125,845,158
Net capital assets being depreciated	106,269,065	6,790,125	(1,738,370)	(8,962)	111,311,858
Net capital assets	\$ 140,796,036	\$ -	\$ 9,828,024	\$ (8,962)	\$ 150,615,098

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type Activities		Balance lly 1, 2016	Reclas	sifications	_	Additions	Di:	sposals	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2017
Capital assets not being depreciated:					_		_		_	
Land	\$	2,272,256	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	2,272,256
Construction in progress	_	261,074			_	1,055,749			_	1,316,823
Subtotal		2,533,330		ä		1,055,749		-		3,589,079
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Water and sewer distribution										
systems	1	87,199,248				3,479,736				190,678,984
Buildings and improvements		28,714,579		-		213,117		-		28,927,696
Machinery and equipment		2,154,041		~		442,433				2,596,474
Land improvements		236,599				-		(#X)	_	236,599
Subtotal	2	18,304,467		¥		4,135,286		*		222,439,753
Accumulated depreciation:										
Water and sewer lines		71,853,072		~		3,795,421		20		75,648,493
Buildings and improvements		10,336,674		-		777,413		(#C)		11,114,087
Machinery and equipment		1,570,890		8		156,544		(*)		1,727,434
Land improvements		28,392			_	9,464		27	_	37,856
Subtotal		83,789,028				4,738,842				88,527,870
Net capital assets being depreciated	_1	34,515,439			_	(603,556)		₩		133,911,883
Net capital assets	\$ 1	37,048,769	\$		\$	452,193	\$	-	\$	137,500,962

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	504,275
Public safety		870,991
Public works		6,444,951
Economic development		31,228
Recreation and culture		720,857
Total governmental activities	\$	8,572,302
Business-type activities:		
Water and sewer	\$	4,033,527
Ice arena		312,910
Senior housing	3	392,405
Total business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	4,738,842

Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Construction Commitments - The City has active construction projects at year end. At year end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Sp		Remaining Commitment		
Street construction	\$	3,643,044	\$	3,511,104	
Sidewalks and pathways		184,456		33,210	
Parking lots		590,536		496,169	
Building improvements		301,722		344,441	
Drains		196,695		745,489	
Water and sewer		553,044	_	269,145	
Total	\$	5,469,497	\$	5,399,558	

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

At June 30, 2017, the City had no outstanding interfund balances.

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount		
Due to/from Other Funds					
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	4,950		

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements are comprised of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount		
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund	\$	1,472,736	
, -	Other nonmajor governmental			
	funds		5,849,248	
	Water and Sewer Fund	_	240,000	
	Total nonmajor			
	governmental funds	<u>\$</u>	7,561,984	

Transfers between funds were primarily for operating purposes. The transfer from the Major Street Fund and Local Street Fund (both nonmajor governmental funds) was allowable per Act 51. The transfer between the Municipal Streets Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and the Street Improvement Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) was to fund current and future street improvement projects. The transfer between the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Program Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) was to fund capital-related projects.

Note 6 - Long-term Debt

The City issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Special assessment bonds provide for capital improvements that benefit specific properties, and will be repaid from amounts levied against those properties benefited from the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the City is obligated to provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources (such as tax sale proceeds or a reassessment of the district) are received. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Governmental Activities	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	Beginning Balance	_Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
General Obligation Bonds: 2002 Street and Refunding Bonds - Amount of issue: \$24,720,000	5.25%	\$1,425,000	\$ 1,425,000	\$ -	\$ 1,425,000	s -	s -	
2008 Unlimited Tax Library Bonds: Amount of issue: \$16,000,000 Maturing through 2027 2016 Unlimited Tax Library	3.75% - 5.00%	\$750,000 - \$765,000	3,765,000	•	750,000	3,015,000	750,000	
Refunding Bonds: Amount of issue: \$8,715,000 Maturing through 2027	2.00% - 4.00%	\$170,000 - \$1,390,000	8,715,000		165,000	8,550,000	170,000	
Total bonds payable			13,905,000		2,340,000	11,565,000	920,000	
Unamortized bond premium Accumulated compensated absences			1,280,301 1,989,403	1,995,376	128,030 1,989,403	1,152,271 1,995,376	1,410,218	
Total governmental activities			\$ 17,174,704	\$ 1,995,376	\$ 4,457,433	\$14,712,647	\$ 2,330,218	
Business-type Activities	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Special Assessment Bonds - 2003 Special Assessment Limited Tax Bonds: Amount of issue: \$2,330,000 Maturing through 2017 General Obligation Bonds: 2015 Senior Complex Recreation	4.00%	\$150,000	\$ 300,000	\$ -	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	
Facility Refunding Bonds: Amount of issue: \$9,075,000 Maturing through 2026 2014 Ice Arena Refunding Bonds:	2.29%	\$850,000 - \$1,020,000	9,075,000	,	855,000	8,220,000	875,000	
Amount of issue: \$4,905,000 Maturing through 2024	2.40%	\$480,000 - \$520,000	3,955,000		490,000	3,465,000	480,000	
Total bonds payable		4320,000	13,330,000	-	1,495,000	11,835,000	1,505,000	
Accumulated compensated absences			67,818	72,879	67,818	72,879	72,879	
Total business-type activities			\$ 13,397,818	\$ 72,879	\$ 1,562,818	\$11,907,879	\$ 1,577,879	

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Total interest expense for the year was \$693,768. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

	Go	vern	mental Acti	vitie	es Business-type Activities					es		
Year Ending June 30			Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2018	\$ 920,000	\$	424,100	\$	1,344,100	\$	1,505,000	\$	264,379	\$	1,769,379	
2019	965,000		390,250		1,355,250		1,380,000		229,650		1,609,650	
2020	1,015,000		355,450		1,370,450		1,380,000		197,624		1,577,624	
2021	1,070,000		314,100		1,384,100		1,345,000		165,758		1,510,758	
2022	1,135,000		267,700		1,402,700		1,350,000		134,476		1,484,476	
2023-2027	6,460,000	_	618,700	_	7,078,700	_	4,875,000	_	219,228	_	5,094,228	
Total	\$11,565,000	\$	2,370,300	\$	13,935,300	\$	11,835,000	\$	1,211,115	\$	13,046,115	

Defeased Debt - In prior years, the City defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for the bonds has been removed from the City's schedule of debt obligations. At June 30, 2017, \$9,485,000 of bonds outstanding is considered defeased.

Note 7 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for employee medical benefit claims, property and casualty claims, and for vehicle and contractor equipment damage. The City participates in the Michigan Municipal League (MML) risk pool for claims relating to workers' compensation. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past four fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal League risk pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

Note 7 - Risk Management (Continued)

The City estimates the liability for general liability claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported. This includes estimated deductible payments related to the Municipal Insurance Alliance for claims subsequent to July I, 2003.

	General Liability							
		2017	_	2016				
Estimated liability - Beginning of year	\$	162,490	\$	54,745				
Estimated claims incurred, including changes in								
estimates		179,605		228,155				
Claim payments		(81,131)	_	(120,410)				
Estimated liability - End of year	\$	260,964	\$	162,490				

Note 8 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description

Plan Description - The City participates in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan (MERS or MERS of Michigan), that covers all eligible full-time employees of the City. MERS was established as a statewide public employee pension plan by the Michigan Legislature under PA 135 of 1945 and is administered by a nine-member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report which includes the financial statements and required supplemental information of this defined benefit plan. This report can be obtained at www.mersofmichigan.com or in writing to MERS at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

Benefits Provided - The plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PA 427 of 1984, as amended, established and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS.

The MERS plan covers all eligible full-time employees of the City.

Note 8 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

General Nonunion (Administrative Staff) - Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2.5 percent of the employee's final three-year average salary times the employee's years of service with a retirement maximum benefit of 80 percent of final average compensation. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 55 with 25 years of service (unreduced), 55 with 15 years of service (reduced), or 50 with 25 years of service (reduced). The vesting period is 10 years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction with duty disability no less than 25 percent of the member's final average compensation. Death benefits are computed in the same manner as a regular retirement allowance and may be payable to a spouse or children. Employees are eligible for nonduty death benefits after meeting the vesting requirements for a regular pension. The vesting requirements are waived for duty-connected death benefits, and the minimum benefit is 25 percent of the deceased member's final average compensation. An employee who leaves service before vesting withdraws his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Members contribute 4.48 percent of their salary to fund benefits.

The defined benefit plan was closed to new hired members of this group effective May I, 2006.

POLC - Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2.8 percent of the employee's final three-year average salary times the employee's years of service with a retirement maximum benefit of 80 percent of final average compensation. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 55 with 25 years of service (unreduced) or 55 with 15 years of service (reduced). The vesting period is 10 years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction with duty disability no less than 20 percent of the member's final average compensation. Death benefits are computed in the same manner as a regular retirement allowance and may be payable to a spouse or children. Employees are eligible for nonduty death benefits after meeting the vesting requirements for a regular pension. The vesting requirements are waived for duty-connected death benefits, and the minimum benefit is 25 percent of the deceased member's final average compensation. An employee who leaves service before vesting withdraws his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Members contribute 9.24 percent of their salary to fund benefits.

The defined benefit plan was closed to new hired members of this group effective May I, 2006.

Note 8 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

Fire Local 3232 - Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2.5 percent of the employee's final three-year average salary times the employee's years of service with a retirement maximum benefit of 80 percent of final average compensation. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 50 with 25 years of service (unreduced) or 55 with 15 years of service (reduced). The vesting period is 10 years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction with duty disability no less than 25 percent of the member's final average compensation. Death benefits are computed in the same manner as a regular retirement allowance and may be payable to a spouse or children. Employees are eligible for nonduty death benefits after meeting the vesting requirements for a regular pension. The vesting requirements are waived for duty-connected death benefits, and the minimum benefit is 25 percent of the deceased member's final average compensation. An employee who leaves service before vesting withdraws his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Members contribute 6.33 percent of their salary to fund benefits.

The defined benefit plan was closed to new hired members of this group effective June 1, 2009.

General Union (Police Clerks) - Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2.5 percent of the employee's final three-year average salary times the employee's years of service with a retirement maximum benefit of 80 percent of final average compensation. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 50 with 25 years of service (reduced) or 55 with 15 years of service (reduced). The vesting period is 10 years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction with duty disability no less than 25 percent of the member's final average compensation. Death benefits are computed in the same manner as a regular retirement allowance and may be payable to a spouse or children. Employees are eligible for nonduty death benefits after meeting the vesting requirements for a regular pension. The vesting requirements are waived for dutyconnected death benefits, and the minimum benefit is 25 percent of the deceased member's final average compensation. An employee who leaves service before vesting withdraws his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Members contribute 3.89 percent of their salary to fund benefits.

The defined benefit plan was closed to new hired members of this group effective October I, 2011.

Note 8 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

MAPE - Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2.25 percent of the employee's final five-year average salary times the employee's years of service with a retirement maximum benefit of 80 percent of final average compensation. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 50 with 25 years of service (reduced) or 55 with 15 years of service (reduced). The vesting period is 10 years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction with duty disability no less than 25 percent of the member's final average compensation. Death benefits are computed in the same manner as a regular retirement allowance and may be payable to a spouse or children. Employees are eligible for nonduty death benefits after meeting the vesting requirements for a regular pension. The vesting requirements are waived for duty-connected death benefits, and the minimum benefit is 25 percent of the deceased member's final average compensation. An employee who leaves service before vesting withdraws his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Members contribute 2.45 percent of their salary to fund benefits.

The defined benefit plan was closed to new hired members of this group effective December 1, 2006.

Library - Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 1.7 percent of the employee's final five-year average salary times the employee's years of service. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 50 with 25 years of service (reduced) or 55 with 15 years of service (reduced). The vesting period is 10 years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction with duty disability no less than 25 percent of the member's final average compensation. Death benefits are computed in the same manner as a regular retirement allowance and may be payable to a spouse or children. Employees are eligible for nonduty death benefits after meeting the vesting requirements for a regular pension. The vesting requirements are waived for duty-connected death benefits, and the minimum benefit is 25 percent of the deceased member's final average compensation. An employee who leaves service before vesting withdraws his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Members contribute 3 percent of their salary under \$4,200 and 5 percent over \$4,200 to fund benefits.

The defined benefit plan was closed to new hired members of this group effective July 1, 2007.

Note 8 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

Appointed Officials - Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2.5 percent of the employee's final three-year average salary times the employee's years of service with a retirement maximum benefit of 80 percent of final average compensation. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 55 with 25 years of service (unreduced), 55 with 15 years of service (reduced), or 50 with 25 years of service (reduced). The vesting period is 10 years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction with duty disability no less than 25 percent of the member's final average compensation. Death benefits are computed in the same manner as a regular retirement allowance and may be payable to a spouse or children. Employees are eligible for nonduty death benefits after meeting the vesting requirements for a regular pension. The vesting requirements are waived for duty-connected death benefits, and the minimum benefit is 25 percent of the deceased member's final average compensation. An employee who leaves service before vesting withdraws his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Members contribute 2.43 percent of their salary to fund benefits.

The defined benefit plan was closed to new hired members of this group effective May I, 2006.

Dispatchers - Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2.5 percent of the employee's final three-year average salary times the employee's years of service with a retirement maximum benefit of 80 percent of final average compensation. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 50 with 25 years of service (unreduced) or 55 with 15 years of service (reduced). The vesting period is 10 years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction with duty disability no less than 25 percent of the member's final average compensation. Death benefits are computed in the same manner as a regular retirement allowance and may be payable to a spouse or children. Employees are eligible for nonduty death benefits after meeting the vesting requirements for a regular pension. The vesting requirements are waived for duty-connected death benefits, and the minimum benefit is 25 percent of the deceased member's final average compensation. An employee who leaves service before vesting withdraws his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Members contribute 4.11 percent of their salary to fund benefits.

The defined benefit plan was closed to new hired members of this group effective September I, 2011.

Note 8 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

COAM - Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2.5 percent of the employee's final three-year average salary times the employee's years of service with a retirement maximum benefit of 80 percent of final average compensation. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 50 with 25 years of service (unreduced) or 55 with 15 years of service (reduced). The vesting period is 10 years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction with duty disability no less than 25 percent of the member's final average compensation. Death benefits are computed in the same manner as a regular retirement allowance and may be payable to a spouse or children. Employees are eligible for nonduty death benefits after meeting the vesting requirements for a regular pension. The vesting requirements are waived for duty-connected death benefits, and the minimum benefit is 25 percent of the deceased members' final average compensation. An employee who leaves service before vesting withdraws his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Members contribute 6.44 percent of their salary to fund benefits.

HA-POLC - Members of this class of employees are eligible for a hybrid defined benefit defined contribution plan. These benefits are established by resolution of the City and negotiation with the collective bargaining unit representing these employees. Retirement benefits for employees participating in the hybrid plan are calculated as 1.5 percent of the employee's final three-year average salary times the employee's credited years of service. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 55 with 25 years of service (unreduced). The vesting period is six years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction with duty disability no less than 25 percent of the member's final average compensation. Death benefits are computed in the same manner as a regular retirement allowance and may be payable to a spouse or children. Employees are eligible for nonduty death benefits after meeting the vesting requirements for a regular pension. The vesting requirements are waived for duty-connected death benefits, and the minimum benefit is 25 percent of the deceased member's final average compensation. An employee who leaves service before vesting withdraws his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Members of this group are not required to contribute to fund benefits.

Benefit terms, within the parameters established by MERS, are generally established and amended by authority of the City Council, generally after negotiations of these terms with the affected unions. Police and fire employees benefit terms may be subject to binding arbitration in certain circumstances.

Note 8 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At the December 31, 2016 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	179
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	55
Active plan members	146
Total employees covered by MERS	380

Contributions - Article 9, Section 24 of the State of Michigan constitution requires that financial benefits arising on account of employee service rendered in each year be funded during that year. Accordingly, MERS retains an independent actuary to determine the annual contribution. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS retirement board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the active employee contribution rate ranged from 2.43 percent to 9.24 percent of annual pay and the City's annual contribution was \$3,197,158.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported at June 30, 2017 was determined using a measure of the total pension liability and the pension net position as of December 31, 2016. The December 31, 2016 total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of that date.

Note 8 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

Changes in the net pension liability during the measurement year were as follows:

		Increase (Decrease)					
Changes in Net Pension Liability		Total Pension Liability		Plan Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$	93,591,608	\$	54,990,980	\$	38,600,628	
Service cost		1,279,328		-		1,279,328	
Interest		7,325,066		~		7,325,066	
Differences between expected and actual experience		248,579		-		248,579	
Contributions - Employer		-		3,115,902		(3,115,902)	
Contributions - Employee		-		602,714		(602,714)	
Net investment income		=		6,176,312		(6,176,312)	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(5,335,884)		(5,335,884)			
Administrative expenses	-	(#)	_	(122,174)	_	122,174	
Net changes	_	3,517,089	1672 	4,436,870	_	(919,781)	
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	97,108,697	\$	59,427,850	\$	37,680,847	

Included in the net pension liability is \$36,187,239 related to governmental activities and \$1,493,608 related to business-type activities. Typically, the General Fund or the Water and Sewer Fund, based on whichever fund to which an employee is assigned and to which the employee's pension costs are charged, will be the fund to liquidate the net pension liability.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$5,680,341. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 337,151
Changes in assumptions	1,652,810
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	
pension plan investments	2,217,441
Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the	
measurement date	 264,569
Total	\$ 4,471,971

Note 8 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows. These amounts are exclusive of the employer contributions to the plan made subsequent to the measurement date (\$264,569), which will impact the net pension liability in fiscal year 2018, rather than pension expense.

Years Ending June 30	Amount
2018	\$ 1,886,186
2019	1,886,186
2020	804,353
2021	(369,323)

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 %	
Base salary increases	3.75 %	The pay increase assumption used in the actuarial valuation projects annual pay increases of 3.75% in the long-term, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.00 %	Net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on a 50 percent male and 50 percent female blend of the following tables

- The RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, with rates multiplied by 105 percent
- 2. The RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables
- 3. The RP-2014 Juvenile Mortality Tables

For disabled retirees, the mortality rates were based on the 50 percent male - 50 percent female blend of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers.

Note 8 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

Projected Cash Flows

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of December 31, 2016, the measurement date, for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Global equity	58 %	5.0 %	
Global fixed income	20	2.2	
Real assets	12	4.2	
Diversifying strategies	10	6.6	

The preceding target allocation was amended as of January 1, 2017 to reduce the previous allocation to global equity and global fixed income and to increase the allocation of real assets and diversifying strategies. The target allocation as of January 1, 2017 will be 55.5 percent global equity, 18.5 percent global fixed income, 13.5 percent real assets, and 12.5 percent diversifying strategies.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is I percentage point lower (7.00 percent) or I percentage point higher (9.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease (7.00%)	Discount Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)	
Net pension liability of the City	\$ 48,833,097	\$ 37,680,847	\$ 28,262,912	

Note 8 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report found at www.mersofmich.com. The plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the plan. The plan uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Investments are stated at fair value. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Note 9 - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Effective May I, 2006, December I, 2006, July I, 2007, June I, 2009, September I, 2011, and October I, 2011, all new administrative, MAPE, library, full-time firefighter employees, dispatchers, and police clerks, respectively, will participate in the MERS Defined Contribution (DC) program. Administrative employees hired prior to May I, 2006 had the irrevocable option to transfer from the Defined Benefit (DB) program to the DC program on December I, 2006. MAPE employees hired prior to December I, 2006 had an irrevocable option to transfer from the DB program to the DC program on June I, 2007.

The City and each member contribute a percentage of eligible earnings to an individual account established for each participant. For the administrative and MAPE groups, the City's contribution rate is 8 percent and the employee's contribution rate is 3 percent. For the dispatch and fire groups, the City's contribution rate is 10 percent and the employee's contribution rate is 6 percent. For the police clerks group, the City's contribution rate is 8 percent and the employee's contribution rate is 6 percent. For the library group, the City's contribution rate is 6 percent and the employee's contribution rate is 3 percent.

All contributions are remitted to a third-party plan administrator. The DC plan maintains a schedule of vesting, with the participants becoming fully vested upon completion of seven years of continuous service. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the City Council in accordance with city policies, union contracts, and MERS plan provisions. There were 103 members participating in the DC plan as of June 30, 2017. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the City contributed \$443,665 to the plan.

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits - GASB No. 45

Plan Description - Please refer to Note 11 for plan description detail.

Funding Policy - The collective bargaining units require a contribution by the participant for 20 percent of annual premiums. Retiree healthcare costs are recognized when paid by the City. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City made payments for postemployment health benefit premiums of \$34,105 paid out of the General Fund for individuals that retired prior to June 30, 1994 and \$617,207 paid into the Retiree Health Care Benefits Trust Fund for individuals retiring after June 30, 1994 in accordance with the annual required contribution as determined by the City's actuary. The Retiree Health Care Benefits Trust Fund has a net position of \$27,315,165 as of June 30, 2017, which is 105.8 percent of the actuarial accrued liability of \$25,811,118 as of June 30, 2015.

Funding Progress - The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City has estimated the cost of providing retiree healthcare benefits through an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The valuation computes the ARC, which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a closed period not to exceed 22 years. This following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the changes in the net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution (recommended)	\$ (617,207)
Interest on the prior year's net OPEB obligation	78,206
Less adjustment to the annual required contribution	(88,785)
Annual OPEB cost	(627,786)
Amounts contributed:	
Payments of current premiums	34,105
Advance funding	617,207
Increase in net OPEB asset	23,526
OPEB asset - Beginning of year	977,574
OPEB asset - End of year	\$ 1,001,100

The annual OPEB costs, the percentage contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB asset for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	_	Costs	Percentage Contributed	Ne	t OPEB Asset
6/30/17	\$	627,786	103.7 %	\$	1,001,100
6/30/16		879,127	102.9		977,574
6/30/15		881,656	114.0		952,218

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits - GASB No. 45 (Continued)

The funding progress of the plan is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (Percent) (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	Ratio of UAAL to Covered Payroll
7/1/11	\$ 14,924,821	\$ 24,313,035	\$ 9,388,214	61.4 %	\$ 13,511,225	69.5 %
6/30/13	19,291,291	23,188,007	3,896,716	83.2	11,995,155	32.5
6/30/15	24,374,995	25,811,118	1,436,123	94.4	12,101,246	11.9

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented above, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at June 30, 2015. In the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the individual entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.0 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.0 percent after 10 years. Both rates included a 3.0 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was set equal to the reported market value of assets. The UAAL is being amortized using a level dollar method over a closed period of 22 years.

Note II - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan - GASB No. 74

During the year, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. This statement required changes to the actuarial valuations resulting in a different measurement of the liability of the employer(s) to plan members for benefits provided through the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan. As a result, the disclosures within the OPEB plan footnotes have changed considerably, along with the related schedules in the required supplemental information.

Plan Description - The City provides healthcare benefits to most full-time employees upon retirement through a single-employer postemployment benefit plan. The City includes pre-Medicare retirees and their spouses in its insured healthcare plan. The City purchases Medicare supplemental insurance for retirees eligible for Medicare. This healthcare benefit plan is closed to all administrative employees hired after May 1, 2006, MAPE employees hired after December 1, 2006, full-time firefighter employees hired after June 1, 2009, dispatchers hired after September 1, 2011, police clerks hired after October 1, 2011, and POLC employees hired after April 1, 2012. These employees are enrolled into an individual retiree healthcare savings account. The benefits are provided under collective bargaining agreements. The plan does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement. Administrative costs are paid by the plan through employer contributions.

Plan Administration - The City of Novi, Michigan administers the City of Novi Retiree Health Care Plan (the "Plan"), a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions for most full-time employees of the City upon retirement.

Management of the Plan is vested with the City Council, which consists of seven elected members.

Plan Membership - At June 30, 2017, plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	72
Active plan members	153
Total	225

Benefits Provided - The Plan provides healthcare, prescription drug, and vision benefits for retirees and their dependents. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and 80 percent of the cost of benefits is covered by the Plan.

Contributions - Contribution rates are established by the collective bargaining units. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City contributed \$651,312 to the Plan. Active plan members are required to contribute 20 percent of annual premiums to the Plan.

Note II - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan - GASB No. 74 (Continued)

OPEB Plan Investments

Investment Policy - The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the City Council by a majority vote of its members. The following was the board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2017:

Assat Class	Target
Asset Class	Allocation (%)
Domestic large cap	45.00 %
Small/medium cap	25.00
Fixed income	25.00
Cash and cash equivalents	5.00

Rate of Return - For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense, was 12.2 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability

The City reports OPEB expense based on funding requirements, as directed by GASB Statement No. 45. Beginning next year, the City will adopt GASB Statement No. 75, which will require the measurement of OPEB expense as it is earned, rather than as it is funded. The net OPEB liability of the City has been measured as of June 30, 2017 and is composed of the following:

Total OPEB liability	\$	28,795,628
Plan fiduciary net position	_	(27,315,165)
Net OPEB liability	<u>\$</u>	1,480,463
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		95 %

Note II - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan - GASB No. 74 (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 %	
Healthcare cost trend rate	9.00 % Gradually decreasing to 4.0% i year 10	n
Salary increases	4.00 % Average, including inflation	
Investment rate of return	7.50 % Net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 20 years with Scale BB.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of June 30, 2015 for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic large cap	7.10 %
Small/medium cap	7.75
Fixed income	2.80
Corporate	1.40

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates.

Projected Cash Flows - Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Note I I - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan - GASB No. 74 (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is I percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or I percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

		I Percent		Current		I Percent
	_	Decrease (6.5%)	Discount Rate (7.5%)			Increase (8.5%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	5,524,058	\$	1,480,463	\$	(1,862,307)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 9.0 percent, decreasing to 4.0 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is I percentage point lower (8.0 percent, decreasing to 3.0 percent) or I percentage point higher (10.0 percent, decreasing to 5.0 percent) than the current rate:

				Current				
		I Percent	Hea	Ithcare Cost		I Percent		
		Decrease	T	rend Rate		Increase		
	(8.0	% Decreasing	(9.09	% Decreasing	(10.0% Decreasing to 5.0%)			
	15	to 3.0%)		to 4.0%)				
Net OPEB liability	\$	(2,264,889)	\$	1,480,463	\$	5,921,198		

Note 12 - Tax Abatements

The City uses the Industrial Facilities Tax exemption (PA 198 of 1974) to enter into agreements with local businesses to construct new industrial facilities or rehabilitate historical facilities. Under the program, the City grants reductions of 50 percent of the property tax bill for new property (or it can freeze taxable values for rehabilitation properties) for up to 12 years.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City abated \$104,703 of taxes under this program. There are no provisions to recapture taxes; however, the abatement may be eliminated if taxes are not paid timely.

Note 12 - Tax Abatements (Continued)

The City uses the Tool and Die Renaissance Recovery Zone exemption (PA 376 of 1996) to promote economic activity and to maintain or increase the number of jobs available to residents of the area and to temporarily reduce the amount of taxes paid by certain industries in the state that are facing difficult times (the tool and die industry in particular) enabling it to use the opportunity of reduced operation costs to reposition itself to compete globally. Under the program, the City grants reductions of 100 percent of the property tax bill until year six when the exemption is phased out in 25 percent increments. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 the City abated \$2,685 of taxes under this program. There are no provisions to recapture taxes.

The City uses the Commercial Rehabilitation Project exemption (PA 210 of 2005) to enter into agreements with local businesses to construct new facilities within the established Commercial Rehabilitation District. Under the program, the City grants reductions of 100 percent of the ad valorem property taxes. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City abated \$38,298 of taxes under this program. There are no provisions to recapture taxes.

Additionally, the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority, a discretely presented component unit, uses Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements under PA 381 of 1996 to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties. As a result of these agreements, the Brownfield's tax revenue is reduced. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Authority abated \$2,620 of taxes under this program. There are no provisions to recapture taxes.

There are no significant abatements made by other governments that reduce the City's tax revenue.

Note 13 - Joint Venture

The City is a member of the Resource Recovery and Recycling Authority of Southwest Oakland County (the "Authority"). The Authority is incorporated by the cities of Farmington, Farmington Hills, Novi, South Lyon, Southfield, Walled Lake, and Wixom and the Charter Township of South Lyon. The City appoints one member to the Authority's governing board, which then approves the annual budget. The Authority receives its operating revenue from member contributions and miscellaneous income. The financial information of the Authority as of June 30, 2017 can be obtained from the Authority's administrative offices at 20000 W. 8 Mile Road, Southfield, Michigan. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future.

Note 14 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which addresses reporting by governments that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. This OPEB standard will require the City to recognize on the face of the financial statements its net OPEB liability. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplemental information (RSI). The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2018.

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, which establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of governments and improves guidance for accounting and financial reporting related to how these activities should be reported. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017, which addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pension and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the 2017-2018 fiscal year.

In May 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, which improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the 2017-2018 fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Note 14 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases, which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

Required Supplemental Information

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Revenue						
Taxes						
Current property taxes	\$ 16,292,153	\$ 21,131,286	\$ 21,210,275	\$ 78,989		
Trailer fees	8,000	9,400	9,406	6		
Penalty and interest	170,000	176,130	176,128	(2)		
Total taxes	16,470,153	21,316,816	21,395,809	78,993		
Licenses, Permits, and Charges						
for Services	4,617,476	4,391,676	4,554,495	162,819		
Intergovernmental Revenue						
State-shared revenue	4,428,392	4,598,392	4,640,673	42,281		
Federal grants	58,000	61,800	61,025	(775)		
Total intergovernmental revenue	4,486,392	4,660,192	4,701,698	41,506		
Fines and Forfeitures	570,000	495,000	481,697	(13,303)		
Interest Income	573,418	323,418	123,165	(200,253)		
Donations	1,500	1,500	1,082	(418)		
Other Revenue	714,970	676,411	758,315	81,904		
Transfers In	5,855,000		<u> </u>			
Total revenue	33,288,909	31,865,013	32,016,261	151,248		
Expenditures						
City Council						
Personnel services	36,119	36,197	36,114	83		
Supplies	550	280	116	164		
Other services and charges	14,450	11,642	11,604	38		
Total City Council	51,119	48,119	47,834	285		
City Manager						
Personnel services	487,627	493,227	493,206	21		
Supplies	1,500	2,500	2,315	185		
Other services and charges	127,275	190,675	105,881	84,794		
Total city manager	616,402	686,402	601,402	85,000		

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) (Continued) General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Expenditures (Continued)						
Finance and Purchasing						
Personnel services	\$ 885,009	\$ 795,809	\$ 781,918	\$ 13,891		
Supplies	13,200	8,085	5,285	2,800		
Other services and charges	74,289	76,104	73,458	2,646		
Total finance department	972,498	879,998	860,661	19,337		
Information Technology						
Personnel services	684,254	704,820	704,839	(19)		
Supplies	34,405	29,171	29,170	1		
Other services and charges	182,712	209,733	209,723	10		
Capital outlay	140,234	153,171	150,517	2,654		
Total information technology	1,041,605	1,096,895	1,094,249	2,646		
Assessing						
Personnel services	633,367	571,651	566,293	5,358		
Supplies	25,200	16,965	16,272	693		
Other services and charges	149,265	131,346	122,847	8,499		
Capital outlay	25,000	22,222	22,222	-		
Total assessing	832,832	742,184	727,634	14,550		
City Attorney						
Other services and charges	761,000	657,200	629,960	27,240		
Capital outlay	50,000	15,000	4,845	10,155		
Total city attorney	811,000	672,200	634,805	37,395		
City Clerk						
Personnel services	566,850	575,351	555,500	19,851		
Supplies	40,741	35,858	35,788	70		
Other services and charges	210,872	233,379	230,420	2,959		
Capital outlay		8,274	8,274			
Total city clerk	818,463	852,862	829,982	22,880		
Treasury						
Personnel services	253,801	266,591	262,831	3,760		
Supplies	31,000	28,659	24,374	4,285		
Other services and charges	61,607	46,158	42,274	3,884		
Total treasury	346,408	341,408	329,479	11,929		

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) (Continued) General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Origin	nal Budget	Amer	nded Budget		Actual	Α	iance with mended Budget
Expenditures (Continued)								
Facility Operations								
Personnel services	\$	311,741	\$	329,316	\$	319,313	\$	10,003
Supplies		23,500		28,695		27,244		1,451
Other services and charges		421,870		514,005		479,992		34,013
Capital outlay		143,439		162,789	_	117,316	_	45,473
Total facility operations		900,550		1,034,805		943,865		90,940
Parks Maintenance								
Personnel services		727,604		745,621		742,200		3,421
Supplies		21,500		34,373		32,918		1,455
Other services and charges		294,650		256,431		250,311		6,120
Capital outlay		32,000		476,765		185,178		291,587
Allocated to other funds	23	(339,605)	_	(367,897)	_	(367,898)	_	
Total facility operations		736,149		1,145,293		842,709		302,584
Human Resources								
Personnel services		349,494		316,214		316,193		21
Supplies		1,000		2,380		2,380		*
Other services and charges		131,363		106,263		70,012		36,251
Capital outlay				15,000	_	5,808	_	9,192
Total human resources		481,857		439,857		394,393		45,464
Community Relations								
Personnel services		424,537		338,009		335,123		2,886
Supplies		10,900		16,195		12,680		3,515
Other services and charges		382,708		472,412		432,429		39,983
Allocated to other funds		(65,485)		-				
Program expenditures	-	1,000	_	1,000		921	_	79
Total community relations		753,660		827,616		781,153		46,463
Public Safety - Police Department								
Personnel services	1	0,817,761		10,846,440		10,799,196		47,244
Supplies		260,000		280,950		274,192		6,758
Other services and charges		1,112,952		1,137,842		1,086,114		51,728
Capital outlay		387,675		401,012		390,659		10,353
Allocated to other funds	-	-	_	(1,238,982)	_	(1,238,982)	_	
Total public safety - Police department	1	2,578,388		11,427,262		11,311,179		116,083
Public Safety - Fire Department								
Personnel services	3	4,407,691		4,401,840		4,385,453		16,387
Supplies		156,845		192,845		180,078		12,767
Other services and charges		623,189		684,494		646,867		37,627
Capital outlay	2	535,820		548,950	_	548,948	_	2
Total public safety - Fire department		5,723,545		5,828,129		5,761,346		66,783

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) (Continued) General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budge	et Am	ended Budget		Actual		ariance with Amended Budget
Expenditures (Continued)							
Community Development - Building Division							
Personnel services	\$ 1,524,499	9 \$	1,490,411	\$	1,489,857	\$	554
Supplies	33,200	0	26,144		26,140		4
Other services and charges	145,893	3	385,533		362,013		23,520
Capital outlay	50,000	0	48,094		48,094		-
Allocated to other funds	(17,000	0)		_	- 2	_	
Total community development - Building division	1,736,59	2	1,950,182		1,926,104		24,078
Community Development - Planning Division							
Personnel services	469,80	7	463,162		463,143		19
Supplies	7,450	0	5,430		3,311		2,119
Other services and charges	103,567	7	152,016		63,931		40
Capital outlay	80,000	0_	80,000		•	_	80,000
Total community development - Planning division	660,824	4	700,608		530,385		82,138
Department of Public Services							
Personnel services	3,159,233	3	2,816,691		2,715,877		100,814
Supplies	128,700	0	170,207		152,876		17,331
Other services and charges	1,241,30	7	1,280,038		1,082,724		197,314
Capital outlay	1,123,230	0	2,073,775		1,597,816		475,959
Allocated to other funds	(1,997,78		(2,008,944)		(1,857,045)		(151,899)
Maintenance	66,000	3.50	23,000	_	21,780	_	1,220
Total department of public works	3,720,686	6	4,354,767		3,714,028		640,739
Recreation and Culture							
Personnel services	46,689	9	46,828		46,655		173
Supplies	9,64	2_	9,503	_	5,023	_	4,480
Total recreation and culture	56,33	1	56,331		51,678		4,653
Transfers Out	450,000	0	1,494,000	_	1,472,736		21,264
Total expenditures	33,288,90	9 _	34,578,918		32,855,622	_	1,635,211
Net Change in Fund Balance			(2,713,905)		(839,361)		1,874,544
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	13,745,20	2_	13,745,202	_	13,745,202	_	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 13,745,202	2 \$	11,031,297	\$	12,905,841	\$	1,874,544

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Schedule is built prospectively upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 68)

T I D		Year Ended une 30, 2017		Year Ended une 30, 2016		Year Ended une 30, 2015
Total Pension Liability		1 070 200		1 400 754		1 405 407
Service cost	\$	1,279,328	\$	1,402,754	\$	1,495,687
Interest		7,325,066		6,983,009		6,687,807
Changes in benefit terms		-		23,615		:
Differences between expected and actual		240 570		201 422		
experience		248,579		301,433		•
Changes in assumptions		-		3,305,619		
Benefit payments, including refunds	-	(5,335,884)	_	(4,731,967)	_	(4,385,711)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		3,517,089		7,284,463		3,797,783
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year	_	93,591,608	_	86,307,145	_	82,509,362
Total Pension Liability - End of year	\$	97,108,697	<u>\$</u>	93,591,608	<u>\$</u>	86,307,145
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - Employer	\$	3,115,902	\$	3,024,626	\$	3,648,998
Contributions - Employee		602,714		652,652		712,076
Net investment income (loss)		6,176,312		(898,140)		3,399,244
Administrative expenses		(122, 174)		(124,928)		(126,196)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(5,335,884)		(4,731,967)		(4,385,711)
Other	_		_		_	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		4,436,870		(2,077,757)		3,248,411
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year	_	54,990,980		57,068,737	_	53,820,326
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of year	\$	59,427,850	<u>\$</u>	54,990,980	<u>\$</u>	57,068,737
City's Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	37,680,847	\$	38,600,628	\$	29,238,408
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		61.20 %		58.76 %		66.12 %
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	10,614,530	\$	11,371,927	\$	12,101,246
City's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		355.0 %		339.4 %		241.6 %

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of City Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_	2017		2016		2015	_	2014	_	2013	-	2012	_	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	3,137,158	\$	3,054,597	\$	2,628,762	\$	2,475,532	\$	2,144,511	\$	2,380,929	\$	2,486,069	\$	2,188,904	\$	2,231,166	\$	1,965,244
actuarially determined contribution	_	3,137,158	_	3,054,597	_	2,628,762	_	2,475,532	_	2,144,511	_	2,380,929	_	2,486,069	_	2,188,904	_	2,231,166	_	1,965,244
Contribution Deficiency	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		5	-	\$		5		\$		5	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	10,614,530	\$	11,371,927	\$	12,101,246	\$	11,995,155	\$	12,338,686	\$	13,511,225	\$	13,817,418	\$	15,929,804	\$	16,092,414	\$	15,605,658
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		29.6 %		26.9 %		21.7 %		20.6 %		17.4 %		17.6 %		18.0 %		13.7 %		13.9 %		12.6 %

Notes to Schedule of City Contributions

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Valuation date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 18 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal

year in which the contributions are required.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of pay, closed

Remaining amortization period 13 - 24 years (depends on division)

Asset valuation method 10-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 4.5 - 17.5 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.25 percent

Retirement age Experience-based tables of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality 50 percent male - 50 percent female blend of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table

Other information None

Required Supplemental Information Retiree Health Care System Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2017

The schedule of funding progress as determined by an actuarial valuation for the purpose of determining the annual required contribution is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (Percent) (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
7/1/11	\$ 14,924,821	\$ 24,313,035	\$ 9,388,214	61.4 %	\$ 13,511,225	69.5 %
6/30/13	19,291,291	23,188,007	3,896,716	83.2	11,995,155	32.5
6/30/15	24,374,995	25,811,118	1,436,123	94.4	12,101,246	11.9

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of June 30, 2015, the latest actuarial valuation, follows:

Individual entry age
Level dollar, closed
23 years
Market value
7.5%
4.3% - 17.0%
3.0%
None

Note to Required Supplemental Information Year Ended June 30, 2017

Budgetary Information - The City is legally subject to the budgetary control requirements of State of Michigan P.A. 621 of 1978 (the "Uniform Budgeting Act"). The following is a summary of the requirements of this act according to the State Treasurer's *Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan*, dated April 1982 as amended by P.A. 493 of 2000:

- a. Budgets must be adopted for the General Fund and special revenue funds.
- Budgeted expenditures cannot exceed budgeted revenue and fund balance.
- c. The budgets must be amended when necessary.
- d. Public hearings must be held before budget adoptions.
- e. Expenditures cannot exceed budget appropriations.
- f. Expenditures must be authorized by a budget before being incurred.

The City adopts a formal budget for the General Fund and all special revenue funds. A comparison of the budget with statements of actual revenue and expenditures, including budget variances, for the General Fund is presented as required supplemental information. A comparison of the budget with statements of actual revenue and expenditures, including budget variances, for the nonmajor governmental funds is presented as other supplemental information.

The budget is adopted by category within activity (i.e., personal services, supplies, other services and charges, and capital outlay within each department). Although spending estimates are produced for each line item, budgetary control is exercised at this category level. Expenditures at this level must be approved by the City Council. Expenditures at this level in excess of budget appropriation are a violation of Michigan law.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to the third Monday in April, the city manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to the third Monday in May, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.

During the current year, the budgets were approved and amended in a legally permissible manner.

Note to Required Supplemental Information (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2017

The budget has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except that transfers have been included in the "revenue" and "expenditure" categories, rather than as "other financing sources (uses)." A reconciliation of the budgetary comparison schedules to the fund-based statement of changes in fund balance is as follows:

		Total
	Total Revenue	Expenditures
General Fund:		
Amounts per operating statement	\$ 32,016,261	\$ 31,382,886
Operating transfers budgeted as revenue and expenditures	8	1,472,736
Amounts per budget statement	\$ 32,016,261	\$ 32,855,622

Required Supplemental Information OPEB Plan Schedule of Changes in the City's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (Schedule is built prospectively upon implementation of GASB No. 74)

	_	2017
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	440,432
Interest		2,030,554
Changes in benefit terms		=
Differences between expected and actual experience		(86,522)
Changes in assumptions		*
Benefit payments, including refunds	_	(885,353)
Net Increase in Total OPEB Liability		1,499,111
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of year	_	27,296,517
Total OPEB Liability - End of year	<u>\$</u>	28,795,628
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer	\$	617,207
Contributions - Active and inactive plan members not yet receiving benefits		<u> </u>
Net investment income		3,399,591
Administrative expenses		(245,933)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(885,353)
Other	_	
Net Increase in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2,885,512
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year	_	24,429,653
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of year	<u>\$</u>	27,315,165
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	1,480,463
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability		94.86 %
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	10,712,843
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		13.8 %

Required Supplemental Information OPEB Plan Schedule of City Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2017	_	2016	_	2015		2014	_	2013		2012		2011	_	2010		2009	_	2008
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	617,207	\$	871,702	\$	875,196	\$	1,393,087	\$	1,399,119	\$	1,498,004	\$	1,500,006	\$	1,430,047	\$	1,453,481	\$	1,345,454
actuarially determined contribution	_	651,312		904,483	_	1,005,247	_	1,525,297	_	1,635,624	_	1,596,469	_	1,586,557		1,553,667	_	1,616,857	_	1,733,454
Contribution (Excess) Deficiency	\$	(34,105)	<u>\$</u>	(32,781)	\$	(130,051)	5	(132,210)	<u>\$</u>	(236,505)	\$	(98,465)	<u>\$</u>	(86,551)	<u>\$</u>	(123,620)	\$	(163,376)	<u>\$</u>	(388,000)
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	10,711,843	\$	12,101,246	\$	12,101,246	\$	11,995,155	\$	11,995,155	\$	13,511,225	\$	13,511,225	\$	15,929,804	\$	15,929,804	\$	13,605,857
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		6.1 %		7.5 %		8.3 %		12.7 %		13.6 %		11.8 %		11.7 %		9.8 %		10.1 %		12.7 %

Notes to Schedule of City Contributions

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Valuation date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in

which the contributions are required.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method

Entry-age normal

Amortization method Remaining amortization period Level dollar, closed

22 years

Asset valuation method

Market value of assets

Inflation

2.75 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates

9.0 percent, gradually decreasing to 4.0 percent in year 10

Salary increases

4.0 to 17.0 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return

7.5 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality The RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 20 years with Scale 8B

Other information

There were no benefit changes during the year.

Required Supplemental Information OPEB Plan Schedule of Investment Returns Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	12.2 %

Other Supplemental Information

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Funds Fund Descriptions

Major Street Fund: The Major Street Fund's purpose is to account for expenditures associated with the construction and maintenance needs of the major street portion (as defined by State Act 51) of the City's street network. Of the 187.47 total centerline miles that make up the City of Novi road network, the City has 43.5 centerline miles of major streets. Financing is primarily provided by the City's share of state gas and weight taxes.

Local Street Fund: The Local Street Fund's purpose is to account for expenditures associated with the construction and maintenance needs of the City's 143.97 centerline miles of local streets as defined by State Act 51. Financing is provided by the City's share of state gas and weight taxes and transfers from other funds.

Municipal Streets Fund: The Municipal Streets Fund is used to enhance the Major and Local Street Funds and to provide matching funds for county roads. This fund accounts for a City Charter-authorized property tax millage to supplement the Major and Local Street Funds that have limited resources due to the reliance on the state gas and weight tax.

Police and Fire Fund: The revenue for this fund is generated from property taxes in accordance with a special City Charter millage that was authorized to supplement the operations of the police and fire departments, including payment for personnel-related expenditures and for the purchase of fire trucks, apparatus, and equipment. The fund was closed during 2017, resulting in all future activity being reported in the General Fund.

Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Services Fund: The departments within this fund administer all parks, recreation, and cultural services operations, including strategic direction, policy development, resource identification, and serves as the liaison to the Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Services Commission and the Novi Parks Foundation.

Tree Fund: This fund was established to cover most of the cost of City tree replacement and future maintenance costs. Proceeds vary from year to year and come from fines, fees paid by developers, and street tree maintenance charges pursuant to the City Charter and Code of Ordinances.

Drain Revenue Fund: This fund includes a special property tax millage that was approved for the purpose of improving and maintaining the City's regional and arterial detention system.

PEG Cable Fund: This fund was established to track the revenue and expenditures related to providing cable services to the City, including cable franchise revenue and cable production fees.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund: This fund records federal grant monies passed through to the City from Oakland County. These funds are used to support the youth assistance program and minor home repair program.

Forfeiture Fund: This fund records all receipts and expenditures relating to federal, state, local, and OWI, forfeited and legally restricted, funds relating to narcotic trafficking, money laundering, state laws, and ordinances.

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Funds Fund Descriptions (Continued)

Library Fund: Novi Public Library provides the resources and programs to support the educational, cultural, informational, and recreational needs of its diverse community. The Library supports intellectual freedom and access to information resources for all, while maintaining the privacy of its patrons and providing a safe and secure environment. The Library is funded primarily from property taxes in accordance with a special City Charter millage.

Library Contribution Fund: In May 2004, the City of Novi, Michigan's library received a generous gift of \$1,000,000 from Charles and Myrtle Walker for use in the replacement or expansion of the then-existing library building. The Library Board also entered into a Library Building Fund Gift Agreement with the Walker family to encourage additional donations. The Library has continued to receive donations. As of January 1, 2014, the restrictions on the use of these funds expired.

Rubbish Collection Fund: On May 23, 2016, City Council approved a contract for the collection of solid waste, recycling, yard waste, and other services. This fund was established to account for the rubbish collection activities.

Street Lighting (West Oak Street) Fund: This fund was established by a vote of the City Council to account for a special assessment levy to provide street lighting to West Oak Street.

Street Lighting (West Lake Drive) Fund: This fund was established by a vote of the City Council to account for a special assessment levy to provide street lighting to West Lake Drive.

Street Lighting (Town Center Street) Fund: This fund was established by a vote of the City Council to account for a special assessment levy to provide street lighting to Town Center Street.

2002 Street and Refunding Debt Fund: This fund was established to account for annual debt service payments for a bond that was issued for paving purposes, the remaining park debt, and the fire debt. The annual debt service is paid from property tax collections authorized by a voter-approved millage. The bond was paid in full and the fund was closed as of June 30, 2017

2008 Library Construction Debt Fund: This fund was established to account for annual debt service payments for a bond that was issued to construct a new library building. The annual debt service is paid from property tax collections authorized by a voter-approved millage.

Special Assessment Revolving Fund: This fund is used to account for the construction of capital assets funded in whole or in part by long-term special assessment debt. The City has self funded previous projects and has elected to maintain the cumulative interest as well as the initial General Fund contribution in this fund. All future uses of this fund will be determined as part of the City's annual capital improvement plan (CIP).

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Funds Fund Descriptions (Continued)

Capital Improvement Program: This fund is used to account for the collection and corresponding expenditures related to the August 2016 voter-approved CIP millage (I mill) to be levied beginning on July 1, 2017.

Street Improvement Fund: As of fiscal year 2013-2014, the City Council has elected to transfer the remaining unspent balances for ongoing construction projects in the Major, Local, and Municipal Street funds into this separate capital improvement fund until completion. The City expects all projects in this fund to be completed before the end of the following fiscal year.

Gun Range Facility Fund: As of July 1, 2014, the City Council has elected to place the gross revenue from users of the gun range facility (previously in the General Fund) into a separate capital project fund to be used toward planned future capital improvements.

Drain Perpetual Maintenance Fund: A citizen's committee has been established to oversee the building and maintenance of the drain system. This fund was initially created with allocations from the Drain Fund. Additional revenue has come from tap fees for properties connecting to regional systems. The intent is to build an investment base in which earnings will eventually cover the cost of maintaining the system and reduce or eliminate the need for the Drain Fund millage.

						Special Rev	enue	Funds				
Assets	1	1ajor Street Fund	1	Local Street Fund	s	Municipal treets Fund	Pol	ice and Fire Fund	an	Parks, ecreation, ad Cultural rvices Fund		Tree Fund
	4		-				1628		2			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	372,496 158,953	\$	278,948 747,153	\$	280,325 3,417,664	\$	•	\$	131,734	\$	154,054 4,159,342
Investments Accounts receivable:		130,733		/4/,133		3,117,004		•		1,324,430		4,137,342
Special assessments		12		2		24.589		0.0		023		127
Other		12		5		21,307		- 3		31,269		2.1
Due from other governmental units		623,976		218,441		2		- 5		31,207		
Prepaids and other assets		-		-		-		-		473		-
Trepared and other assets	-	. A.S.	-		-						-	
Total assets	\$	1,155,425	5	1,244,542	\$	3,722,578	<u>\$</u>		\$	1,487,934	\$	4,313,396
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	528,668	\$	602,078	\$	359,733	\$		\$	139,784	\$	158,003
Due to other funds				1.0		•	0.00		*	100	00000	(.
Refundable deposits		-		-		-				7,949		270
Accrued and other liabilities	_		_	(*)	_	297,818	_		_	62,841	_	312,946
Total liabilities		528,668		602,078		657,551		9		210,574		470,949
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Unavailable revenue												
Other		-				2		-		2,200		220
Special assessments		-				24,589				-		-
Grants	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Total deferred inflows of												
resources				200		24,589				2,200		(#S
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable - Prepaids		*		5 * 0						473		(**)
Restricted:												
Roads		626,757		642,464		3,040,438				-		
Public safety		-		540				•		*		3,900
Debt service		-		5400		-		-		-		
Infrastructure improvements		-				2		-				
Parks, recreation, and cultural services		5		-		2		•		1,274,687		-
Library		- 1		•		- 5				ā		•
Storm water systems				•		•		•				
Tree replacement and maintenance										8		3,842,447
Street lighting improvements		-				5		-		-		
PEG access support fees				•		5		•				
Assigned for infrastructure improvements Unassigned				(#)		-		-		-		:#3 :#8
Takal Arad Laborana	_	626,757	-	642,464	_	3.040.438				1,275,160		3,842,447
Total fund balances	-	020,737	-	512,101	_	2,0 10, 130	_		_	1,2,3,130	×-	2,0 (2, 7)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,155,425	\$	1,244,542	\$	3,722,578	<u>\$</u>	- 2	<u>\$</u>	1,487,934	\$	4,313,396

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

_	Drain Revenue Fund	P	EG Cable Fund	Des	ommunity velopment ock Grant Fund	F	orfeiture Fund	Lib	rary Fund	-	Library contribution Fund	_	Rubbish Collection Fund		est Oak Street hting Fund	Dri	est Lake ive Street nting Fund		n Center Street ting Fund
\$	32,181 2,480,566	\$	40,825 333,407	\$	36	\$	12,720 446,730	\$	76,783 1,974,570	\$	70,422 1,629,020	\$	50,566 260,331	\$	44,157 -	\$	3,117 -	\$	7,378 -
					3										2				
	1,51		275,760				*						8,235						
					38,386		*		10 470		*		3.5		~		95		•
_	592	_		-		_		_	18,478	_	<u> </u>	_		_		-		_	
\$ 2	1,512,747	<u>\$</u>	649,992	<u>\$</u>	38,386	\$	459,450	\$ 2	,069,831	<u>\$</u>	1,699,442	<u>\$</u>	319,132	<u>\$</u>	44,157	<u>\$</u>	3,117	<u>\$</u>	7,378
\$	304,883	\$	1,658	\$	33,436	\$	967	\$	167,998	\$	1,496	\$	319,132	\$	1,890	\$	752	\$	5,090
					4,950				500		-				- 5				-
	2,000		5,700				-		61,343						-		8.		
7	306,883		7,358		38,386		967		229,841		1,496)); 	319,132		1,890		752	_	5,090
	· -		-		ē				-										
_	(₹) (₹)	_	•	_	1,487	_	<u>.</u>	O <u>-</u>	**	_		RU)				10	10		*
			٠		1,487		#		٠		8				*				
			*		8		¥		18,478		¥		*		8		-		•
	(·				=						2				2				
							458,483								9		2.0		-
	1.75						*						*		5		3.55		350
			8.00		- 1		•		(*)				•		Ō		S-2		
	1000		190						1,821,512		1,697,946		- 0		- 0		200		90
-	2,205,864														2		(e)		(m)
	(e-				-		*		8.00		¥						(*)		•
	0.65				-						-		2.0		42,267		2,365		2,288
	20		642,634		-				•		-		•		*		•		-
					(1,487)		Ž		•						•				•
	2,205,864	_	642,634		(1,487)		458,483		1,839,990		1,697,946	110			42,267		2,365	_	2,288
\$ 2	,512,747	\$	649,992	s	38,386	5	459,450	\$ 2	,069,831	s	1,699,442	s	319,132	\$	44,157	5	3,117	\$	7,378

		Debt Se	rvice	Funds		Capital Projects Funds				
Assets	Re	2 Street and funding bt Fund	C	008 Library onstruction Debt Fund		Special ssessment volving Fund		Capital provement Program	Street Improvement Fund	
ASSES										
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable:	\$	•	\$	352,141 -	\$	38,844 3,889,762	\$	296,378	\$ - 4,055,000	
Special assessments				*				500	•	
Other		•		-		:		1000		
Due from other governmental units		•		-				(*)	*	
Prepaids and other assets	_		_		_		_	•		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>		\$	352,141	\$	3,928,606	\$	296,378	\$ 4,055,000	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	293,885	\$ -	
Due to other funds			8	-	2.0	2				
Refundable deposits		-		-		-		200		
Accrued and other liabilities	_		_	11,000	_	- 4	_	50		
Total liabilities				11,000				293,885		
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Unavailable revenue										
Other						-			-	
Special assessments				-		-				
Grants			_		_					
Total deferred inflows of resources		2				2				
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable - Prepaids		•		*		2		166	-	
Restricted: Roads		-		43		20		126	4.055.000	
Public safety		8		- 5		8		- 2	4,033,000	
Debt service				341,141		8			8	
Infrastructure improvements		8		2		3,928,606		1.9	- 2	
Parks, recreation, and cultural services		2				3,720,000		1.5	27	
Library						-			-	
Storm water systems				-						
Tree replacement and maintenance						-				
Street lighting improvements				-		-		-		
PEG access support fees						-			-	
Assigned for infrastructure improvements						·		2,493	(a)	
Unassigned	_	-	_		_	2	-			
Total fund balances	9	12.	=	341,141	_	3,928,606		2,493	4,055,000	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$		\$	352,141	<u>\$</u>	3,928,606	\$	296,378	\$ 4,055,000	

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

Capital		
Projects	Permanent	
Funds	Funds	
	Drain	Total
	Perpetual	Nonmajor
c .		The second second
Gun Range		
Facility Fun	d Fund	Funds
\$ 65,017	7 \$ 93,567	\$ 2,401,653
258,897	6,661,320	31,797,173
		24,589
10,400		325,664
		880,803 18,951
	-	10,751
\$ 334,314	\$ 6,754,887	\$ 35,448,833
\$ 17,821	ı s -	\$ 2,937,274
		4,950
-		8,449
-		753,648
17,821		3,704,321
		2,200
-	-	24,589
<u> </u>		1,487
•		28,276
	•	18,951
	-	8,364,659
316,493	-	774,976
-	-	341,141
-		3,928,606
-	-	1,274,687
	4 75 4 007	3,519,458
•	6,754,887	
	-	3,842,447 46,920
		642,634
		2,493
		(1,487)
316,493	6,754,887	31,716,236
\$ 334,314	\$ 6,754,887	\$ 35,448,833

			Special Re	venue Funds		
	Major Street	Local Street	Municipal	Police and Fire	Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	
	Fund	Fund	Streets Fund	Fund	Services Fund	Tree Fund
Revenue	2	20		25		(V)
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,931,808	\$	\$ 1,267,594 \$	
Federal grants	2 725 702	1.120.242	204 055	C#1		•
State-shared revenue and grants Charges for services	3,225,703	1,129,243	294,855		-	
Fines and forfeitures	730		500	1755		5
Interest and investment income (loss)	10,896	3,339	2,125	1.5	4,466	21,228
Rental income	10,676	3,337	2,125		4,400	21,220
Other revenue:		2		15	25	
Special assessments	2.0	2	14,507			
Local donations		1	14,307	1	4.762	-
Cable franchise fees	(B)	-		-	4,702	- 3
Recreational programs	(*)		150		1,421,613	
Miscellaneous		16,800	57,195		7,494	516,516
Total revenue	3,236,599	1,149,382	5,300,490	1000	2,705,929	537,744
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public safety	-			1,238,982		
Public services	2.055,163	3.516.478	1,763,351		:	411,961
Community and economic development	:•:		(*)			
Recreation and culture			(*):	(-	3,512,013	
Debt service:						
Principal				(m)	: • ÷	
Interest on long-term debt	- 2		Y 1991			*
Total expenditures	2,055,163	3,516,478	1,763,351	1,238,982	3,512,013	411,961
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	1,181,436	(2,367,096)	3,537,139	(1,238,982)	(806,084)	125,783
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	-	2,324,106		1.0	450,000	
Transfers out	(1,250,000)		(4,504,106)		
Total other financing (uses) sources	(1,250,000)	2,324,106	(4,504,106	<u> </u>	450,000	•
Net Change in Fund Balances	(68,564)	(42,990)	(966,967) (1,238,982)	(356,084)	125,783
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	695,321	685,454	4,007,405	1,238,982	1,631,244	3,716,664
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 626,757	\$ 642,464	\$ 3,040,438	<u>s -</u>	\$ 1,275,160	3,842,447

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

Drain Rev Fund		PEG Cable Fund	Devel Block	munity opment c Grant und		rfeiture Fund	Lil	brary Fund	c	Library Contribution Fund	800	Rubbish Collection Fund		Vest Oak eet Lighting Fund	D	West Lake Orive Street ghting Fund	Stre	vn Center et Lighting Fund
\$ 698	3,072	s -	\$		\$		\$	2,537,262	\$		\$	3.0	\$		\$		\$	
		150	1	111,720		144,458		•				853		7		100		
8	3,000	3.00		*		218,937		36,210		*				•		2066		
	•	(#)		*						*:		1,777,346		*				
-	-							179,852		- T.		-		*				•
5	,879	1,170		-		1,956		4,109		7,146		2,758		34		2		34
	•	(*)		-				•		-								•
	20	-		2		763		2		2		3.0		7,529		3,300		
				2				2,571		1,092		-				-		-
		369,702						•										-
	*											•				37		-
29	,674					05	_	82,378	_	27,925	_	20,610	_		_	(%)	_	250
741	,625	370,872	1	111,720		365,351		2,842,382		36,163		1,800,714		7,563		3,302		34
		-				167,834		2		£				×				
2,295	,835	-						*		- 1		1,823,450		8,540		3,250		51,189
	-	97,900		79,275				-		3		-		-		V.		
	•	(* /)		-		1/(2)		2,757,501		10,029				::		7/ 9 3		
	•					350				-						190		· ·
	_			<u> </u>	_	3943	_		_		_		_		_		_	(4)
2,295	,835	97,900		79,275		167,834	_	2,757,501	_	10,029	_	1,823,450	_	8,540	_	3,250	_	51,189
(1,554	1,210)	272,972		32,445		197,517		84,881		26,134		(22,736)		(977)		52		(51,155
	-							-				22,736						• :
	•		-			982	_		_		_		_	•	_		_	; * 5
							_	<u> </u>	_	*	_	22,736		3	_	-		
(1,554	,210)	272,972		32,445		197,517		84,881		26,134				(977)		52		(51,155
3,760	,074	369,662		(33,932)		260,966	_	1,755,109		1,671,812	_	(*)	_	43,244	_	2,313	_	53,443
	,864	\$ 642,634	353	(1,487)		458,483		1,839,990		1,697,946	10	783	5	42,267	1	2,365	20	2,288

	_	Debt Sen	vice	Funds	_		apit	tal Projects Fu	nd	
		2 Street and unding Debt Fund	c	2008 Library Construction Debt Fund		Special Assessment evolving Fund	Capital Improvement Program		lı	Street mprovement Fund
Revenue	1040	2000000							7.0201	
Property taxes	\$	749,253	\$	1,507,421	\$	*	\$		\$	
Federal grants				-						
State-shared revenue and grants		-		-				396		
Charges for services		-		-						
Fines and forfeitures		200		2.00		0		1		
Interest and investment income (loss)		156		263		17,246		(16,793)		
Rental income		-		•		-		(•)		-
Other revenue;										
Special assessments		-		-		-		•		*
Local donations		•		2		-		-		-
Cable franchise fees		-		-		•				•
Recreational programs				•				-		
Miscellaneous	_		_		_		_		_	-
Total revenue		749,409		1,507,684		17,246		(16,793)		37.0
Expenditures										
Current:										
Public safety		34		2		2		2,847,771		-
Public services		476		-		475		270,660		4,071,874
Community and economic development		-		-				14		
Recreation and culture				475		- 6		202,283		
Debt service:										
Principal		1,425,000		915,000				1,000		
Interest on long-term debt	_	37,556	_	417,464	_		_		_	
Total expenditures	-	1,463,032	_	1,332,939	_	475	_	3,320,714	_	4,071,874
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(713,623)		174,745		16,771		(3,337,507)		(4,071,874)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in				95,142				1,240,000		3,430,000
Transfers out	_	(95,142)	_					15.	_	•
Total other financing (uses) sources		(95,142)		95,142		2		1,240,000		3,430,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(808,765)		269.887	_	16,771		(2,097,507)	-	(641,874)
		808,765		71,254		3,911,835		2,100,000		4,696,874
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		000,765	-		-		-	7.02.20.000	-	NAC STREET, SACRESS
Fund Balances - End of year	<u>\$</u>	-	5	341,141	\$	3,928,606	\$	2,493	\$	4,055,000

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

Capital Projects Fund Gun Range Facility Fund	Permanent Funds Drain Perpetual Maintenance Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,691,410
7	5.5	256,178
-		4,912,948
-		1,777,346
		179,852
1,396	29,370	96,780
104,000	-	104,000
2		25,336
-		8,425
		369,702
•	•	1,421,613
11,574		770,166
116,970	29,370	21,613,756
17,820		4,272,407
-		16,272,702
-	•	177,175
-		6,482,301
		2,340,000
		455,020
17,820		29,999,605
99,150	29,370	(8,385,849)
		7,561,984
-		(5,849,248)
		1,712,736
99,150	29,370	(6,673,113)
217,343	6,725,517	38,389,349
\$ 316,493	\$ 6,754,887	\$ 31,716,236

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Major Street Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		iginal Budget Unaudited)		Amended Budget Unaudited)	_	Actual		ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue	120				027		94	
Gas and weight tax	\$	3,411,852	\$	3,411,852	\$	3,225,703	\$	(186,149)
Interest income		2,730		2,730		10,896		8,166
Other revenue - Transfers from other funds	:	755,000	_	1.80	_			<u></u>
Total revenue		4,169,582		3,414,582		3,236,599		(177,983)
Expenditures - Current - Public services								
Construction		2,820,882		889,858		866,762		23,096
Routine and capital preventive								
maintenance		795,000		723,150		679,058		44,092
Traffic services		260,000		250,500		240,186		10,314
Winter maintenance		435,000		268,000		265,907		2,093
Administration		3,400		3,250		3,250		~ =
Transfers to other funds	9		_	1,250,000		1,250,000	_	
Total expenditures	-	4,314,282	_	3,384,758	_	3,305,163	_	79,595
Net Change in Fund Balance		(144,700)		29,824		(68,564)		(98,388)
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	·	695,321	_	695,321	_	695,321	_	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	550,621	\$	725,145	\$	626,757	\$	(98,388)

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Local Street Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		iginal Budget Unaudited)	_(Amended Budget Unaudited)		Actual		ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue								
Gas and weight tax	\$	1,191,854	\$	1,191,854	\$	1,129,243	\$	(62,611)
Interest income		3,846		2,796		3,339		543
Other revenue:								
Transfers from other funds		2,755,000		2,488,200		2,324,106		(164,094)
Miscellaneous	_			1,050	_	16,800		15,750
Total revenue		3,950,700		3,683,900		3,473,488		(210,412)
Expenditures - Current - Public services								
Construction		2,574,640		2,078,330		2,057,640		20,690
Routine and capital preventive								
maintenance		907,000		1,255,538		1,106,894		148,644
Traffic services		125,000		145,020		114,512		30,508
Winter maintenance		340,000		241,000		234,182		6,818
Administration	_	3,400	_	3,250	_	3,250		
Total expenditures	_	3,950,040	_	3,723,138	_	3,516,478		206,660
Net Change in Fund Balance		660		(39,238)		(42,990)		(3,752)
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	685,454	_	685,454	_	685,454	(I)	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	686,114	\$	646,216	\$	642,464	\$	(3,752)

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Municipal Streets Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Or	riginal Budget		Amended Budget		Actual	V	ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$	4,864,695	\$	4,919,695	\$	4,931,808	\$	12,113
State-shared revenue and grants		245,000		238,300		294,855		56,555
Interest income		45,000		(65,000)		2,125		67,125
Other revenue:				A 23 (5)				
Special assessments		15,200		15,200		14,507		(693)
Other miscellaneous income	_	35,000	_	110,552	_	57,195	211	(53,357)
Total revenue		5,204,895		5,218,747		5,300,490		81,743
Expenditures - Current - Public services								
Construction		1,528,637		2,335,627		1,510,381		825,246
Routine and capital preventive								
maintenance		227,100		202,550		103,740		98,810
Administration		20,100		20,650		20,650		-
Winter maintenance		250,000		191,000		128,580		62,420
Transfers to other funds		3,510,000	_	4,668,200	_	4,504,106		164,094
Total expenditures		5,535,837	_	7,418,027	_	6,267,457	207	1,150,570
Net Change in Fund Balance		(330,942)		(2,199,280)		(966,967)		1,232,313
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	4,007,405	_	4,007,405	_	4,007,405		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	3,676,463	\$	1,808,125	\$	3,040,438	\$	1,232,313

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Police and Fire Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		iginal Budget Unaudited)	_(Amended Budget (Unaudited)		Actual		ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue	10			·				
Property taxes	\$	4,623,317	\$	-	\$	=	\$	= 1
Interest income	_	46,683	_		_		_	
Total revenue		4,670,000		.=:		-8		-
Expenditures								
Public safety				1,238,982		1,238,982		
Transfers to other funds		5,855,000			_		_	-
Total expenditures		5,855,000		1,238,982	_	1,238,982	_	*
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,185,000)		(1,238,982)		(1,238,982)		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	57	1,238,982	_	1,238,982	_	1,238,982	_	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	53,982	\$	-	\$		<u>\$</u>	

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Services Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		iginal Budget Unaudited)		Amended Budget Unaudited)		Actual	100.00	ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$	1,240,051	\$	1,265,051	\$	1,267,594	\$	2,543
State sources		₩/		402,500				(402,500)
Interest income		25,531		7,531		4,466		(3,065)
Other revenue:								
Donations		23,000		23,730		4,762		(18,968)
Transfers from other funds		450,000		450,000		450,000		
Recreational programs		1,313,054		1,443,090		1,421,613		(21,477)
Miscellaneous	_	5,000	_	8,350	_	7,494	_	(856)
Total revenue		3,056,636		3,600,252		3,155,929		(444,323)
Expenditures - Current - Recreation and culture								
Personnel services		1,134,443		1,248,078		1,094,432		153,646
Supplies		68,680		66,153		47,930		18,223
Other services and charges	_	2,218,513	_	3,491,242	_	2,369,651	_	1,121,591
Total expenditures	_	3,421,636	_	4,805,473		3,512,013	_	1,293,460
Net Change in Fund Balance		(365,000)		(1,205,221)		(356,084)		849,137
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	1,631,244	_	1,631,244	_	1,631,244		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	1,266,244	\$	426,023	\$	1,275,160	<u>\$</u>	849,137

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Tree Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget (Unaudited)			Amended Budget Unaudited)	Actual		3833.43	riance with Amended Budget
Revenue								-
Interest income	\$	55,415	\$	10,415	\$	21,228	\$	10,813
Other revenue:								
Tree fund		330,000		424,875		494,391		69,516
Tree fund maintenance		10,000		22,125		22,125		
Total revenue		395,415		457,415		537,744		80,329
Expenditures - Current - Public services - Tree fund expenditures	:=	395,415	: <u> </u>	473,548	_	411,961		61,587
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(16,133)		125,783		141,916
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	-	3,716,664	_	3,716,664	_	3,716,664	_	
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$</u>	3,716,664	<u>\$</u>	3,700,531	<u>\$</u>	3,842,447	\$	141,916

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Drain Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget (Unaudited)			Amended Budget Unaudited)	Actual		Variance with Amended Budget		
Revenue	-						-		
Property taxes	\$	650,000	\$	698,000	\$	698,072	\$	72	
State-shared revenue and grants		° #		8,000		8,000			
Interest income		50,000		5,000		5,879		879	
Other revenue:									
Transfers from other funds		5		1,900,000		-		(1,900,000)	
Miscellaneous	_	10,000	_	29,600	_	29,674		74	
Total revenue		710,000		2,640,600		741,625		(1,898,975)	
Expenditures - Current - Public services									
Construction		1,174,146		5,475,502		1,480,750		3,994,752	
Maintenance		714,500		819,263		747,870		71,393	
Administration	_	113,468	_	82,798	_	67,215		15,583	
Total expenditures	_	2,002,114	_	6,377,563	_	2,295,835		4,081,728	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,292,114)		(3,736,963)		(1,554,210)		2,182,753	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	3,760,074	_	3,760,074	_	3,760,074		-	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	2,467,960	\$	23,111	\$	2,205,864	\$	2,182,753	

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - PEG Cable Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Loron Co.	ginal Budget Jnaudited)		Amended Budget [Unaudited]		Actual		riance with Amended Budget
Revenue	500	00.000.0000		ar mana		~		1000000000000
Interest income	\$	2,418	\$	2,418	\$	1,170	\$	(1,248)
Other revenue - Cable franchise fees		258,000	_	368,000	_	369,702	_	1,702
Total revenue		260,418		370,418		370,872		454
Expenditures - Current - Community and economic development								
Personnel services		221,718		243,112		201,329		41,783
Other services and charges	_	38,700	_	88,432	_	(103,429)		191,861
Total expenditures	_	260,418	_	331,544	_	97,900	_	233,644
Net Change in Fund Balance				38,874		272,972		234,098
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	369,662	_	369,662	_	369,662	_	•
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$</u>	369,662	\$	408,536	<u>\$</u>	642,634	\$	234,098

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Community Development Block Grant Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		ginal Budget Jnaudited)	(/50	Amended Budget Inaudited)	_	Actual	_	ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue - Federal grants	\$	75,000	\$	108,932	\$	111,720	\$	2,788
Expenditures - Current - Community and economic development		75,000	_	75,000		79,275		(4,275)
Net Change in Fund Balance				33,932		32,445		(1,487)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of year	;	(33,932)	_	(33,932)	<u>-</u>	(33,932)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of year	\$	(33,932)	\$	-	\$	(1,487)	\$	(1,487)

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Forfeiture Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		ginal Budget Jnaudited)		Amended Budget Jnaudited)	_	Actual	35.3773	riance with Amended Budget
Revenue			4.2				6000	
Federal forfeiture funds	\$	63,000	\$	145,218	\$	144,458	\$	(760)
State forfeiture funds		10,000		211,555		211,260		(295)
Interest income		2,500		2,500		1,956		(544)
Other revenue - Local forfeiture funds	_	1,000	_	7,677	_	7,677	_	
Total revenue		76,500		366,950		365,351		(1,599)
Expenditures - Current - Public safety								
Supplies		15,000		125,311		114,031		11,280
Other services and charges		20,000		53,328		53,328		-
Administration		500	_	475	_	475	_	
Total expenditures		35,500		179,114	_	167,834	_	11,280
Net Change in Fund Balance		41,000		187,836		197,517		9,681
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		260,966		260,966	_	260,966	_	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	301,966	<u>\$</u>	448,802	<u>\$</u>	458,483	\$	9,681

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Library Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		iginal Budget Unaudited)		Amended Budget Unaudited)		Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Revenue									
Property taxes	\$	2,491,457	\$	2,491,457	\$	2,537,262	\$	45,805	
State sources		29,000		29,000		36,210		7,210	
Fines and forfeitures		153,000		153,000		179,852		26,852	
Interest income		30,000		30,000		4,109		(25,891)	
Other revenue:								8	
Donations		6,000		6,000		2,571		(3,429)	
Miscellaneous		65,269	_	65,269	_	82,378	_	17,109	
Total revenue		2,774,726		2,774,726		2,842,382		67,656	
Expenditures - Current - Recreation and culture									
Personnel services		1,784,000		1,784,000		1,686,307		97,693	
Supplies		601,300		601,300		544,738		56,562	
Other services and charges	=	633,100	_	650,600	_	526,456	_	124,144	
Total expenditures	_	3,018,400	_	3,035,900	_	2,757,501	_	278,399	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(243,674)		(261,174)		84,881		346,055	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	1,755,109		1,755,109	_	1,755,109			
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	1,511,435	\$	1,493,935	\$	1,839,990	\$	346,055	

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Library Contribution Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget (Unaudited)		_(Amended Budget Unaudited)	Actual		2500	ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue	200	president and the state of	-		011	W-7	V	
Interest income	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	7,146	\$	(12,854)
Other revenue:								
Donations		12,000		5,500		1,092		(4,408)
Miscellaneous	_		_	6,500		27,925		21,425
Total revenue		32,000		32,000		36,163		4,163
Expenditures - Current - Recreation and culture - Other services and charges	_	32,000	_	13,000		10,029	_	2,971
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		19,000		26,134		7,134
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		1,671,812		1,671,812		1,671,812	W	-
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	1,671,812	<u>\$</u>	1,690,812	\$	1,697,946	<u>\$</u>	7,134

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Rubbish Collection Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	al Budget audited)		Amended Budget Unaudited)		Actual	.0000	riance with Amended Budget
Revenue								
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	1,795,000	\$	1,777,346	\$	(17,654)
Interest income		-		-		2,758		2,758
Transfers from other funds		-		44,000		22,736		(21,264)
Miscellaneous	9		_	17,000	_	20,610	_	3,610
Total revenue		-		1,856,000		1,823,450		(32,550)
Expenditures - Current - Public services - Rubbish disposal	-		_	1,856,000		1,823,450		32,550
Net Change in Fund Balance		**		-				3 = 3
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		-	_		_		-	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$		\$		\$_	₹•	\$	

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - West Oak Street Lighting Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		ginal Budget Inaudited)		Amended Budget Inaudited)	_	Actual		riance with Amended Budget
Revenue								
Interest income	\$	100	\$	100	\$	34	\$	(66)
Other revenue - Special assessments	-	7,529	_	7,529	_	7,529		
Total revenue		7,629		7,629		7,563		(66)
Expenditures - Current - Public services - Street lighting installation		10,000	_	10,000	_	8,540	_	1,460
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,371)		(2,371)		(977)		1,394
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	43,244	_	43,244	_	43,244	_	3 -8
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	40,873	\$	40,873	\$	42,267	\$	1,394

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - West Lake Drive Street Lighting Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		inal Budget naudited)	E	nended Budget naudited)		Actual	Variance with Amended Budget	
Revenue	242		12			520	2477	23
Interest income	\$	-	\$		\$	2	\$	2
Other revenue - Special assessments		3,300		3,300	_	3,300		3#
Total revenue		3,300		3,300		3,302		2
Expenditures - Current - Public services - Street lighting installation		3,300		3,500	_	3,250		250
Net Change in Fund Balance				(200)		52		252
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	7	2,313	_	2,313	_	2,313	-	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	2,313	\$	2,113	\$	2,365	\$	252

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Town Center Street Lighting Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		ginal Budget Inaudited)		Amended Budget Jnaudited)	01-	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget	
Revenue								
Interest income	\$	50	\$	50	\$	34	\$	(16)
Other revenue - Special assessments		15,000	_		_	:•)	-	
Total revenue		15,050		50		34		(16)
Expenditures - Current - Public								
services - Street lighting installation		15,050		53,493	ii)	51,189	o 	2,304
Net Change in Fund Balance		=		(53,443)		(51,155)		2,288
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	53,443		53,443	10	53,443		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	53,443	\$	•	\$	2,288	\$	2,288

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - 2002 Street and Refunding Debt Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	1000	ginal Budget Jnaudited)	56	Amended Budget Unaudited)		Actual	An	ance with nended udget
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$	736,652	\$	749,467	\$	749,253	\$	(214)
Interest income		800	_	800	_	156		(644)
Total revenue		737,452		750,267		749,409		(858)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public services - Other services and								
charges		500		475		476		(1)
Transfers to other funds		•		96,000		95,142		858
Debt service	_	752,169	_	1,462,557	_	1,462,556		
Total expenditures		752,669	_	1,559,032	_	1,558,174		858
Net Change in Fund Balance		(15,217)		(808,765)		(808,765)		
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	2	808,765	_	808,765	_	808,765		
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$</u>	793,548	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$	

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - 2008 Library Construction Debt Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		iginal Budget Unaudited)		Amended Budget Jnaudited)		Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Revenue									
Property taxes	\$	1,482,113	\$	1,492,113	\$	1,507,421	\$	15,308	
Interest income		500		500		263		(237)	
Transfers from other funds	_	-	_	96,000	_	95,142	_	(858)	
Total revenue		1,482,613		1,588,613		1,602,826		14,213	
Expenditures									
Current - Recreation and culture -									
Other services and charges		500		500		475		25	
Debt service	_	1,314,250	_	1,332,714	_	1,332,464		250	
Total expenditures		1,314,750	_	1,333,214	_	1,332,939	_	275	
Net Change in Fund Balance		167,863		255,399		269,887		14,488	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		71,254	_	71,254	_	71,254	_		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	239,117	\$	326,653	\$	341,141	\$	14,488	

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Capital Improvement Program Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Original Budget (Unaudited)		Amended Budget Unaudited)		Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Revenue									
Interest expense	\$		\$	*	\$	(16,793)	\$	(16,793)	
Transfers from other funds		: = 0		1,000,000		1,240,000		240,000	
Other miscellaneous income	_		_	484,460	_		_	(484,460)	
Total revenue		-		1,484,460		1,223,207		(261,253)	
Expenditures									
Public safety - Capital improvements		: e		3,081,432		2,847,771		233,661	
Current - Public services - Capital									
improvements				230,640		270,660		(40,020)	
Recreation and culture - Capital									
improvements	_	-	_	272,388	_	202,283	_	70,105	
Total expenditures	_	•	_	3,584,460	_	3,320,714	_	263,746	
Net Change in Fund Balance		100		(2,100,000)		(2,097,507)		2,493	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		2,100,000		2,100,000	_	2,100,000	_	-	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	2,100,000	\$		\$	2,493	<u>\$</u>	2,493	

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Special Assessment Revolving Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		riginal Budget (Unaudited)		Amended Budget (Unaudited)	_	Actual	100	ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue - Interest income	\$	65,000	\$	15,000	\$	17,246	\$	2,246
Expenditures - Current - Public services - Other services and charges		500	_	500	_	475	_	25
Net Change in Fund Balance		64,500		14,500		16,771		2,271
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		3,911,835	_	3,911,835	_	3,911,835	_	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	3,976,335	\$	3,926,335	\$	3,928,606	\$	2,271

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Street Improvement Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		riginal Budget (Unaudited)	_(Amended Budget (Unaudited)	_	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Revenue - Transfers from other funds	\$	-	\$	3,430,000	\$	3,430,000	\$	ě	
Expenditures - Current - Public services - Street construction	_		_	8,126,873		4,071,874		4,054,999	
Net Change in Fund Balance				(4,696,873)		(641,874)		4,054,999	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		4,696,874		4,696,874	_	4,696,874	-		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	4,696,874	\$	I	\$	4,055,000	\$	4,054,999	

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Gun Range Facility Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget (Unaudited)			Amended Budget Jnaudited)	_	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Revenue		2 000	.	2.000		1 204		//OA	
Interest income Licenses, permits, and charges for	\$	2,000	>	2,000	\$	1,396	\$	(604)	
services	_	110,000		110,000	_	115,574		5,574	
Total revenue		112,000		112,000		116,970		4,970	
Expenditures - Current - Public safety	-	-	_	25,000		17,820	_	7,180	
Net Change in Fund Balance		112,000		87,000		99,150		12,150	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		217,343	_	217,343	_	217,343	_	2	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	329,343	\$	304,343	\$	316,493	\$	12,150	

Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Drain Perpetual Maintenance Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		riginal Budget (Unaudited)		Amended Budget (Unaudited)		Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Revenue	-		-						
Interest income	\$	135,000	\$	12,000	\$	29,370	\$	17,370	
Tap-in fees		25,000		25,000		-		(25,000)	
Transfers to other funds	_		_	1,900,000				1,900,000	
Total revenue		160,000		(1,863,000)		29,370		1,892,370	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	6,725,517	_	6,725,517	_	6,725,517		•	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	6,885,517	\$	4,862,517	\$	6,754,887	\$	1,892,370	

Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

T	Balance at July 1, 2016			Additions	_	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2017		
Trust and Agency									
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	126,096	\$	191,317,791	\$	(191,420,619)	\$	23,268	
Investments		7,996,952		48,242,700		(47,625,367)		8,614,285	
Other	_		_	69,728	_	(69,728)	_	**	
Total assets	\$	8,123,048	\$	239,630,219	\$	(239,115,714)	<u>\$</u>	8,637,553	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	294,529	\$	5,766,120	\$	(5,456,446)	\$	604,203	
Due to other governmental units		218,220		177,136		(165,292)		230,064	
Due to builders and developers	_	7,610,299		143,818,642	_	(143,625,655)	_	7,803,286	
Total liabilities	\$	8,123,048	\$	149,761,898	\$	(149,247,393)	\$	8,637,553	

Other Supplemental Information Component Unit - Economic Development Corporation Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

	722 B	Modified crual Basis	A	djustments	Statement of Net Position		
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,901	\$	2.₩	\$	11,901	
Other asset		35,000	_		_	35,000	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	46,901	<u>\$</u>	-		46,901	
Fund Balance							
Restricted for noncurrent asset	\$	35,000	\$	(35,000)			
Unassigned		11,901	_	(11,901)	_		
Total fund balance	\$	46,901	\$	(46,901)	_	-	
Net Position - Unrestricted					\$	46,901	

Other Supplemental Information Component Unit - Economic Development Corporation Statement of Activities and Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Statement of Activities		
Revenue - Interest income	\$	9	\$ 9	
Fund Balance/Net Position - Beginning of year	_	46,892	 46,892	
Fund Balance/Net Position - End of year	\$	46,901	\$ 46,901	

Statistical Section

Statistical Section

This part of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplemental information says about the City's overall financial health.

The statistical section is organized into the following main categories:

Financial Trends - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.

Debt Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographics and Economic Information - These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources - Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

	June 30									
	-	2008	_	2009		2010	_	2011	_	2012
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	84,846,486	\$	95,693,089	\$	98,921,906	\$	101,958,721	\$	106,988,589
Restricted		44,064,821		43,593,310		45,653,695		42,916,961		41,427,834
Unrestricted	10	12,277,054	_	9,610,719	-	8,329,201	_	12,295,232		10,690,782
Total net position	\$	141,188,361	\$	148,897,118	\$	152,904,802	\$	157,170,914	<u>\$</u>	159,107,205
Business-type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	122,696,571	\$	123,683,939	\$	122,111,095	\$	120,045,947	\$	117,789,163
Restricted		9,253,056		8,680,849		8,429,638		8,175,188		7,494,295
Unrestricted		38,374,456	_	39,788,349	_	42,387,922		45,978,922	_	49,270,297
Total net position	\$	170,324,083	\$	172,153,137	\$	172,928,655	\$	174,200,057	\$	174,553,755
Primary Government in Total										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	207,543,057	\$	219,377,028	\$	221,033,001	\$	222,004,668	\$	224,777,752
Restricted		53,317,877		52,274,159		54,083,333		51,092,149		48,922,129
Unrestricted	-	50,651,510		49,399,068	_	50,717,123	_	58,274,154	2	59,961,079
Total net position	\$	311,512,444	\$	321,050,255	\$	325,833,457	\$	331,370,971	\$	333,660,960

Source: City's annual financial statements

Statistical Section Financial Trend Information Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

_					June 30				
_	2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017
\$	111,718,349 37,289,012 10,826,405	\$	113,868,196 35,240,527 (14,622,520)	\$	118,345,243 38,576,210 (15,525,832)	\$	126,474,197 37,216,395 (15,805,367)	\$	138,682,792 31,767,695 (20,402,611)
\$	159,833,766	\$	134,486,203	\$	141,395,621	<u>\$</u>	147,885,225	\$	150,047,876
\$	117,914,884 7,001,295 48,625,422	\$	116,089,327 1,136,154 58,721,199	\$	122,420,958 - 58,968,795	\$	123,718,769	\$	125,665,962
\$	173,541,601	\$	175,946,680	\$	181,389,753	<u>\$</u>	186,293,785	\$	191,824,683
\$	229,633,233 44,290,307 59,451,827	\$	229,957,523 32,593,320 44,098,679	\$	240,766,201 38,576,210 43,442,963	\$	250,192,966 37,216,395 46,769,649	\$	264,348,754 31,767,695 45,756,110
\$	333,375,367	\$	306,649,522	\$	322,785,374	\$	334,179,010	\$	341,872,559

	_			Fis	scal \	Year Ended June	30			
		2008	_	2009		2010		2011	_	2012
Expenses										
General government	\$	8,527,694	\$	6,857,555	\$	6,404,820	\$	6,315,571	\$	6,610,466
Public safety		20,006,508		19,619,207		18,735,448		18,331,488		16,793,073
Public services		9,993,071		10,898,774		9,831,873		11,548,677		10,729,285
Community and economic development		774,299		1,277,239		1,317,373		1,241,411		2,617,585
Recreation and culture		5,412,373		5,389,349		7,719,230		5,151,212		5,595,861
Interest on long-term debt	-	2,221,714		2,343,833	,	1,780,848		1,759,340	_	1,453,161
Total governmental activities		46,935,659		46,385,957		45,789,592		44,347,699		43,799,431
Program Revenue										
Charges for services:										
Public safety		2,688,989		1,486,140		1,780,059		2,438,917		3,181,849
Recreation and culture		1,212,573		1,132,512		1,210,039		1,300,084		1,422,483
Other activities		424,270		309,179	_	208,442	_	611,929	_	548,787
Total charges for services		4,325,832		2,927,831		3,198,540		4,350,930		5,153,119
Operating grants and contributions		3,271,673		3,915,138		3,391,897		3,620,833		3,511,329
Capital grants and contributions	-	1,023,837	_	1,882,357	_	1,070,050	_	2,176,263	_	804,764
Total program revenue	-	8,621,342	S	8,725,326	-	7,660,487		10,148,026		9,469,212
Net Expense		(38,314,317)		(37,660,631)		(38,129,105)		(34,199,673)		(34,330,219
General Revenue										
Property taxes		37,030,496		37,776,272		37,137,888		32,550,375		30,183,881
State-shared revenue		3,613,152		3,425,882		3,046,979		3,725,690		3,990,693
Unrestricted interest earnings		3,604,198		2,375,074		593,064		626,449		881,869
Unrealized gain on cash equivalents		2		-		1		-		14
Unrestricted cable television franchise fees		352,197		422,430		535,804		601,350		722,065
Miscellaneous	_	1,112,008	,-	1,369,730	_	823,054		961,921	_	466,110
Total general revenue		45,712,051	_	45,369,388		42,136,789	_	38,465,785	_	36,244,618
Transfers				(46)		540		2.4		21,892
Implementation of GASB Statement No. 68	_		_		_		_	- 24	,	
Change in Net Position	\$	7,397,734	\$	7,708,757	\$	4,007,684	\$	4,266,112	\$	1,936,291

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented by the City in fiscal year 2015. Fiscal year 2014 amounts shown have not been modified to reflect the retroactive implementation.

Source: City's annual financial statements

Statistical Section Financial Trend Information Changes in Governmental Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013		2014	_	2015	_	2016		2017
\$	6,943,746	\$	6,378,078	\$	6,073,981	\$	7,260,647	\$	5,064,097
50	16,191,890	82	17,216,678	8	17,649,289	- 33	18,811,184	48	22,712,180
	11,741,414		12,455,654		11,305,231		12,136,916		15,781,996
	2,699,301		3,072,448		3,065,875		3,954,669		3,565,698
	5,730,397		6,100,940		6,004,747		5,666,367		5,697,673
	1,059,437	_	963,702	_	839,175	_	777,562	_	399,077
	44,366,185		46,187,500		44,938,298		48,607,345		53,220,721
	3,186,862		1,198,711		1,026,876		1,017,405		986,285
	1,655,335		1,592,012		1,622,497		2,176,230		1,688,012
_	709,560	_	2,547,217	_	3,524,521	_	3,706,651	_	4,964,178
	5,551,757		5,337,940		6,173,894		6,900,286		7,638,475
	3,897,155		4,525,924		5,289,006		5,663,304		5,663,346
_	1,197,870	_	651,597	_	777,202	_	847,547	_	1,561,439
	10,646,782		10,515,461	_	12,240,102	_	13,411,137	_	14,863,260
	(33,719,403)		(35,672,039)		(32,698,196)		(35,196,208)		(38,357,461
	29,620,564		30,059,401		31,673,469		32,932,970		33,087,219
	4,074,589		4,170,809		4,696,805		4,963,301		4,651,780
	(770,389)		977,005		666,771		1,828,195		219,207
	(*)		459,611		1,465,406		627,210		1,017,539
	991,272		801,256		1,105,163		1,334,136		1,304,367
_	529,928	_	216,711	_		_		_	
	34,445,964	_	36,684,793	_	39,607,614	_	41,685,812	_	40,280,112
	:*:		(*)		*				240,000
	:	_	(26,360,317)	_	<u>*</u>		<u>.</u>		
\$	726,561	\$	(25,347,563)	\$	6,909,418	\$	6,489,604	\$	2,162,651

				Fise	cal Y	ear Ended June	e 30			
		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
Expenses										
Water and sewer	\$	18,816,944	\$	18,216,338	\$	18,043,772	\$	20,419,330	\$	23,771,121
Ice arena		1,785,941		1,755,459		1,669,542		1,704,596		1,710,615
Senior housing	_	1,829,889	_	1,736,707	_	1,575,178	-	1,577,697	_	1,541,251
Total expenses		22,432,774		21,708,504		21,288,492		23,701,623		27,022,987
Program Revenue										
Charges for services										
Water and sewer		15,842,032		16,460,328		16,359,420		18,494,973		20,627,062
Ice arena		2,096,064		2,020,838		2,067,836		2,078,643		2,003,689
Senior housing	_	1,821,871	_	1,801,742	_	1,804,069	_	1,903,346	_	1,944,912
Total charges for services		19,759,967		20,282,908		20,231,325		22,476,962		24,575,663
Capital grants and contributions	_	3,417,107	_	3,087,188	:: <u> </u>	1,443,974	_	2,002,749	_	2,172,991
Total program revenue	_	23,177,074	_	23,370,096	e-	21,675,299		24,479,711	_	26,748,654
Net Revenue (Expense)		744,300		1,661,592		386,807		778,088		(274,333)
General Revenue										
Unrestricted interest earnings (expense)		949,644		167,462		388,711		493,314		649,923
Miscellaneous			_			-			_	
Total general revenue (expense)		949,644		167,462		388,711		493,314		649,923
Transfers	_		_		_		_		_	(21,892)
Implementation of GASB Statement No. 68	_			-					_	19
Change in Net Position	\$	1,693,944	\$	1,829,054	\$	775,518	\$	1,271,402	\$	353,698

Source: City's annual financial statements

Statistical Section Financial Trend Information Changes in Business-type Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fisc	al Y	ear Ended June	30			
_	2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017
\$	24,025,098 1,919,478 1,537,409	\$	23,001,139 1,771,615 1,548,478	\$	24,413,229 2,107,211 1,556,956	\$	27,282,209 1,735,010 1,898,830	\$	25,569,364 1,657,727 1,393,543
	27,481,985		26,321,232		28,077,396		30,916,049		28,620,634
	22,398,469		21,663,401		21,474,451		24,666,297		24,184,714
_	2,104,536 1,968,900	_	2,143,962 1,992,761	_	2,171,061 2,004,464	-	2,202,031 2,020,797	_	2,132,426 2,037,187
	26,471,905 3,383,087		25,800,124 2,905,677		25,649,976 6,764,583		28,889,125 5,337,278		28,354,327 5,718,715
_	29,854,992	Ξ	28,705,801	_	32,414,559	_	34,226,403	_	34,073,042
	2,373,007		2,384,569		4,337,163		3,310,354		5,452,408
_	(885,154)		622,902 495,955	_	1,104,990 920	_	1,593,678		318,490
	(885,154)		1,118,857		1,105,910		1,593,678		318,490
-		_	is an engage and a	_		_		-	(240,000)
-	:	_	(1,098,347)	_		_	<u>:</u>	_	*
\$	1,487,853	\$	2,405,079	\$	5,443,073	\$	4,904,032	\$	5,530,898

					Year Ended June 30						
		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
General Fund											
Reserved	\$	172,263	\$	160	\$	y. e r	\$	500	\$	1186	
Unreserved		12,240,776		10,314,220		9,710,403		18		-	
Nonspendable - Prepaids		72		141		02		1,640			
Restricted:											
PEG access support fees				-		.*		103,988		252,758	
Public safety		12				12		/-		-	
Community				-		-		3.0			
Assigned - Subsequent year's budget				-				4,192,010		1,185,395	
Unassigned			_		_		_	7,119,437	_	8,126,447	
Total General Fund	\$	12,413,039	\$	10,314,220	<u>\$</u>	9,710,403	<u>\$</u>	11,417,075	<u>\$</u>	9,564,600	
All Other Governmental Funds											
Reserved	\$	21,943,866	\$	20,841,560	\$	9,892,542	\$		\$	-	
Unreserved, reported in:											
Special revenue funds		26,824,183		25,412,275		27,549,651				-	
Capital project funds		-		/#1		:•:		+		-	
Debt service funds		1,417,823		1,531,730		1,747,094				-	
Nonspendable - Prepaids										2,500	
Restricted:											
Contributions and donations		-		-		-		1,609,650		1,710,351	
Roads		-		-				5,263,318		6,168,785	
Cash and investments restricted for											
special assessments		-		16		161		5,077,212		4,577,626	
Storm water systems		-		-				10,430,045		10,194,378	
Parks, recreation, and cultural services		_								-	
Debt service		-		-				1,240,366		307,771	
Library								3,257,122		4,011,112	
Tree replacement and maintenance		-		-				1,248,144		1,519,721	
Law enforcement programs								438,121		617,763	
Public safety								3,273,244		4,975,211	
Street improvement						-		4			
Street lighting improvements		-		-				-			
PEG access support fees				-							
Infrastructure improvements		_		12				3,098,874		3,750,110	
Assigned:											
Subsequent year's budget						-		3,066,993			
Infrastructure improvements						-		7.55			
Unassigned	_		_	-	_		_	-	_		
Total all other governmental funds	\$	50,185,872	\$	47,785,565	\$	39,189,287	\$	38,003,089	\$	37,835,328	
Total	s	62,598,911	s	58,099,785	s	48,899,690	s	49,420,164	\$	47,399,928	

Source: City's annual financial statements

Note: For the year ended June 30, 2011, the City implemented GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions, which required changes in how governmental fund balance is reported. For purposes of this schedule, the City did not restate prior year fund balances.

Statistical Section Financial Trend Information Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
					-				-
	5,000		13,915		16,111		164,628		486,817
	179,147		272,654		3				
	120		2		27,894		22,958		21,907
	100		-		2,282		2,282		2,282
	661,639		-		981,736		1,884,723		1,408,718
_	7,965,778	_	9,203,448	_	11,329,627	_	11,670,611	_	10,986,117
\$	8,811,564	<u>\$</u>	9,490,017	<u>\$</u>	12,357,650	<u>\$</u>	13,745,202	<u>\$</u>	12,905,841
\$:e	\$		\$		\$		\$	
			ĕ		3		ĕ		ã
	345		-		¥		×		2
	160,337				*				
			5		200		5		18,951
	1,792,758		1,827,893						
	5,975,031		5,439,981		10,864,942		10,085,054		8,364,659
	4,474,222		90,030		-		-		:-
	10,174,456		11,629,249		11,203,541		10,485,591		8,960,751
	1,283,200		895,244		1,718,166		1,631,244		1,274,687
	25		212,251		667,085		880,019		341,141
	2,113,292		1,845,976		3,349,028		3,426,921		3,519,458
	1,485,961		1,578,060		2,494,798		3,716,664		3,842,447
	341,404		436,312		-		8		-
	3,711,468		2,754,278		2,306,217		1,717,291		774,976
	0.00		4,747,892		-		-		-
	(*)		*		94,218		99,000		46,920
	243		2		407,457		369,662		642,634
	3,721,329		3,783,361		3,806,154		3,911,835		3,928,606
	26		2				-		÷
	9		-		-		2,100,000		2,493
_				_	(15,848)	_	(33,932)	_	(1,487)
\$	35,233,458	<u>\$</u>	35,240,527	<u>\$</u>	36,895,958	<u>\$</u>	38,389,349	\$	31,716,236

			Year Ended June 30		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Revenue				-	
Taxes	\$ 37,030,496	\$ 37,776,272	\$ 37,137,888	\$ 32,550,376	\$ 30,183,881
Licenses, permits, and charges for services	3,100,389	1,825,491	1,981,548	2,900,982	3,749,548
Federal grants	270,420	483,550	346,722	488,948	132,764
State sources	6,651,174	7,032,331	5,926,318	6,621,830	7,294,974
Special assessments collected	1,371,526	1,438,220	1,523,589	1,351,415	1,459,685
Fines and forfeitures	658,388	1,262,933	1,019,185	828,789	839,107
Interest income (expense)	4,460,935	3,147,972	1,278,007	1,218,637	1,383,389
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments					
Recreational programs	962,418	967,156	1,064,430	1,090,881	1,221,521
Gifts and donations	49,346	49,226	110,815	38,662	95,322
Other revenue	1,197,343	1,601,451	989,212	1,935,916	878,923
Total revenue	55,752,435	55,584,602	51,377,714	49,026,436	47,239,114
Expenditures					
Current services:					
City Council	21,580	8,965	9,242	9,213	16,012
City manager	425,576	420,710	411,411	363,513	399,594
Finance department	876,915	906,598	812,468	815,502	780,995
Information technology	574,817	621,582	685,954	710,859	628,167
Assessing	791,884	881,136	841,391	727,995	776,554
City attorney	463,023	390,220	347,976	457,054	431,011
City clerk	543,327	636,981	565,152	520,796	496,005
Treasury	285,331	295,127	295,806	274,364	284,894
Facility Operations	960,778	1,669,302	1,154,049	889,803	754,658
Human Resources (3)				418,994	394,009
Neighborhood and business relations group (1)	578,654	717,049	685,791	646,080	787,153
General administration	1,870,418	1,728,883	1,598,772	1,380,374	1,738,906
Public safety - Police department	11,125,764	11,840,227	11,464,834	11,481,373	11,225,698
Public safety - Fire department	5,209,761	6,351,188	4,813,234	4,730,832	4,540,765
Community development - Building division (2)	2,495,615	2,012,522	1,438,146	1,343,440	1,383,833
Community development - Planning division (2)	743,118	615,171	625,365	617,048	519,896
Neighborhood services				2007000-000	
Department of public services	998,536	1,177,144	2,254,978	2,416,375	2,419,815
Engineering	364,198	476,489			•
Planning Commission	7,912	9,909	3,366	6,168	699
Construction	6,301,555	7,629,512	14,589,987	2,272,800	4,983,542
Street maintenance	2,840,343	3,125,742	2,366,408	2,780,785	1,992,964
Drain maintenance	547,477	610,898	635,237	580,337	713,607
Recreational programs	1,921,020	2,039,331	1,942,282	1,795,604	2,233,255
Forestry and park maintenance	1,155,892	912,323	200,962	63,47B	41,539
Library programs	2,529,724	2,531,152	2,578,916	2,704,689	2,636,714
Other	1,430,650	184,026	317,621	360,327	82,438
Capital outlay	2,684,008	2,847,879	503,397	544,706	674,518
Debt service principal	9,525,000	7,075,000	7,325,001	7,685,000	6,855,000
Debt service interest and other	2,207,990	2,368,662	1,955,810	1,818,453	1,489,001
Advance refunding escrow		:	109,181		
Total expenditures	59,480,866	60,083,728	60,532,737	48,415,962	49,281,242
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over Expenditures	(3,728,431)	(4,499,126)	(9,155,023)	610,474	(2,042,128)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Refunding bonds issued	16,000,000	-	4,895,000		,
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent			(5,030,072)		
Transfers in	12,277,286	7,638,046	6,097,096	10,289,946	5,118,792
Transfers out	(12,277,286)	(7,638,046)	(6,097,096)	(10,289,946)	(5,096,900
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,000,000	:	(135,072)		21,892
Net Change in Fund Balances	12,271,569	(4,499,126)	(9,290,095)	610,474	(2,020,236
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	50,327,342	62,598,911	58,099,785	48,809,690	49,420,164
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 62,598,911	\$ 58,099,785	\$ 48,809,690	\$ 49,420,164	\$ 47,399,928
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital					
Expenditures	19.9%	15.7%	15.3%	22.8%	21,8%

Source: City's annual financial statements

⁽¹⁾ Formerly "community relations"

(2) Formerly "building, planning, and neighborhood services" combined into "community development"

(3) Formerly combined with "general administration"

Statistical Section Financial Trend Information Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
29,620,564	\$ 30,059,401	\$ 31,673,469	\$ 32,932,970	\$ 33,087,219
4,190,121	3,848,403	3,521,819	4,542,923	4,005,981
284,254	148,755	209,247	218,425	317,203
7,685,394	8,114,209	6,442,213	9,435,462	9,553,621
1,574,637	1,678,070	1,878,475	1,604,014	25,336
856,128	1,054,660	639,474	757,403	661,549
(60,470)	985,526	657,786	1,470,887	1,029,297
	506,264	155,435	391,211	(809,352
1,431,391	1,360,141		1,441,691	1,421,613
159,548	42,406	332,799	157,434	9,507
919,882	1,360,540	5,212,877	3,407,902	4,328,04
46,661,449	49,158,375	52,723,594	56,360,322	53,630,017
10,051	10,911	42,436	44,292	47,834
423,711	399,885	508,805	605,833	601,402
711,615	649,156	856,709	906,575	860,661
693,974	864,178	774,627	1,058,956	1,094,249
892,586	800,480	717,972	680,102	727,634
384,736	375,926	707,655	736,524	634,805
528,894	491,137	709,602	725,047	829,983
313,156	285,976	320,633	314,398	329,475
1,087,948	919,912	1,131,978	1,172,435	1,786,574
408,611	423,452	422,818	414,577	394,393
960,416	846,432	943,332	1,260,956	958,328
2,104,447	1,596,090	2,419,173		
	50000 00000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0		2,395,339	3,749,428
11,376,197	11,746,975	11,809,219	11,954,737	15,583,586
4,548,565	5,110,195	4,742,808	4,979,561	5,761,346
1,449,296	1,554,167	1,597,622	2,088,270	1,926,104
489,065	586,948	513,832	736,558	530,385
2,693,588	2,960,570	173,913	255,647	746,075
6,744		2	ē	
4,015,306	3,652,031	5,947,254	8,075,475	10,330,583
2,592,208	3,616,794	3,601,702	3,760,085	5,160,645
409,935	426,799			Statute:
2,254,135	2,345,313	2,377,159	3,772,846	3,765,97
		1242223		smarran d
2,712,163	2,843,791	2,815,266	2,779,842	2,768,00
135,451				9
2,170,216	1,555,065	727,121		
5,205,000	3,450,000	3,505,000	4,051,000	2,340,000
1,103,341	960,680	833,894	818,163	455,020
				-
49,681,355	48,472,853	48,200,530	53,587,218	61,382,491
(3,019,906)	685,522	4,523,064	2,773,104	(7,752,474
4,165,000	586		9,995,301	
(4,500,000)			(9,887,462)	3
8,263,793	13,758,461	13,615,847	13,834,940	7,561,984
(8,263,793)	(13,758,461)	(13,615,847)	(13,834,940)	(7,321,984
(335,000)			107,839	240,000
(3,354,906)	685,522	4,523,064	2,880,943	(7,512,474
47,399,928	44,045,022	44,730,544	49,253,608	52,134,551
44,045,022	\$ 44,730,544	\$ 49,253,608	\$ 52,134,551	\$ 44,622,077

Taxable Value by Property Type
Real Property

Tax Year	Fiscal Year	_	Residential	_	Commercial	_	Industrial	Devel	opmental	_	IFT	_	Pe	rsonal Property
2007	2008	\$	2,259,983,800	\$	840,511,130	\$	249,293,980	\$	-	\$			\$	200,617,830
2008	2009		2,238,676,260		875,710,130		257,605,110		-			-		210,456,740
2009	2010		2,118,748,880		934,816,000		268,208,590							233,170,160
2010	2011		1,862,673,780		900,544,230		220,883,480		-					220,466,950
2011	2012		1,781,997,870		923,404,500		53,530,570		-			-		220,678,540
2012	2013		1,809,105,200		846,638,040		44,245,120		-			-		220,345,290
2013	2014		1,892,836,510		815,093,230		40,453,090		-			-		223,698,750
2014	2015		1,984,120,840		822,896,230		38,788,580		*					225,066,560
2015	2016		2,087,604,500		840,859,240		37,269,450							239,836,740
2016	2017		2,169,188,620		878,201,150		38,362,030							237,292,830

Note: Under Michigan law, the revenue base is taxable value.

Source: City's assessor's department records/State Tax Commission

Statistical Section Revenue Capacity Information Taxable Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total Taxable Value	Tax Rate (mills)	3	State Equalized Value (SEV)	Taxable Value as a Percent of SEV
\$ 3,550,406,740	10.5416	\$	3,946,241,780	90
3,582,448,240	10.5416		3,876,954,790	92
3,554,943,630	10.5416		3,742,061,910	95
3,204,568,440	10.5416		3,321,184,600	96
2,979,611,480	10.5416		3,063,922,590	97
2,920,333,650	10.2000		3,004,330,340	97
2,972,081,580	10.2000		3,099,733,610	96
3,070,872,210	10.2000		3,365,191,110	91
3,205,569,930	10.2000		3,704,488,760	87
3,323,044,630	9.9500		3,952,090,850	84

City of Novi

Fiscal Year	General	Municipal Street	Police and Fire	Parks and Recreation	Drain Revenue	Library	Debt Service	Total
2008	4.8287	0.7719	1.4282	0.3857	0.5105	0.7719	1.8447	10.5416
2009	4.8287	0.7719	1.4282	0.3857	0.3590	0.7719	1.9962	10.5416
2010	4.9027	0.7719	1.4282	0.3857	0.1765	0.7719	2.1047	10.5416
2011	5.0182	0.7719	1.4282	0.3857	0.0885	0.7719	2.0772	10.5416
2012	5.0182	0.7719	1.4282	0.3857	0.2642	0.7719	1.9015	10.5416
2013	5.0182	0.7719	1.4282	0.3857	0.3435	0.7719	1.4806	10.2000
2014	5.0182	1.5000	1.4282	0.3857	0.1057	0.7719	0.9903	10.2000
2015	5.0182	1.5000	1.4282	0.3857	5	0.7719	1.0960	10.2000
2016	5.0056	1.4962	1.4246	0.3847	₩.	0.7699	1.1190	10.2000
2017	4.9925	1.4923	1.4208	0.3836	0.2120	0.7678	0.6810	9.9500

Note: All rates are expressed in dollars per \$1,000 of taxable value

Source: City's finance department records

⁽I) The State of Michigan passed legislation on April 30, 2002 to require the levying of the State Education Tax (SET) on subsequent summer tax bills only. A one-time reduction from six mills to five mills was offered during the 2003 tax year to assist taxpayers with the transition to the new collection cycle.

Statistical Section Revenue Capacity Information Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Overlapping 0	Jovernment
uth Lyon Schools	Walled Lake S

Novi Schools		South Lyc	on Schools	Walled La	ke Schools	Northville Schools			
Homestead	Non- Homestead	Homestead	Non- Homestead	Homestead	Non- Homestead	Homestead	Non- Homestead		
10.0181	25.1332	8.5000	26.5000	6.6700	22.7900	4.2400	22.2400		
9.9724	25.3332	8.5000	26.5000	6.5722	22.7900	3.9000	21.9000		
10.3800	25.7332	8.5000	26.5000	6.4793	22.5000	4.0000	22.7200		
11.4931	26.3632	10.5000	28.5000	6.7508	22.5000	4.5000	22.5000		
11.3229	26.1930	10.8500	28.8000	6.8812	22.5000	5.5000	23.3800		
12.3331	27.1010	10.8500	28.8500	7.0254	22.5600	5.3000	23.3000		
12.3296	27.1010	10.7000	28.7000	7.4730	23.1445	5.3000	23.3000		
12.1729	27.1010	10.8029	25.7310	7.6843	23.4872	4.8700	22.8700		
12.0656	27.0722	10.5228	25.5294	7.2841	23.1180	4.7370	22.7937		
12.0109	27.0560	9.6000	27.6000	7.0150	22.9279	5.2448	22.6248		

Statistical Section Revenue Capacity Information Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	-	Overlapping Government										
Fiscal Year	Oakland County	Oakland Community College	Schoolcraft Community College	Oakland Intermediate Schools	Wayne Intermediate Schools	State Education						
2008	4.6461	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	3.4643	6.0000						
2009	4.7461	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	3.4643	6.0000						
2010	4.7461	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	3.4643	6.0000						
2011	4.7461	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	3.4643	6.0000						
2012	4.7461	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	3.4643	6.0000						
2013	4.9461	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	3.4643	6.0000						
2014	4.9461	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	3.4643	6.0000						
2015	4.9461	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	3.4643	6.0000						
2016	4.8450	1.5819	1.7967	3.3633	3.4643	6.0000						
2017	4.7909	1.5707	1.7881	3.3398	3.4643	6.0000						

Statistical Section Revenue Capacity Information Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2	016 Taxable	Percentage of		2	007 Taxable	
Taxpayer	Value		Total	2016 Rank	_	Value	2007 Rank
Taubman	\$	52,563,830	1.64%	I	\$	56,515,420	2
Northern Equities Et al		47,542,990	1.48%	2			
Novi Campus LLC - Fox Run		44,421,050	1.39%	3		45,609,890	4
Singh Development		44,205,470	1.38%	4		69,415,400	1
International Transmission Co		30,252,510	0.94%	5			
Occidental Development Ltd.		27,985,320	0.87%	6		28,594,590	6
Bowman		27,513,910	0.86%	7			
Detroit Edison		27,480,950	0.86%	8		19,471,860	10
Providence Hospital		21,828,260	0.68%	9		21,387,270	8
Harmon Becker		18,167,510	0.57%	10			
Fountain Walk						37,996,550	5
Haggerty Corridor Partners						47,897,910	3
TBON, LLC						25,573,930	7
Novi Town Center Investors						21,125,440	9
· 1	Total		10.67%				

Note: The City obtained the nine years taxable value data from the CAFR for that year. Taxable value data for any taxpayers who were not among the top 10 during that year is not available.

Source: City Assessor's department records

Statistical Section Revenue Capacity Information Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Year	Fiscal Year	та	otal Tax Levy	(Current Collections
2007	2008	\$	37,235,244	\$	34,722,648
2008	2009		37,786,170		36,240,984
2009	2010		37,360,762		34,997,428
2010	2011		33,678,282		32,529,560
2011	2012		31,153,847		30,486,979
2012	2013		29,801,091		29,155,182
2013	2014		30,206,320		29,765,634
2014	2015		31,383,505		30,973,259
2015	2016		32,612,845		32,242,851
2016	2017		32,889,924		32,493,813

Note: Tax levy and collection information does not include Special Assessments.

Source: City's finance department records

		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
Governmental Activities										
General obligation bonds (1)	\$	48,065,000	\$	42,455,000	\$	36,335,747	\$	30,086,456	\$	24,667,165
Installment purchase agreements						9		•		9
Special assessment bonds	_	11,665,000	_	10,200,000	_	8,750,000	_	7,350,000	_	5,950,000
Total		59,730,000		52,655,000		45,085,747		37,436,456		30,617,165
Business-type Activities										
General obligation bonds		19,932,982		19,089,656		18,197,543		17,334,016		16,425,488
Special assessment bonds		1,730,000		1,530,000		1,330,000		1,155,000		980,000
Installment loans		7040		-		×		*		
Revenue bonds			_		_		_		_	
Total	-	21,662,982	_	20,619,656	_	19,527,543	_	18,489,016	_	17,405,488
Total debt of the government	\$	81,392,982	<u>\$</u>	73,274,656	<u>\$</u>	64,613,290	<u>\$</u>	55,925,472	<u>\$</u>	48,022,653
Total taxable value	\$ 3	,550,406,740	\$	3,582,448,240	\$ 3	3,554,943,630	\$:	3,204,568,440	\$ 3	2,979,611,480
Ratio of total debt to taxable value		2.29%		2.05%		1.82%		1.75%		1.61%
Total population *		54,688		54,376		55,224		55,374		56,062
Total debt per capita	\$	1,488	\$	1,348	\$	1,170	\$	1,010	\$	857

Population estimate information obtained from the Southeast Michigan Council of Governments: www.semcog.org

(I) Less deferred amount on refunding

Note: Personal income information is not available

Source: City's annual financial statements

Statistical Section Debt Capacity Information Ratios of Outstanding Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017
\$	20,947,874	\$	19,020,000	\$	16,905,000	\$	15,185,301	\$	12,717,271
_	4,165,000	_	2,750,000	_	1,360,000	-		_	
	25,112,874		21,770,000		18,265,000		15,185,301		12,717,271
	15,461,961		15,295,000		14,150,000		13,030,000		11,685,000
	805,000		630,000		455,000		300,000		150,000
							-		
	16,266,961		15,925,000		14,605,000		13,330,000	Ξ	11,835,000
<u>\$</u>	41,379,835	\$	37,695,000	\$	32,870,000	\$	28,515,301	\$	24,552,271
\$ 2	,920,333,650	\$	2,972,081,580	\$	3,070,872,210	\$3	,205,569,930	\$ 3	3,323,044,630
	1.42%		1.27%		1.07%		0.89%		0.74%
	59,395		60,290		60,593		59,324		59,211
\$	697	\$	625	\$	542	\$	481	\$	415

Statistical Section Debt Capacity Information Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	(Fax-limited General Obligation ands (LTGO)	Tax Supported Bonds (UTGO)	Tra	Michigan esportation and (MTF)	Other General Bonded Debt	Total	Taxable Value	Debt as a Percentage of Taxable Value	Population (2)	ebt per Capita
2008	\$	1,150,000	\$ 46,005,000	\$	910,000	\$ -	\$ 48,065,000	\$ 3,550,406,740	1.35	54,688	\$ 879
2009		950,000	40,895,000		610,000		42,455,000	3,582,448,240	1.19	54,376	781
2010(1)		750,000	35,485,000		315,000	19,390,000	55,940,000	3,554,943,630	1.57	55,224	1,013
2011 (1)		550,000	29,715,000		•	18,430,000	48,695,000	3,204,568,440	1.52	55,374	879
2012		275,000	24,535,000		*	17,425,000	42,235,000	2,949,611,480	1.43	56,062	753
2013			21,055,000		2	16,365,000	37,420,000	2,920,333,650	1.28	59,395	630
2014			19,020,000			15,295,000	34,315,000	2,972,081,580	1.15	60,290	569
2015		2	16,905,000		2	14,150,000	31,055,000	3,070,872,210	1.01	60,593	513
2016			15,185,301			13,030,000	28,215,301	3,205,569,930	0.88	59,324	476
2017		~	12,717,271			11,835,000	24,552,271	3,323,044,630	0.74	59,211	415

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements and the schedule of indebtedness.

Source: City's finance department records

⁽¹⁾ Other general bonded debt includes the Building Authority Bonds paid from the net revenues of the Ice Arena and Senior Housing Fund. Prior year other general bonded debt was not restated to include debt of business-type activities.

⁽²⁾ Population estimate information obtained from the Southeast Michigan Council of Governments: www.semcog.org

Statistical Section Debt Capacity Information Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Year Ended June 30, 2016

Governmental Unit		bt Outstanding	Estimated Percent Applicable (2)	Estimated Share o		
Novi School District	\$	108,570,000	99.84	\$	108,396,288	
Northville School District		40,710,000	18.87		7,681,977	
Walled Lake School District		125,810,000	13.15		16,544,015	
South Lyon School District		172,305,000	3.66		6,306,363	
Oakland County		372,198,081	6.24		23,225,160	
Oakland Intermediate School District		45,495,000	5.27		2,397,587	
Oakland Community College		820,000	5.07		41,574	
Schoolcraft Community College		21,485,000	4.86	_	1,044,171	
Total overlapping debt					165,637,135	
Direct City debt (I)				:	12,717,271	
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	178,354,406	

⁽I) Amount does not include Special Assessment obligations and is net of deferred amount of refundings

Source: Various taxing authorities

⁽²⁾ Percent obtained from Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Calculation of Debt Limit	,	-		2	
State equalized valuation (2)	\$ 3,946,241,780	\$ 3,876,954,790	\$ 3,742,061,910	\$ 3,321,184,600	\$ 3,063,922,590
Assessed value equivalent of Act 198 exemptions (1)	8,385,600	8,423,350	8,414,300	8,389,050	8,960,650
Debt limit (10% of SEV)	395,462,738	388,537,814	375,047,621	332,957,365	307,288,324
Calculation of Debt Subject to Limit					
Total debt	81,392,982	73,274,656	64,613,290	55,925,472	48,022,653
Less:					
Special assessment bonds	13,395,000	11,730,000	10,080,000	8,505,000	6,930,000
Michigan Transportation Fund bonds	910,000	610,000	315,000	144	-
Revenue bonds	:				
Net debt subject to limit	67,087,982	60,934,656	54,218,290	47,420,472	41,092,653
Legal debt margin	\$ 328,374,756	\$ 327,603,158	\$ 320,829,331	\$ 285,536,893	\$ 266,195,671
Net Debt Subject to Limit as Percent of Debt Limit	16.96%	15.68%	14.46%	14.24%	13.37%

- (1) Assessed value changes in prior years as a result of Michigan Tax Tribunal case.
- (2) Debt limit is calculated based on prior tax year SEV

Source: City's finance department records

Act 279, Public Acts of Michigan, 1909, as amended, and the City Charter of the City, provide that the net indebtedness of the City shall not exceed 10% of all assessed real and personal property in the City, plus assessed value equivalent of Act 198 specific tax levies

Bonds which are not included in the computation of legal debt margin according to said Act 279 are:

- (a) Special Assessment Bonds;
- (b) Mortgage Bonds;
- (c) Michigan Transportation Fund Bonds and Notes;
- (d) Revenue Bonds;
- (e) Bonds issued, or contract or assessment obligations incurred, to comply with an order of the former water resources commission, the department of environmental quality, or a court of competent jurisdiction;
- (f) Bonds issued, or contract or assessment obligations incurred, for water supply, sewerage, drainage or refuse disposal projects necessary to protect the public health by abating pollution;
- (g) Bonds issued, or contract or assessment obligations incurred, for the construction, improvement or replacement of a combined sewer overflow abatement facility; and
- (h) Bonds issued to pay premiums or establish self-insurance contracts in accordance with Act 34, Public Acts of Michigan, 2001, as amended.

Statistical Section Debt Capacity Information Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 3,004,330,340	\$ 3,099,733,610	\$ 3,365,191,110	\$ 3,704,488,760	\$ 3,952,090,850
8,960,650	10,158,950	13,968,800	14,370,350	21,891,300
301,329,099	310,989,256	337,915,991	371,885,911	397,398,215
41,379,835	37,695,000	32,870,000	28,515,301	24,552,271
4,970,000	3,380,000	1,815,000	300,000	150,000
	•			
36,409,835	34,315,000	31,055,000	28,215,301	24,402,271
\$ 264,919,264	\$ 276,674,256	\$ 306,860,991	\$ 343,670,610	\$ 372,995,944
12.08%	11.03%	9.19%	7.59%	6.14%

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

Debt Service

Fiscal Year	oss enue	Appli Expe		Net Re	evenue	Prin	cipal	Inte	rest	Cov	verage
2008	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	•
2009	-		-		-		-		-		
2010	-		-		-		-		-		-
2011	-		-		-		-				
2012	-		-		-		==				
2013*	-		-		-		-		-		*
2014	-		-		-		_		-		-
2015	-		-		-		-		-		5 - 0
2016	•		1.5		-		-				-
2017	-		-				-		-		-

^{* 2012} Special Assessment Limited Tax Bond was paid in full in the current year.

Source: City's annual financial statements

Statistical Section Debt Capacity Information Pledged-revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Speci	al Assessi	ment	bonds		
			Debt S	No.			
5.0	Special Assessment Collections	Pr	rincipal	In	terest	_Co	verage
\$	2,589,203	\$	1,600	\$	649	\$	1.15
	2,480,991		1,665		574		1.11
	2,583,000		1,650		499		1.20
	2,660,803		1,575		425		1.33
	2,700,549		1,575		354		1.40
	2,503,020		1,625		140		1.42
	2,137,737		1,590		130		1.24
	2,277,115		1,565		83		1.38
	1,798,863		1,515		34		1.16
	286.913		150		3		1.88

Statistical Section Demographic and Economic Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Twelve Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income (in Thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2006	53,941	•		3.5
2007	54,609			4.3
2008	54,688	•		4.1
2009	54,376	*		5.9
2010	55,224	•	•	8.4
2011	55,374	•		10.9
2012	56,062	•		8.2
2013	59,395	•	•	9.4
2014	60,290			4.4
2015	60,593	•	•	3.6
2016	59,324	•	•	2.8
2017	59,211		*	1.9

^{*} Not available

Sources: Southeast Michigan Council of Governments

Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Growth

U.S. Bureau of the Census

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

^{**} U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics - Warren, Troy, Farmington Hills

Statistical Section Demographic and Economic Information Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Employer	2017 Rank	2017 Employees	2008 Rank	2008 Employees
	St. John Health/Providence Park Hospital	Ĺ	1,600	4	500
	Novi Community Schools	2	892	t	807
248.668.8703	Fox Run	3	744		
	Ryder System	4	500		
248.946.3528	ITC Holding, Inc.	5	600		
248.994.7010	Eberspaecher North America, Inc	6	408		
	Intier/Magna	7	396	2	650
	Cooper-Standard Automotive	8	270	5	340
248.305.9662	Comau North America	9	256		
248.349.4800	Michigan Cat	10	255		
	Macys			3	539
	Tower Automotive			5	340
	Ikon Office Solutions, Inc.			6	307
1.800.472.0072	Paychex			7	300
	Polynorm Automotive, N.A.			8	250
	City of Novi			9	250
	CVS Michigan, LLC			10	250

Note - Employee totals do not include part-time employees

Sources: The City's Neighborhood and Business Relations Group
(1) Information for prior nine years is currently not available

Sources: The City's Neighborhood and Business Relations Group

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
City manager	3	3	3	3	3
Finance Department (7)	8	8	8	7	7
Information technology	5	5	5	5	5
Assessing	7	7	7	7	5
City clerk	6	6	6	5	5
Treasury	3	3	3	3	3
Facility Operations	2	2	4	2	1
Human Resources (3)	2	2	5	5	4
General administration	5	6	2	7/43	
Department of Public Safety	-	2	128	118	111
Police department (4)	99	99		7.6	•
Fire department (4)	31	31			
Building Department	-	-	-		
Neighborhood services	-	-		0.75	
Department of Public Services (5)	23	24	36	36	33
Engineering	6	6	•		
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Services (6)	19	17	11	10	10
Water and Sewer	12	12	12	12	12
Library	20	20	20	20	18
Community Relations		-		::	
Neighborhood and Business Relations Group (I)	4	4	3	3	3
Planning	2	-		16	
Community Development (2)	31	31	21	19	18
Total	284	284	272	255	238

- (1) Formerly "Community Relations". Includes cable department
- (2) Combined building and planning
- (3) Employees included under General Administration in previous years
- (4) Combined Police and Fire Departments
- (5) Engineering staff combined with DPS
- (6) Forestry and park maintenance staff combined with Department of Public Services
- (7) Finance includes both the Finance Department and Treasury Department in Fiscal Year 2013

Source: City's finance department records

Statistical Section Operating Information Full-time Equivalent Government Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
3	3	3	3	3
9	9	9	9	9
5	5	5	6	
5	5	5	5	5
5	5	5	5	7 5 5
-	(≅		_	
2	2	2	3	3
4	4	4	4	4
140		-		-
111	113	115	115	123
7		-		-
-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-
		(#)		-
35	35	34	36	29
	3.40		-	-
11	11	11	12	15
13	14	14	14	14
20	20	20	17	17
	-	-		-
4	4	3	6	4
	-	-	_	-
21	21	21	21	21
247	251	250	255	259

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Election data:					
Registered voters	35,117				
Voters at polls	9,020	TO \$ 400 MG			
Absentee ballots	2,768		2,212	4,575	2,386
Percent voting	26.00%	77.48%	14.26%	51.769	6 16.11%
Police:					
Part A crimes	2,102				1,841
Part B crimes	987	721	793	814	627
Injury accidents	242		216		
Property damage	1,825				
Moving traffic violations	6,813	11,184	11,635	10,167	9,381
Parking violations	N/A				
Adult arrests	1,703	050000	2,353		C -1766000111
Juvenile arrests	189	229	201	213	166
OUIL arrests	266	369	363	415	335
False alarms	2,403	2,275	2,262	2,357	2,090
Fire:					
Fire incidents	266	1,015	134	92	120
Service incidents	1,218	567	2,006	1,311	1,249
Fire inspections conducted	2,619	3,049	2,341	2,920	3,557
Medical emergencies	2,724	2,766	2,957	3,299	3,169
Paid-on-call staff	56	68	68	66	68
Parks and recreation:					
Youth classes/clinics	572	715	1,154	1,238	1,544
Adult classes/clinics	428	213	439	458	414
Youth leagues	2,983	2,198	2,585	2,371	2,431
Adult leagues	2,240	2,394	2,750	4,024	4,120
Summer day camp	341	339	742	703	668
Lakeshore Park vehicle entry	10,335	7,065	11,533	9,846	10,822
Lakeshore Park attendance	17,777	17,663	28,833	24,615	27,055
Lakeshore Park picnic shelter rental	163	130	128	98	105
Senior citizens served (1)	87,188	78,978	78,432	68,517	76,462
Special event attendance	11,413	11,049	12,071	14,311	14,018
Civic Center Rentals	2,731	2,116			
Civic Center Attendance	97,249	81,810	57,519		
Novi Theaters - Cast (4)	226	214	206		
Novi Theaters - Audience (4)	6,392				
Library (2):	ARCER		×3500	C38555	e Reference
Items circulated	580,438	628,724	556,582	759,021	803,552
Book collections	128,711	123,884	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	2017 ST	100000000000
Audio/Video/CD collections	13,774	100000000000000000000000000000000000000			
Periodical subscriptions	179				
Requests of Information	159,485				
Youth Summer Reading	1,491	1,491	1,061		
Program participants	35,062				
Visitors	269,815				
Interlibrary loans	60,182			300000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Water and Sewer - Customers:	55,152	70,211	07,013	100,5 12	107,271
Residential	12,716	12,641	12,874	12,940	13,191
Commercial	1,280				
Water (in thousand gallons):	1,200	1,207	1,223	1,237	1,237
Purchased from Detroit	2,402,589	2,182,409	2,041,594	2,166,712	2,459,402
Sold to residents	2,192,050				
Sold to residents Rates:	2,192,050	2,0/7,096	1,717,763	2,024,400	2,107,414
	* 33.00				
Minimum 7,000 gallons (3)	\$ 33.00	\$ 41.00	\$ 42.00		\$ -
Fixed rate quarterly water charge		1.		35.00	(TAKARA
Additional usage per 1,000 gallons	3.17				
Fixed rate quarterly sewer charge				5.00	5.00
Sewer (per thousand gallons of			-		
water usage)	2.32	2,51	2.67	2.90	4.00

⁽¹⁾ The total utilization no longer includes the phone calls and questions fielded by the Novi Senior Center. The June 30, 2008 total is a true reflection of those actually served at the center via programs and services. This tracking methodology will be used for all future years.

Source: City's finance department records

⁽²⁾ This information represents 10 months worth of information. The Library was closed for the months of April and May. The New Library opened on June 1, 2010.

⁽³⁾ Effective August 1, 2010 the City of Novi adopted a fixed rate structure for water and sewer usage which does not include a minimum consumption charge.

⁽⁴⁾ Program eliminated in Fiscal Year 2016

Statistical Section Operating Information Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years

201	3	_	2014	-	2015		2016	_	2017
	18,757		39,248		39,341		38,706		39,706
	0,484		4,719		14,341		3,423		20,160
0.5	8,765		2,599		5,029		2,588		9,937
7	5.00%		18.65%		49.24%		15.53%		75.80%
	2,048		1,736		1,654		1,508		1,596
	626		673		622		638		577
	310		276		295		300		273
	1,695		1,153		1,037		1,084		1,174
(1)	0,058		8,487		8,216		7,916		5,904
	199		185		75		231		393
	2,241		2,355		2,574		2,428		1,965
	137		142		98		98		100
	342		268		164		217		145
	2,270		2,538		2,164		2,094		2,074
	112		120		113		124		78
	1,360		1,345		457		642		502
	3,063		2,919		3,108		2,898		2,944
	3,383		3,425		3,811		3,784		4,06
	55		54		39		71		6
	1,620		1,149		1,584		1,475		1,577
	340		462		1,244		549		3,268
	2,512		2,471		2,199		2,934		3,403
	5,220		5,279		5,300		3,868		3,630
	N/A		334		498		747		691
	3,000		15,462		14,391		14,995		14,320
	32,500		38,655		35,978		37,488		37,217
	116		125		120		231		150
	77,759		75,832		79,172		77,687		66,845
	7,021		20,028		16,840		18,153		26,026
	1,520		1,560		1,058		1,203		916
	17,021		44,200		33,988		23,023		21,73
	253		293		86		*		2
	5,454		4,997		1,705				
	160,00		799,475		734,643		793,991		833,558
	51,724		152,236		149,941		140,895		141,129
	23,507		25,677		27,776		29,077		29,73
	210		242		207		207		218
	N/A		115,392		115,392		113,778		117,235
	2,042		2,340		2,584		2,084		2,362
	14,899		40,010		40,901		46,854		56,026
	39,220 39,330		401,984 106,250		392,047 105,588		404,979 112,016		115,222
	3,604		13,760		13,946		14,105		14,220
	1,223		1,204		1,259		1,264		1,239
2 2	21,313		2,216,075		1,835,567		2,276,389		2,349,960
	22,787		2,138,305		1,835,367		1,963,221		2,231,717
\$	983	5	523	\$		\$. 2	5	
5.4	40.00	-	57.00	3.5	57.00	ACEN.	80.00		56.00
	3.86		4.13		4.13		3.05		3.20
	6.00		6.00		6.00		30.00		30.00

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Police stations	I.	1	1	ì	1
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4
Public works:					
Miles of city streets:					
Major	39	40	39	39	39
Local	127	128	132	136	141
Estimated sidewalks in miles (I)	227	228	230	231	231
Bridges	4	4	4	4	4
Street lights	402	418	421	421	421
Parks and recreation:					
Acres	894	991	1,138	1,138	1,138
Locations	7	11	11	11	11
Library branches	1	1	1	1	1
Water and sewer:					
Miles of water mains	288	306	306	306	306
Miles of sanitary sewers	230	243	243	245	245
Fire hydrants	4,011	4,003	4,003	4,002	4,002

Source: City's finance department records

⁽I) Prior year adjustments were made as a result of changes in the GIS mapping system to more accurately reflect miles.

Statistical Section Operating Information Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1	1	1	1	1
4	4	4	4	4
39	39	39	44	44
141	144	146	143	144
232	256	261	272	272
4	4	10	10	10
421	504	689	691	693
1,150	1,260	1,288	1,276	1,296
12	13	15	17	17
1	1	1	1	I
306	328	333	336	339
245	252	255	268	271
4.002	4.192	4.211	4.181	4.200